

August 8, 2022

Ms. Angela Brown  
Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC  
3003 Navy Dr  
Stockton, CA 95206

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision – Title V Permit Renewal**  
**Facility Number: N-845**  
**Project Number: N-1220078**

Dear Ms. Brown:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC at 3003 Navy Dr in Stockton, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project has been posted on the District's website ([www.valleyair.org](http://www.valleyair.org)). After addressing all comments made during the 30-day public notice and the 45-day EPA comment periods, the District intends to issue the renewed Federally Mandated Operating Permit. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period, as specified in the enclosed public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Nick Peirce, Permit Services Manager, at (209) 557-6400.

Sincerely,



Brian Clements  
Director of Permit Services

Enclosures

cc: Courtney Graham, CARB (w/enclosure) via email  
cc: Gerardo Rios, EPA (w/enclosure) via EPS

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Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

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**SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY  
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT**

**Proposed Title V Permit Renewal Evaluation  
Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC  
N-845**

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# TITLE V PERMIT RENEWAL EVALUATION

## Petroleum Bulk Terminal

**Engineer:** John Yoshimura  
**Date:** August 8, 2022

**Facility Number:** N-845  
**Facility Name:** Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC  
**Mailing Address:** 3003 Navy Drive  
Stockton, CA 95206

**Contact Name:** Angela Brown  
**Phone:** (419) 421-2629

**Responsible Official:** Angela Brown  
**Title:** Vice President

**Project # :** N-1220078  
**Deemed Complete:** May 16, 2022

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### I. PROPOSAL

Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC was issued the previous Title V permit on August 27, 2018. As required by District Rule 2520, the applicant is requesting a permit renewal. The existing Title V permit shall be reviewed and modified to reflect all applicable District and federal rules updated, removed, or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

The purpose of this evaluation is to provide the legal and factual basis for all updated applicable requirements and to determine if the facility will comply with these updated requirements. It also specifically identifies all additions, deletions, and/or changes made to permit conditions or equipment descriptions.

### II. FACILITY LOCATION

Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC is located at 3003 Navy Drive in Stockton, CA.

### III. EQUIPMENT LISTING

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is included as Attachment C.

### IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE

The applicant is requesting to use the following model general permit Templates:

#### A. Template SJV-UM-0-3 Facility Wide Umbrella

The applicant has requested to utilize template No. SJV-UM-0-3, Facility Wide Umbrella. Based on the information submitted in the Template Qualification Form, the applicant qualifies for the use of this template.

### V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW

Certain segments of the proposed Renewed Operating Permit are based on model general permit templates that have been previously subject to EPA and public review. The terms and conditions from the model general permit templates are included in the proposed permit and are not subject to further EPA and public review.

For permit applications utilizing model general permit templates, public and agency comments on the District's proposed actions are limited to the applicant's eligibility for model general permit template, applicable requirements not covered by the model general permit template, and the applicable procedural requirements for issuance of Title V Operating Permits.

The following permit conditions, including their underlying applicable requirements, originate from model general permit templates and are not subject to further EPA or public review.

Permit Unit	Conditions	Template
N-845-0-3	1 through 40	SJV-UM-03

### VI. FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Rules Updated

- District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (amended December 18, 2008 ⇒ amended August 18, 2019)

- District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operation Permits (amended June 21, 2001 ⇒ amended August 15, 2019)
- District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings (amended December 17, 2009 ⇒ amended April 16, 2020)
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb, Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced after July 23, 1984 (amended October 15, 2003 ⇒ amended January 19, 2021)
- 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart BBBBBB, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities (amended November 19, 2020)
- 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners (amended August 11, 2011 ⇒ amended March 24, 2021)
- 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, Recycling and Emission Reduction (amended June 18, 2008 ⇒ amended April 10, 2020)

#### **B. Rules Removed**

There are no applicable rules that were removed since the last Title V renewal.

#### **C. Rules Added**

There are no applicable rules that were added since the last Title V renewal.

#### **D. Rules Not Updated**

- District Rule 1070, Inspections (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 1080, Stack Monitoring (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 1081, Source Sampling (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2010, Permits Required (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2020, Exemptions (amended December 20, 2007 ⇒ amended December 18, 2014)
- District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits (amended December 17, 1992)

- District Rule 2040, Applications (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2410, Prevention of Significant Deterioration (adopted June 16, 2011)
- District Rule 4101, Visible Emissions (amended February 17, 2005)
- District Rule 4623, Storage of Organic Liquids (amended May 19, 2005)
- District Rule 4624, Transfer of Organic Liquid (amended December 20, 2007)
- District Rule 8011, Fugitive Dust General Requirements (amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8021, Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM10) from Construction, Demolition, Excavation, and Extraction Activities (amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8031, Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM10) from Handling and Storage of Bulk Materials (amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8041, Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM10) from Carryout and Trackout (amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8051, Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM10) from Open Area (amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8061, Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM10) from Paved and Unpaved Roads (amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8071, Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM10) from Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Areas (amended September 16, 2004)
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart K, Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced after June 11, 1973, and Prior to May 19, 1978 (amended October 17, 2000)

- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka, Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced after May 18, 1978, and Prior to July 23, 1984 (amended December 14, 2000)
- 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart XX, Standards of Performance for Bulk Gasoline Terminals (amended December 19, 2003)
- 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos (amended July 20, 2004)
- 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R, Gasoline Distribution Facilities (Bulk Gasoline Terminals and Pipeline Breakout Stations) (amended January 24, 2011)
- 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (amended October 22, 1997)

## **VII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE**

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permits. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility's Title V permit are designated as "Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit".

For this facility, the following are not federally enforceable and will not be discussed in further detail:

### **A. Rules Added/Updated/Deleted**

There are no applicable rules that were added, updated, and deleted since the last Title V permit was issued.

### **B. Rules Not Updated**

- District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 1160, Emission Statements (adopted November 18, 1992)
- District Rule 2040, Applications (adopted December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 4102, Nuisance (as amended December 17, 1992)

## VIII. PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

The purpose of this evaluation is to review changes to federally enforceable requirements; therefore, this compliance section will only address rules that have been amended or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit or most recent renewal of the Title V permit.

### A. District Rule 2201 - New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (NSR)

District Rule 2201 has been amended since this facility's initial Title V permit was issued. However, the requirements of this rule are only triggered at the time the source undergoes a modification. All applicable requirements from any NSR permit actions have already been incorporated into the current Title V permit.

### B. District Rule 2520 - Federally Mandated Operating Permits

No changes to this Rule have occurred since issuance of the previous TV permit; however, greenhouse gas emissions will be addressed under Rule 2520 during this renewal.

#### Greenhouse Gas Discussion

There are no federally applicable Greenhouse Gas (GHG) requirements for this source. It should be noted that the Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule (40 CFR Part 98) is not included in the definition of an applicable requirement within Title V (per 40 CFR 71.2). Therefore, there will be no further discussion of GHG in this evaluation.

### C. District Rule 4601 – Architectural Coatings

This rule limits the emissions of VOCs from architectural coatings. It requires limiting the application of any architectural coating to no more than what is listed in the Tables 1 and 2 of Section 5.0 of the amended rule. This rule specifies architectural coatings storage, cleanup, and labeling requirements.

The rule was amended in April 16, 2020 but has not been SIP approved. The stringency analysis in Attachment D shows that the amended rule is as stringent as the SIP approved version of the rule that was adopted in December 17, 2009.

The following changes were included in the latest rule amendment that resulted in revising current permit requirements:



- Table of Standards 1 (through 12/31/2010) and Table of Standards 2 (after 1/1/2011) specifying the VOC content of different coatings and colorants have been replaced with Table 1 and Table 2 (effective after 1/1/2022) in Section 5.0.

To ensure compliance with Rule 4601 as amended 4/16/2020, conditions #23, 24, 25, of the current facility-wide permit N-845-0-2 will be replaced with conditions #23, 24, and 25 on the draft facility-wide permit N-845-0-3.

- No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, market, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating or colorant with a VOC content in excess of the applicable limits specified in Table 1 (Coatings) and Table 2 (Colorants) of District Rule 4601 (4/16/20), unless exempted under section 4.0 of District Rule 4601 (Amended 4/16/20). [District Rule 4601]
- All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (4/16/20) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4]
- The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (4/16/20). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3]

**D. 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb – Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction or Modification Commenced after July 23, 1984**

This subpart applies to storage vessels with a capacity greater than or equal to 75 cubic meters (m<sup>3</sup>) that is used to store VOC for which construction, reconstruction, or modification is commenced after July 23, 1984, unless the storage vessel is subjected to the exemptions of this subpart. Permit units N-845-4-4, '-5-5, '-24-3, '-28-2, and '-29-1 are subject to the requirements of this subpart.

Subpart Kb was recently updated by the EPA to allow owners or operators of storage vessels subject to Subpart Kb, and equipped with either an external floating roof or an internal floating roof, the choice to elect to comply with the requirements specified in NESHAP Subpart WW as an alternative standard, in lieu of the requirements specified in NSPS Subpart Kb. Tesoro did not elect to comply with the alternative requirements in NESHAP Subpart WW. Therefore, the changes to Subpart Kb do not affect the existing Title V permits.

The existing permit conditions demonstrating compliance with the requirements of these rules are summarized in the table below:

<b>Permits</b>	<b>Conditions</b>
N-845-4-4	19
N-845-5-5	2, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 52, 53, and 55
N-845-24-3	16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 53, 58, 59, and 61
N-845-28-2	18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, and 60
N-845-29-1	18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 61, 62, and 66

**E. 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Protection of Stratospheric Ozone, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners**

These are applicable requirements from Title VI of the CAA Stratospheric Ozone that apply to all sources in general. These requirements pertain to air conditioners, chillers and refrigerators located at a Title V source and to disposal of air conditioners or maintenance/recharging/disposal of motor vehicle air conditioners (MVAC).

Compliance with the requirements of this rule will be ensured with the listed permit conditions for the proposed permit in the table below:

<b>Permit Number</b>	<b>Permit Condition Number</b>
N-845-0-3	28

**F. 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, Protection of Stratospheric Ozone, Recycling and Emissions Reduction**

These are applicable requirements from Title VI of the CAA Stratospheric Ozone that apply to all sources in general. These requirements pertain to air conditioners, chillers and refrigerators located at a Title V source and to disposal of air conditioners or maintenance/recharging/disposal of motor vehicle air conditioners (MVAC).

Compliance with the requirements of this rule will be ensured with the listed permit conditions for the proposed permit in the table below:

<b>Permit Number</b>	<b>Permit Condition Number</b>
N-845-0-3	27

**G. 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart BBBBBB – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities**

§63.11080 The purpose of this subpart

§63.11080 states that this subpart established national emission limitations and management practices for Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) emitted from area source (not a major HAP source) gasoline distribution bulk terminals, bulk plants, and pipeline facilities. This subpart also established requirements to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations and management practices.

§63.11081 Applicability of this subpart

§63.11081(a) states that the affected source to which this subpart applies is each area source bulk gasoline terminal, pipeline breakout station, pipeline pumping station, and bulk gasoline plant.

§63.11100 defines that a bulk gasoline terminal means any gasoline storage and distribution facility that receives gasoline by pipeline, ship or barge, or cargo tank and has a gasoline throughput of 20,000 gallons per day or greater.

The facility has a daily throughput greater than 20,000 gallons per day. Therefore, the requirements of this subpart apply to this facility.

§63.11082 Affected source covered by this subpart

§63.11082(a) states the emission sources to which this subpart applies are gasoline storage tanks, gasoline loading racks, vapor collection-equipped gasoline cargo tanks, and equipment components in vapor or liquid gasoline service that meet the criteria specified in Table 1 through 3 to this subpart.

This facility has the emissions units listed above, and therefore are required to comply with the applicable requirements of this subpart.

§63.11083 Compliance Date of this subpart

§63.11083(b) states an existing affected source must comply with the standards in this subpart no later than January 10, 2011. The compliance date has passed and continuous compliance with the requirements of this section is expected.

### §63.11087 Gasoline Storage Tanks Requirements

§63.11087(a) requires each gasoline storage tank to meet the emissions limit and management practices in Table 1 to this subpart.

The capacity of each of the organic liquid (including gasoline) storage tanks listed under the following permits is greater than 75 m<sup>3</sup> (equivalent 19,813 gallons): N-845-4-4, '-5-5, '-6-8, '-24-3, and '-29-1. Therefore, these storage tanks must meet the requirements listed under §63.11100, Table 1, item 2, as follows:

- a. reduce emissions of total organic HAP or TOC by 95% (by weight) with a closed vent system and control device; or
- b. equip each internal floating roof gasoline tank according to the requirements in 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb, specifically, §60.112b(a)(1) except for the secondary seal requirement under §60.112b(a)(1)(ii)(B) and the requirements in §60.112b(a)(1)(iv) through (ix); and
- c. equip each external roof gasoline storage tank according to the requirements in §60.112b(a)(2), except that the requirements of §60.112b(a)(2)(ii) shall only be required if such storage tank does not currently meet the requirements of §60.112b(a)(2)(i); or
- d. equip and operate each internal and external floating roof gasoline storage tank according to the applicable requirements in §63.1063(a)(1) and (b), and equip each external floating roof gasoline storage tank according to the requirements of §63.1063(a)(2) if such storage tank does not currently meet the requirements of §63.1063(a)(1).

§63.11087(c) requires the owner or operator to perform testing and monitoring specified in §63.11092(e).

§63.11092(e) requires the owner or operator to perform inspections of internal floating roof gasoline storage tank per §60.113b(a).

§63.11087(d) requires the owner or operator to submit the applicable notifications as required under §63.11093.

§63.11093(a) requires the owner or operator to submit an Initial Notification as specified in §63.9(b). If the facility is in compliance with the requirements of this subpart at the time the Initial Notification is due, the Notification of Compliance Status required under paragraph (b) of this section may be submitted in lieu of the Initial Notification.

§63.11093(b) requires the owner or operator of an affected source under this subpart must submit a Notification of Compliance Status as specified in §63.9(b). The Notification of Compliance Status must specify which of the

compliance options included in Table 1 of this subpart is used to comply with this subpart.

§63.11087(e) requires the owner or operator to keep records and submit reports as specified in §63.11094 and §63.11095.

§63.11094 and §63.11095 require to keep records and submit reports per §60.115b(a).

#### §63.11088 Gasoline Loading Rack Requirements

§63.11088(a) requires each loading rack to meet the emissions limit and management practices in Table 2 to this subpart.

The bulk gasoline terminal loading racks listed under permit N-845-6-8 and '-22-7 are subject to this section.

#### §63.11089 Equipment Leak Inspections Requirements

§63.11089(a) requires the owner or operator to perform a monthly leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable.

§63.11089(b) requires that a log book must be used and must be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book must contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility.

§63.11089(c) requires that each detection of a liquid or vapor leak must be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair must be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment must be completed within 15 days after detection of the leak, except as provided in §63.11089(d).

§63.11089(d) states that delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator must submit a semiannual report that includes the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed.

§63.11089(e) requires the owner or operator to comply with the requirements of this subpart by the applicable dates specified in §63.11083. §63.11089(f) requires the owner or operator must submit the applicable notifications as required under §63.11093.

As discussed in §63.11083(c), the facility is currently complying with the requirements of these sections.

§63.11089(g) requires the owner or operator to keep records and submit reports as specified in §63.11094 and §63.11095.

#### §63.11092 Testing and Monitoring Requirements

§63.11092(a)(1) requires the owner or operator to conduct a performance test on the vapor processing and collection system according to either paragraph (a)(1)(i) or paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section.

§63.11092(e)(1) requires the owner or operator operates gasoline storage tanks to perform inspections according to the requirement of §60.113b(a).

§63.11094(a) requires that all records be kept for at least five years. Therefore, the following condition will be included on the permit to ensure continuous compliance:

§63.11094(b) lists recordkeeping requirements for vapor tightness of trucks.

§63.11094(d) requires owners or operators that are subject to leak provisions, to keep a record describing the types, identification numbers, and locations of all equipment in gasoline service.

§63.11094(e) requires the owner or operator to keep records of equipment leak inspections.

#### §63.11095 Reporting Requirements

§63.11095(a)(1) requires the owner or operator to submit a semi-annual compliance report that includes information specified in §60.115(b)(a) for internal floating roof storage tank.

§63.11095(a)(2) requires the owner or operator to report each loading of a gasoline cargo tank for which vapor tightness document had not been previously obtained by the facility.

§63.11095(a)(3) requires the owner or operator to report the number of equipment leaks not repaired within 15 days after detection. However, District Rule 4624 requires leaks to be repaired with 72 hours.

§63.11095(a)(4) states the storage vessels complying with §63.11087(b) after January 10, 2011, the storage vessel's Notification of Compliance Status

information can be included in the next semi-annual compliance report in lieu of filing a separate Notification of Compliance Status report under §63.11093.

§63.11095(b) requires the owner or operator of an affected source subject to the control requirements of this subpart to submit an excess emissions report to the Administrator at the time the semi-annual compliance report is submitted.

§63.11095(d) requires the owner or operator of an affected source under this subpart to submit a semi-annual report including the number, duration, and a brief description of each type of malfunction which occurred during the reporting period and which caused or may have caused any applicable emission limitation to be exceeded. The report must also include a description of actions taken by an owner or operator during a malfunction of an affected source to minimize emissions in accordance with §63.11085(a), including actions taken to correct a malfunction.

Compliance with the requirements of this rule is expected.

The permit conditions demonstrating compliance with the requirements of these rules are summarized in the table below:

Permits	Conditions
N-845-4-4	2, 3, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, and 55
N-845-5-5	2, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, and 55
N-845-6-8	7, 14, 16, 19, 20, 21, 24
N-845-22-8	7, 14, 17, 18, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30
N-845-24-3	16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, and 61
N-845-29-1	18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, and 66

**F. 40 CFR Part 64 - Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)**

40 CFR Part 64 requires Compliance Assurance Monitoring for units that meet the following three criteria:

- 1) the unit must have an emission limit for the pollutant;
- 2) the unit must have add-on controls for the pollutant; these are devices such as flue gas recirculation (FGR), baghouses, and catalytic oxidizers; and
- 3) the unit must have a pre-control potential to emit of greater than the major source thresholds.

<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>Major Source Threshold (lb/year)</b>
NO <sub>x</sub>	20,000
SO <sub>x</sub>	140,000
PM <sub>10</sub>	140,000
CO	200,000
VOC	20,000

**Floating Roof Storage Tanks**

N-845-4-4: ONE 714,000 GALLON WELDED EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (NO. 1700) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A SECONDARY WIPER SEAL

This permit does not contain emission limits for VOC and this unit is not equipped with any add-on control devices. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.

N-845-5-5: ONE 840,000 GALLON GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 40) WITH A STEEL PAN INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF WITH A METAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A FABRIC WIPER SECONDARY SEAL

This permit does not contain emission limits for VOC and this unit is not equipped with any add-on control devices. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.

N-845-24-3: ONE 2,321,508 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (TK-55) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

This permit does not contain emission limits for VOC and this unit is not equipped with any add-on control devices. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.

N-845-28-2: ONE 571,068 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF DENATURED ETHANOL STORAGE TANK (NO. 20) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

This permit does not contain emission limits for VOC and this unit is not equipped with any add-on control devices. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.



N-845-29-1: ONE 1,347,627 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 32) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

This permit does not contain emission limits for VOC and this unit is not equipped with any add-on control devices. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.

**Loading Rack**

N-845-6-8: BULK LOADING RACK CONSISTING OF EIGHT GASOLINE/DENATURED ETHANOL LOADING ARMS AND EIGHT DIESEL LOADING ARMS SERVED BY THE CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)

This permit unit has emission limit for VOC. This permit unit is served by a vapor recovery system, permitted under N-845-22, equipped with a Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS), which continuously measures and records the VOC emissions (see condition #17). This meets the definition of continuous compliance determination method of 40 CFR 64.1. Therefore, this unit is in compliance with CAM requirements.

**Fixed Roof Storage Tank**

N-845-10-5: ONE 20,000 GALLON VERTICAL FIXED ROOF VOLATILE ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (TK-420) SERVED BY THE JOHN ZINK LLC CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)

This permit unit has emission limit for VOC. This permit unit is served by a vapor recovery system, permitted under N-845-22, equipped with a Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS), which continuously measures and records the VOC emissions (see condition #17). This meets the definition of continuous compliance determination method of 40 CFR 64.1. Therefore, this unit is in compliance with CAM requirements.

N-845-23-4: 4,000 GALLON ABOVEGROUND DIESEL LUBRICITY ADDITIVE STORAGE TANK (TK-11) WITH A PRESSURE-VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

This permit unit has an emission limit but is not equipped with any add-on control device. However, this tank is equipped with a PV valve, which is considered a passive control measure to prevent the release of pollutants, similar to a seal, roof, or lid. As such, PV valves do not meet the definition of

a control device per Section 64.1. Therefore, this tank is not subject to the CAM requirements of 40 CFR Subpart 64 and no further discussion is required.

**Vapor Recovery System**

N-845-22-7: JOHN ZINK, LLC MODEL #S3-AAD-3-80-80-8 CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM

The vapor recovery system is not an emissions unit. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.

**Bulk Offloading Operation**

N-845-30-4: DENATURED ETHANOL BULK OFFLOADING OPERATION CONSISTING OF ONE RAILCAR OFFLOADING STATION AND ONE TRUCK OFFLOADING STATION

This permit unit has an emission limit but is not equipped with any add-on control device. Therefore, this unit is not subject to CAM requirements.

**IX. PERMIT SHIELD**

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

**A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates**

1. Model General Permit Template SJV-UM-0-3

By submitting Model General Permit Template SJV-UM-0-3 qualification form, the applicant has requested that a permit shield be granted for all the applicable requirements identified by the template. Therefore, the permit shields as granted in Model General Permit Template is included as conditions 38 and 39 of the facility-wide requirements (N-845-0-3).

**B. Requirements not Addressed by Model General Permit Templates**

The applicant is not requesting a permit shield for any additional permit requirement.

**C. Obsolete Permit Shields From Existing Permit Requirements**

There is no obsolete permit shield from existing permit requirements.

## **X. CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT**

The purpose of the Title V permit renewal is to update the permit to ensure that any changes to regulations since the issuance of the initial Title V permit or most recent renewal of the Title V permit are incorporated as permit requirements.

Per the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Statute §21080.24, and CEQA Guidelines §15281, the issuance, modification, amendment, or renewal of any permit by an air pollution control district or air quality management district pursuant to Title V is exempt from CEQA, unless the issuance, modification, amendment, or renewal authorizes a physical or operational change to a source or facility. There will be no physical or operational change to the source or facility nor will the Title V permit renewal authorize a physical or operational change to the source or facility. Therefore, this project, a Title V permit renewal, is subject to a ministerial action that is exempt from CEQA.

## **XI. PERMIT CONDITIONS**

See Attachment A - Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit.

## **ATTACHMENTS**

- A. Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit
- B. Previous Title V Operating Permit
- C. Detailed Summary List of Facility Permits
- D. Rule 4601 Stringency Analysis

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# ATTACHMENT A

Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: N-845-0-3

EXPIRATION DATE: 07/31/2022

## FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1 and San Joaquin County Rule 110] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0 and San Joaquin County Rule 110] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. {4364} The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {4365} Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. {4366} The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.13.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {4367} A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {4368} Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {4369} The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {4370} The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: TESORO LOGISTICS OPERATIONS LLC

Location: 3003 NAVY DR, STOCKTON, CA 95206

N-845-0-3 : Jul 7 2022 4:04PM -- YOSHIMUJ

10. {4371} The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {4372} Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. {4373} If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {4374} It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {4375} The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {4376} The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {4377} The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {4378} The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {4379} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {4380} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {4381} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {4382} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101 and San Joaquin County Rule 401] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, market, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating or colorant with a VOC content in excess of the applicable limits specified in Table 1 (Coatings) and Table 2 (Colorants) of District Rule 4601 (4/16/20), unless exempted under section 4.0 of District Rule 4601 (Amended 4/16/20). [District Rule 4601] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (4/16/20) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (4/16/20). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. {4387} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. {4388} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. {4389} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. {4390} Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8021] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. {4391} Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. {4392} An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8041] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. {4393} Whenever open areas are disturbed, or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8051] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. {4394} Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8061] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {4395} Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 50 Average annual daily Trips (AADT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 150 vehicle trips per day (VDT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. On each day that 25 or more VDT with 3 or more axles will occur on an unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.3 of District Rule 8071. On each day when a special event will result in 1,000 or more vehicles that will travel/park on an unpaved area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.4 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8071] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. {4396} Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation) [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE  
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

36. {4397} The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {4398} The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {4399} When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. {4400} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 401 (Madera, Fresno, Kern, Kings, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare and Merced), Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings), and Rule 202 (Fresno, Kern, Tulare, Kings, Madera, Stanislaus, Merced, San Joaquin). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {4401} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (2/17/05); 4601 (12/17/09); 8021 (8/19/2004); 8031 (8/19/2004); 8041 (8/19/2004); 8051 (8/19/2004); 8061 (8/19/2004); and 8071 (9/16/2004). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
42. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin January 1 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-4-4

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 714,000 GALLON WELDED EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (NO. 1700) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A SECONDARY WIPER SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals, one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred as the secondary seal. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess to 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background, or dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute, is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Each opening in the roof, except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. All slotted sampling and gauging wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The slotted guidepole well on a external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

25. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Operator shall visually inspect tank valves, flanges, and connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually or ultrasonically inspect as appropriate, the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 4 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 4 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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36. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. The permittee of external floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. The operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill with petroleum liquid and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. If this unit ceases to store volatile organic liquid (VOL) for a period of one year or more, subsequent introduction of VOL into the vessel shall be considered an initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40 CFR 63.11087(c) and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. If primary or secondary seal gap width/accumulated area and minimum vertical distance for one end of the mechanical shoe do not meet the requirements in this permit during 12 month inspection, the permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 63.11087(c) and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The owner or operator shall visually inspect the external floating roof, the primary seal, secondary seal, and fittings each time the vessel is emptied and degassed. If the external floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified mentioned in this condition exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 48 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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46. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the external floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 63.11087(c) and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g) and 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, external floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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54. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least of five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-5-5

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 840,000 GALLON GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 40) WITH A STEEL PAN INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF WITH A METAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A FABRIC WIPER SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The internal floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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13. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess to 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background, or dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute, is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof, except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90% of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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25. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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38. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623, CFR 60.113b(a)(1), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2) and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. The permittee shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other openings on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4) and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5) and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

45. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.115b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g), 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

54. Permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least of five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.116b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-6-8

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

BULK LOADING RACK CONSISTING OF EIGHT GASOLINE/DENATURED ETHANOL LOADING ARMS AND EIGHT DIESEL LOADING ARMS SERVED BY THE CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 621 pounds in any one calendar year. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4624) loaded through this loading rack shall not exceed 771,120 gallons in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4624) loaded through this loading rack shall not exceed 240,350,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. This loading rack shall be equipped with bottom loading equipment and a vapor collection and control system such that VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid loaded. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. All vapors displaced from tank truck loading shall be vented to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.502(a), (f), and (g)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Gasoline shall be loaded only into vapor-tight tank trucks. [40 CFR 60.502(e) and 40 CFR 63.11088(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The facility shall obtain the vapor tightness documentation specified in 40 CFR Part 60.505(b) for each gasoline tank truck that is to be loaded at the facility. [40 CFR 60.502(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The vapor collection and control system shall operate such that the pressure in the delivery tank being loaded does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure and 6 inches water column vacuum. [District Rule 4624 and 40 CFR 60.502(h)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. All delivery tanks which previously contained organic liquids, including gasoline, with a TVP greater than 1.5 psia at loading conditions shall be filled only at Class 1 loading facilities using bottom loading equipment with a vapor collection and control system operating such that VOC emissions do not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid loaded and which operate so the delivery tank does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure nor 6 inches water column vacuum. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The vapor collection system, the vapor processing system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids shall be tested for leaks with a portable hydrocarbon analyzer in accordance with EPA Method 21, at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be installed, maintained, and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. A leak is defined as the dripping of organic compounds at a rate of more than three drops per minute or the detection of organic compounds, in excess of 10,000 ppm as methane measured at the surface of the component interface of the potential source in accordance with EPA Method 21. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than 10 milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The equipment that are found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours after detecting the leakage. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. Each calendar month, the vapor collection system, the vapor processing system and each loading rack handling gasoline, and all equipment in gasoline service shall be inspected during the loading of gasoline tank trucks for organic liquid and organic vapor leaks. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For the purpose of this condition, detection methods incorporating sight, sound and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 60.502(j) and 40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Each calendar month, liquid drainage at disconnect of each loading arm shall be determined, and appropriate action shall be taken in case excess liquid drainage occurs from any loading arm. If no excess drainage conditions are found during five consecutive monthly inspections, the drainage inspection frequency may be changed from monthly to quarterly. However, if one or more excess drainage condition is found during a quarterly inspection, the inspection frequency shall return to monthly. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Liquid drainage inspections shall be completed before 10:00 AM the day of inspection. Compliance shall be demonstrated by collecting all drainage at disconnect in a spouted container. The drainage shall be transferred to a graduated cylinder and the volume determined within one minute of collection. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Documentation attesting to the vapor tightness of each truck loaded with gasoline shall be kept. The documentation file for each tank truck shall be updated at least once per year to reflect the current test results as determined by EPA Method 27. [40 CFR 60.505(a) and (b), and 40 CFR 63.11094(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that includes each loading of a gasoline cargo tank for which vapor tightness documentation had not been previously obtained by the facility. [40 CFR 63.11088(f) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 3 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [District Rule 4624, 40 CFR 60.505(c), 40 CFR 63.11089(g), and 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. The permittee shall keep a record of the daily organic liquids throughput, in gallons. [District Rules 2201 and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. The permittee shall keep a record of the cumulative organic liquids throughput on a rolling 12-month basis, in gallons. The record shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 4624, and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-10-5

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 20,000 GALLON VERTICAL FIXED ROOF VOLATILE ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (TK-420) SERVED BY THE JOHN ZINK LLC CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4623) processed through this tank shall not exceed 800 gallons in any one day (on an annual average basis). [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4623) processed through this tank shall not exceed 197,820 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Gasoline (as defined in 40 CFR Part 63.11100) shall not be stored in this tank. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. All piping, valves, and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a leak-free cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor recovery system consisting of a closed vent system that collects all VOCs from the storage tank, and a VOC control device. This tank shall be served by the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22. The vapor recovery system shall be maintained in gas-tight condition. The VOC control device shall be an approved VOC recovery device that reduces the inlet VOC emissions by at least 99% by weight as determined by the test method specified in Section 6.4.6 of District Rule 4623. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess to 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background, or dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute, is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually or ultrasonically inspect as appropriate, the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



9. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The control efficiency of the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. US EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of US EPA Method 25 or US EPA Method 25A provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analyses/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of the known analytes/compounds to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by ARB Method 422 "Exempt Halogenated VOCs in Gases September 12, 1990". [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

17. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by following one of the following options: 1) exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22 until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less, or 2) by displacing VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22 by filling the tank with a suitable liquid until 90 percent or more of the maximum operating level of the tank is filled. Suitable liquids are organic liquids having a TVP of less than 0.5 psia, water, clean produced water, or produced water derived from crude oil having a TVP less than 0.5 psia, or 3) by displacing VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22 by filling the tank with a suitable gas. Degassing shall continue until the operator has achieved a vapor displacement equivalent to at least 2.3 times the tank capacity. Suitable gases are air, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, or natural gas containing less than 10 percent VOC by weight. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. While performing tank cleaning activities, the operators may only use the following cleaning agents: water and clean (produced) water, diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. During sludge removal from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, the operator shall vent emissions from the sludge receiving vessel to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The operator shall only transport removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The operator shall store removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. The permittee shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) type of component leaking; 2) date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. The permittee shall keep a record of the daily organic liquids throughput, in gallons. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. The permittee shall keep a record of the cumulative organic liquids throughput on a rolling 12-month basis, in gallons. The record shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

29. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-22-7

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

JOHN ZINK, LLC MODEL #S3-AAD-3-80-80-8 CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM

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## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. This loading rack shall be equipped with bottom loading equipment and a vapor collection and control system such that VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid loaded. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The VOC removal efficiency shall be at least 99% and all organic liquids loading shall be conducted utilizing bottom loading and dry-break couplers. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The vapor collection and control system shall operate such that the pressure in the delivery tank being loaded does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure and 6 inches water column vacuum. [District Rule 4624 and 40 CFR 60.502(h)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The vapor collection system, the vapor processing system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids shall be tested for leaks, using EPA Method 21, at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be installed, maintained, and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. A leak is defined as the dripping of organic compounds at a rate of more than three drops per minute or the detection of organic compounds, in excess of 10,000 ppm as methane measured at the surface of the component interface of the potential source in accordance with EPA Method 21. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than 10 milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The equipment that are found leaking shall be repair or replaced within 72 hours after detecting the leakage. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Each calendar month, the vapor collection system, the vapor processing system and each loading rack handling gasoline shall be inspected during the loading of "product" tank trucks for organic liquid and organic vapor leaks. For the purpose of this condition, "product" means gasoline, denatured ethanol, additives, and/or product blended with any of the following: gasoline, denatured ethanol, and additives; and the detection methods incorporating sight, sound and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 60.502(j) and 40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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9. During source testing, the loading rack's vapor collection and control system shall be tested at every loading position to demonstrate the pressure in the delivery tanks being loaded complies with the requirements specified in this permit. Compliance shall be determined by calibrating and installing a liquid manometer, magnehelic device, or other instrument demonstrated to be equivalent, capable of measuring up to 500 mm water gauge pressure with a precision of 2.5 mm water gauge, on the terminal's vapor collection and control system at a pressure tap as close as possible to the connection with the "product" tank truck. For the purpose of this condition, "product" means gasoline, denatured ethanol, additives, and/or product blended with any of the following: gasoline, denatured ethanol, and additives. The highest instantaneous pressure measurement as well as all pressure measurements at 5 minute intervals during delivery vessel loading must be recorded. [40 CFR 60.503(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Source testing to demonstrate compliance with the VOC emission rate from the vapor recovery system serving the loading rack under Permit to Operate N-845-6, and the VOC removal efficiency of the vapor recovery system shall be conducted once every 60 months, but no more than 30 days before or after initial source test anniversary date. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Sampling facilities for source testing shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Rule 1081 (Source Sampling). [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Source testing shall be conducted using methods and procedures approved by District. The District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source testing and a pretest plan outlining the test methods and procedures shall be submitted for the District approval no later than 15 days prior to each test. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Source testing shall be witnessed or authorized by District Personnel and samples shall be collected and analyzed by a California Air Resources Board (CARB) certified testing laboratory or a CARB certified source testing company. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. VOC emissions for source test purpose shall be determined using 40 CFR Part 60.503 "Test Methods and Procedures" and EPA Methods 2A, 2B, 25A and 25B, and ARB Method 422, or ARB Test Procedure TP-203.1. [District Rule 4624 and 40 CFR 63.11092(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. Source testing for VOC removal efficiency shall be conducted utilizing EPA Method 18, EPA Method 25A or CARB Method 100. Alternative methods may be utilized provided they are previously approved by the District, in writing. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The permittee shall install, calibrate, certify, maintain, and quality-assure a Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) which continuously measures and records the VOCs (and other parameters, if any, to determine compliance with lb-VOC/1,000 gallon of organic liquid) while organic liquid vapors are displaced to this vapor recovery system. The CEMS shall be installed in the exhaust air stream. [40 CFR 63.11092(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The permittee shall document the reasons for any change to the operating parameter established during initial performance testing. [40 CFR 63.11092(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The CEMS for measuring emissions other than opacity shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period, or shall meet equivalent specifications established by mutual agreement of the District, the CARB and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(c)(4)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The CEMS shall meet the requirements in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix B Performance Specification 8 (PS 8) or 8A (PS 8A), as appropriate, or shall meet equivalent specifications established by mutual agreement of the District, the CARB, and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The CEMS must be audited at least once every six months by conducting cylinder gas audits (CGA) using the procedure in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix F, 5.1.2. Audit reports shall be submitted along with semi-annual compliance reports to the District, the CARB, and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

22. The CEMS data shall be reduced to hourly averages as specified in 40 CFR Part 63.8(g), or by other methods deemed equivalent by mutual agreement with the District, the CARB, and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(g)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. The permittee shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notification) required by this part recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files shall be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. [40 CFR 63.10] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report to the Administrator at the time the semiannual compliance report is submitted. The report shall include all applicable information specified in 40 CFR Part 63.11095 (b)(1) through (5). [40 CFR 63.11095(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. APCO or an authorized representative shall be allowed to inspect, as determined to be necessary, the required monitoring devices to ensure that such devices are functioning properly. [District Rule 1080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Documentation attesting to the vapor tightness of each truck loaded with gasoline shall be kept. The documentation file for each tank truck shall be updated at least once per year to reflect the current test results as determined by EPA method 27. [40 CFR 60.505(a) and (b), and 40 CFR 63.11094(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that includes each loading of a gasoline cargo tank for which vapor tightness documentation had not been previously obtained by the facility. [40 CFR 63.11088(f) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 3 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 6.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [District Rule 4624, 40 CFR 60.505(c), 40 CFR 63.11089(g), and 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 4624, and 40 CFR 60.505, and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-23-4

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

4,000 GALLON ABOVEGROUND DIESEL LUBRICITY ADDITIVE STORAGE TANK (TK-11) WITH A PRESSURE-VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. VOC emissions from this tank shall not exceed 1.6 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The maximum throughput shall not exceed 3,826 gallons in any one day and 30,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Crude oil (as defined in District Rule 4623, section 3.5) shall not be stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. This tank shall only store, place, or hold organic liquid with a true vapor pressure (TVP) of less than 11 psia under all storage conditions. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure vacuum relief valve that set to within ten percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank. The pressure vacuum relief valve shall be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. The owner or operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually or ultrasonically inspect as appropriate, the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

10. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The owner or operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. While performing tank cleaning activities, the owner or operators may only use the following cleaning agents: water and clean (produced) water, diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. During sludge removal from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, the owner or operator shall vent emissions from the sludge receiving vessel to the vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The owner or operator shall only transport removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The owner or operator shall store removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The permittee shall keep accurate records of each organic liquid stored in the tank, including its storage temperature, TVP, and API gravity. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. The permittee shall maintain daily records of organic liquid loaded into the tank, in gallons. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



23. The permittee shall maintain cumulative 12-month rolling period throughput records, in gallons, and the records shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least of five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-24-3

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 2,321,508 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (TK-55) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. VOC emissions from this tank shall not exceed 11.4 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 15 pounds in any one calendar year. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

14. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land the roof on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i), 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover, or a lid shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e. no visible gaps) except when the device is in use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted in place except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. All slotted sampling or gauging wells shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

27. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

38. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The operator shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other opening on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

49. The permittee shall furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specification of 40 CFR Part 60.112b(a)(1) and 40 CFR Part 60.113b(a)(1) within 15 days after the initial startup of the equipment. [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.115b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g), 40 CFR 63.11094(e), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

58. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. The permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the TVP, API gravity, and type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4623, 40 CFR 60.116b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-28-2

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 571,068 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF DENATURED ETHANOL STORAGE TANK (NO. 20) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. VOC emissions from this tank shall not exceed 1.5 pounds in any one day and 304 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The quantity of organic liquid loaded into this tank shall not exceed the following limits: a) 180,000 gallons in any one day and b) 24,000,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Total VOC emissions from this permit unit shall not exceed 1.7 pounds in any one day. {Total VOC emissions shall be calculated as follow: Total VOC emissions (lb/day) = Daily Tank VOC emissions (lb/day) + Daily Fugitive Components emissions (lb/day)}. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 87 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The cumulative length all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



13. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled, and for tank interior cleaning, and during tank repair and maintenance activities. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land the roof on its legs. [District Rules 2020, 2201, and 4623, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover, or a lid shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e. no visible gaps) except when the device is in use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted in place except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

25. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. All slotted sampling or gauging wells shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

37. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. The operator shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other opening on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

49. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specification of 40 CFR Part 60.112b(a)(1) and 40 CFR Part 60.113b(a)(1) within 15 days after the initial startup of the equipment. [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.115b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. The operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. The permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the TVP, API gravity, and type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. The permittee shall keep daily records and annual records on a rolling 12-month period of the quantity of organic liquid loaded into the tank, in gallons. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

59. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations/modeling. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201 and 4623, and 40 CFR 60.116b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-29-1

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 1,347,627 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 32) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. VOC emissions from the tank shall not exceed 10.2 pounds in any one day and 1,686 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The quantity of organic liquid loaded into this tank shall not exceed the following limits: a) 1,347,627 gallons in any one day and b) 90,720,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Total VOC emissions from this permit unit shall not exceed 10.4 pounds in any one day. {Total VOC emissions shall be calculated as follow: Total VOC emissions (lb/day) = Daily Tank VOC emission (lb/day) + Daily Fugitive Components emissions (lb/day)}. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 90 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The cumulative length all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

13. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled, and for tank interior cleaning, and during tank repair and maintenance activities. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land the roof on its legs. [District Rules 2020, 2201, and 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover, or a lid shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e. no visible gaps) except when the device is in use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted in place except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

25. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. All slotted sampling or gauging wells shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



37. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. The operator shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other opening on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

49. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specification of 40 CFR Part 60.112b(a)(1) and 40 CFR Part 60.113b(a)(1) within 15 days after the initial startup of the equipment. [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.115b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. The operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

57. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g), 40 CFR 63.11094(e), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. The permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the TVP, API gravity, and type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep daily records and annual records on a rolling 12-month period of the quantity of organic liquid loaded into the tank, in gallons. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
65. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations/modeling. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
66. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4623, 40 CFR 60.116b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-30-4

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

DENATURED ETHANOL BULK OFFLOADING OPERATION CONSISTING OF ONE RAILCAR OFFLOADING STATION AND ONE TRUCK OFFLOADING STATION

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 44 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The maximum number of organic liquid hose disconnections performed by the unloading equipment for this permit unit shall not exceed 105 disconnects in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The maximum number of organic liquid hose disconnections performed by the unloading equipment for this permit unit shall not exceed 13,000 disconnects in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The VOC emissions rate from each organic liquid hose disconnect shall not exceed 0.0141 pound per disconnect. {The VOC emissions rate from each disconnect shall be calculated as follow:  $\text{VOC emissions rate (lb/disconnect)} = 8 \text{ mL-VOC/disconnect} \times \text{organic liquid density (lb/gal)} \times (1 \text{ gal}/3785.41 \text{ mL})$ }. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The unloading equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained, and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three drops per minute; or the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Excess organic liquid drainage from each hose disconnect shall not exceed 8 milliliters per disconnect. Such liquid drainage for disconnect operation shall be determined by computing the average drainage from three consecutive disconnects. Liquid drainage is the volume of organic liquid that reaches the ground and potentially can evaporate into the atmosphere. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Each time a tanker truck or railcar is unloaded, the operator or permittee shall ensure all liquid that drops from each disconnect is captured using a collection vessel that will be immediately covered once drainage is complete. The operator or permittee shall ensure the collection vessel will be emptied each time any liquid is collected in a manner so as to prevent any evaporation into the atmosphere. The operator or permittee shall ensure that clean empty collection vessels are available for use each time a tanker truck or railcar is unloaded. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

10. The operator or permittee shall ensure that each time a tanker truck or railcar is unloaded, a checklist to be prepared by the permittee is completed where the operator or delegate verifies that a collection vessel was used for each disconnect associated with each unloading event. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The operator or permittee shall determine an average organic liquid drainage, in unit of milliliters for three consecutive disconnects to demonstrate compliance with the 8 milliliters limit. The drainage shall be determined once every calendar month. An appropriate action shall be taken in case excess liquid drainage occurs from any unloading hose. If no excess drainage conditions are found during five consecutive monthly inspections, the drainage inspection frequency may be changed from monthly to quarterly. However, if one or more excess drainage condition is found during a quarterly inspection, the inspection frequency shall return to monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Liquid drainage inspections shall be completed within 1 hour of the first disconnect on the day of inspection. Compliance shall be demonstrated by collecting all drainage at disconnect in a spouted container. The drainage shall be transferred to a graduated cylinder and the volume determined within one minute of collection. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The permittee shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure (e.g. breakdown of vapor recovery system), the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed including the amount of organic liquid unloaded during the breakdown period, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The equipment that are found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours after detecting the leakage. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 3 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Safety Data Sheet for each organic liquid processed by the unloading equipment for this permit unit shall be maintained. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The permittee shall keep daily records of the number of organic liquid hose disconnections from both railcars and tank trucks for this permit unit. The records shall be updated at least weekly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The permittee shall keep annual records of the number of organic liquid hose disconnections on a rolling 12-month period. The record shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

22. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# ATTACHMENT B

Previous Title V Operating Permit

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**FACILITY:** N-845-0-2

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

## **FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS**

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1. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1 and San Joaquin County Rule 110] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0 and San Joaquin County Rule 110] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.13.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: TESORO LOGISTICS OPERATIONS LLC  
Location: 3003 NAVY DR, STOCKTON, CA 95206  
N-845-0-2 : Jun 20 2022 2:19PM -- YOSHIMUJ



10. The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101 and San Joaquin County Rule 401] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE  
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in Table of Standards 1 effective until 12/30/10 or Table of Standards 2 effective on and after 1/1/11 of District Rule 4601 (12/17/09) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (12/17/09). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8021] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8041] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Whenever open areas are disturbed, or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8051] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8061] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 50 Average annual daily Trips (AADT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 150 vehicle trips per day (VDT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. On each day that 25 or more VDT with 3 or more axles will occur on an unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.3 of District Rule 8071. On each day when a special event will result in 1,000 or more vehicles that will travel/park on an unpaved area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.4 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8071] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE  
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

36. The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 401 (Madera, Fresno, Kern, Kings, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare and Merced), Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings), and Rule 202 (Fresno, Kern, Tulare, Kings, Madera, Stanislaus, Merced, San Joaquin). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (2/17/05); 4601 (12/17/09); 8021 (8/19/2004); 8031 (8/19/2004); 8041 (8/19/2004); 8051 (8/19/2004); 8061 (8/19/2004); and 8071 (9/16/2004). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
42. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin January 1 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-4-3

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 714,000 GALLON WELDED EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (NO. 1700) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A SECONDARY WIPER SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pan type that was installed before December 20, 2001, pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals, one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred as the secondary seal. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

12. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess to 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background, or dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute, is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Each opening in the roof, except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. All slotted sampling and gauging wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The slotted guidepole well on a external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

25. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Operator shall visually inspect tank valves, flanges, and connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually or ultrasonically inspect as appropriate, the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 4 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 4 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

36. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. The permittee of external floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. The operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals within 60 days of the initial fill with petroleum liquid and at least once every year thereafter to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. If this unit ceases to store volatile organic liquid (VOL) for a period of one year or more, subsequent introduction of VOL into the vessel shall be considered an initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [40 CFR 63.11087(c) and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. If primary or secondary seal gap width/accumulated area and minimum vertical distance for one end of the mechanical shoe do not meet the requirements in this permit during 12 month inspection, the permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 63.11087(c) and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The owner or operator shall visually inspect the external floating roof, the primary seal, secondary seal, and fittings each time the vessel is emptied and degassed. If the external floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified mentioned in this condition exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 48 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

46. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the external floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 63.11087(c) and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g) and 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, external floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



54. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least of five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-5-4

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 840,000 GALLON GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 40) WITH A STEEL PAN INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF WITH A METAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A FABRIC WIPER SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The internal floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

13. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess to 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background, or dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute, is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof, except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90% of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

25. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

38. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623, CFR 60.113b(a)(1), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2) and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. The permittee shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other openings on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4) and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5) and 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

45. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.115b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g), 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

54. Permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least of five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.116b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-6-7

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

BULK LOADING RACK CONSISTING OF EIGHT GASOLINE/DENATURED ETHANOL LOADING ARMS AND EIGHT DIESEL LOADING ARMS SERVED BY THE CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 621 pounds in any one calendar year. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4624) loaded through this loading rack shall not exceed 771,120 gallons in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4624) loaded through this loading rack shall not exceed 240,350,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. This loading rack shall be equipped with bottom loading equipment and a vapor collection and control system such that VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid loaded. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. All vapors displaced from tank truck loading shall be vented to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.502(a), (f), and (g)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Gasoline shall be loaded only into vapor-tight tank trucks. [40 CFR 60.502(e) and 40 CFR 63.11088(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The facility shall obtain the vapor tightness documentation specified in 40 CFR Part 60.505(b) for each gasoline tank truck that is to be loaded at the facility. [40 CFR 60.502(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The vapor collection and control system shall operate such that the pressure in the delivery tank being loaded does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure and 6 inches water column vacuum. [District Rule 4624 and 40 CFR 60.502(h)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. All delivery tanks which previously contained organic liquids, including gasoline, with a TVP greater than 1.5 psia at loading conditions shall be filled only at Class 1 loading facilities using bottom loading equipment with a vapor collection and control system operating such that VOC emissions do not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid loaded and which operate so the delivery tank does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure nor 6 inches water column vacuum. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The vapor collection system, the vapor processing system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids shall be tested for leaks with a portable hydrocarbon analyzer in accordance with EPA Method 21, at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



12. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be installed, maintained, and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. A leak is defined as the dripping of organic compounds at a rate of more than three drops per minute or the detection of organic compounds, in excess of 10,000 ppm as methane measured at the surface of the component interface of the potential source in accordance with EPA Method 21. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than 10 milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The equipment that are found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours after detecting the leakage. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. Each calendar month, the vapor collection system, the vapor processing system and each loading rack handling gasoline, and all equipment in gasoline service shall be inspected during the loading of gasoline tank trucks for organic liquid and organic vapor leaks. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For the purpose of this condition, detection methods incorporating sight, sound and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 60.502(j) and 40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Each calendar month, liquid drainage at disconnect of each loading arm shall be determined, and appropriate action shall be taken in case excess liquid drainage occurs from any loading arm. If no excess drainage conditions are found during five consecutive monthly inspections, the drainage inspection frequency may be changed from monthly to quarterly. However, if one or more excess drainage condition is found during a quarterly inspection, the inspection frequency shall return to monthly. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Liquid drainage inspections shall be completed before 10:00 AM the day of inspection. Compliance shall be demonstrated by collecting all drainage at disconnect in a spouted container. The drainage shall be transferred to a graduated cylinder and the volume determined within one minute of collection. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Documentation attesting to the vapor tightness of each truck loaded with gasoline shall be kept. The documentation file for each tank truck shall be updated at least once per year to reflect the current test results as determined by EPA Method 27. [40 CFR 60.505(a) and (b), and 40 CFR 63.11094(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that includes each loading of a gasoline cargo tank for which vapor tightness documentation had not been previously obtained by the facility. [40 CFR 63.11088(f) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 3 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [District Rule 4624, 40 CFR 60.505(c), 40 CFR 63.11089(g), and 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. The permittee shall keep a record of the daily organic liquids throughput, in gallons. [District Rules 2201 and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. The permittee shall keep a record of the cumulative organic liquids throughput on a rolling 12-month basis, in gallons. The record shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 4624, and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-10-4

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 20,000 GALLON VERTICAL FIXED ROOF VOLATILE ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (TK-420) SERVED BY THE JOHN ZINK LLC CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4623) processed through this tank shall not exceed 800 gallons in any one day (on an annual average basis). [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The quantity of organic liquids (as defined in District Rule 4623) processed through this tank shall not exceed 197,820 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Gasoline (as defined in 40 CFR Part 63.11100) shall not be stored in this tank. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. All piping, valves, and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a leak-free cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor recovery system consisting of a closed vent system that collects all VOCs from the storage tank, and a VOC control device. This tank shall be served by the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22. The vapor recovery system shall be maintained in gas-tight condition. The VOC control device shall be an approved VOC recovery device that reduces the inlet VOC emissions by at least 99% by weight as determined by the test method specified in Section 6.4.6 of District Rule 4623. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 parts per million by volume (ppmv), as methane, above background on a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess to 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background, or dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute, is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually or ultrasonically inspect as appropriate, the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

9. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The control efficiency of the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. US EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of US EPA Method 25 or US EPA Method 25A provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analyses/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of the known analytes/compounds to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by ARB Method 422 "Exempt Halogenated VOCs in Gases September 12, 1990". [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

17. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by following one of the following options: 1) exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22 until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less, or 2) by displacing VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22 by filling the tank with a suitable liquid until 90 percent or more of the maximum operating level of the tank is filled. Suitable liquids are organic liquids having a TVP of less than 0.5 psia, water, clean produced water, or produced water derived from crude oil having a TVP less than 0.5 psia, or 3) by displacing VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22 by filling the tank with a suitable gas. Degassing shall continue until the operator has achieved a vapor displacement equivalent to at least 2.3 times the tank capacity. Suitable gases are air, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, or natural gas containing less than 10 percent VOC by weight. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. While performing tank cleaning activities, the operators may only use the following cleaning agents: water and clean (produced) water, diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. During sludge removal from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, the operator shall vent emissions from the sludge receiving vessel to the vapor recovery system under Permit to Operate N-845-22. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The operator shall only transport removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. The operator shall store removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. The permittee shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) type of component leaking; 2) date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. The permittee shall keep a record of the daily organic liquids throughput, in gallons. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. The permittee shall keep a record of the cumulative organic liquids throughput on a rolling 12-month basis, in gallons. The record shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rules 2201 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

29. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-22-6

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

JOHN ZINK, LLC MODEL #S3-AAD-3-80-80-8 CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. This loading rack shall be equipped with bottom loading equipment and a vapor collection and control system such that VOC emissions shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid loaded. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The VOC removal efficiency shall be at least 99% and all organic liquids loading shall be conducted utilizing bottom loading and dry-break couplers. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The vapor collection and control system shall operate such that the pressure in the delivery tank being loaded does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure and 6 inches water column vacuum. [District Rule 4624 and 40 CFR 60.502(h)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The vapor collection system, the vapor processing system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids shall be tested for leaks, using EPA Method 21, at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be installed, maintained, and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. A leak is defined as the dripping of organic compounds at a rate of more than three drops per minute or the detection of organic compounds, in excess of 10,000 ppm as methane measured at the surface of the component interface of the potential source in accordance with EPA Method 21. Excess organic liquid drainage is defined as an average of more than 10 milliliters liquid drainage per disconnect from three consecutive disconnects. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The equipment that are found leaking shall be repair or replaced within 72 hours after detecting the leakage. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Each calendar month, the vapor collection system, the vapor processing system and each loading rack handling gasoline shall be inspected during the loading of "product" tank trucks for organic liquid and organic vapor leaks. For the purpose of this condition, "product" means gasoline, denatured ethanol, additives, and/or product blended with any of the following: gasoline, denatured ethanol, and additives; and the detection methods incorporating sight, sound and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 60.502(j) and 40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

9. During source testing, the loading rack's vapor collection and control system shall be tested at every loading position to demonstrate the pressure in the delivery tanks being loaded complies with the requirements specified in this permit. Compliance shall be determined by calibrating and installing a liquid manometer, magnehelic device, or other instrument demonstrated to be equivalent, capable of measuring up to 500 mm water gauge pressure with a precision of 2.5 mm water gauge, on the terminal's vapor collection and control system at a pressure tap as close as possible to the connection with the "product" tank truck. For the purpose of this condition, "product" means gasoline, denatured ethanol, additives, and/or product blended with any of the following: gasoline, denatured ethanol, and additives. The highest instantaneous pressure measurement as well as all pressure measurements at 5 minute intervals during delivery vessel loading must be recorded. [40 CFR 60.503(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Source testing to demonstrate compliance with the VOC emission rate from the vapor recovery system serving the loading rack under Permit to Operate N-845-6, and the VOC removal efficiency of the vapor recovery system shall be conducted once every 60 months, but no more than 30 days before or after initial source test anniversary date. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Sampling facilities for source testing shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Rule 1081 (Source Sampling). [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Source testing shall be conducted using methods and procedures approved by District. The District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source testing and a pretest plan outlining the test methods and procedures shall be submitted for the District approval no later than 15 days prior to each test. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Source testing shall be witnessed or authorized by District Personnel and samples shall be collected and analyzed by a California Air Resources Board (CARB) certified testing laboratory or a CARB certified source testing company. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. VOC emissions for source test purpose shall be determined using 40 CFR Part 60.503 "Test Methods and Procedures" and EPA Methods 2A, 2B, 25A and 25B, and ARB Method 422, or ARB Test Procedure TP-203.1. [District Rule 4624 and 40 CFR 63.11092(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. Source testing for VOC removal efficiency shall be conducted utilizing EPA Method 18, EPA Method 25A or CARB Method 100. Alternative methods may be utilized provided they are previously approved by the District, in writing. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The permittee shall install, calibrate, certify, maintain, and quality-assure a Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) which continuously measures and records the VOCs (and other parameters, if any, to determine compliance with lb-VOC/1,000 gallon of organic liquid) while organic liquid vapors are displaced to this vapor recovery system. The CEMS shall be installed in the exhaust air stream. [40 CFR 63.11092(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The permittee shall document the reasons for any change to the operating parameter established during initial performance testing. [40 CFR 63.11092(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The CEMS for measuring emissions other than opacity shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period, or shall meet equivalent specifications established by mutual agreement of the District, the CARB and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(c)(4)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The CEMS shall meet the requirements in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix B Performance Specification 8 (PS 8) or 8A (PS 8A), as appropriate, or shall meet equivalent specifications established by mutual agreement of the District, the CARB, and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The CEMS must be audited at least once every six months by conducting cylinder gas audits (CGA) using the procedure in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix F, 5.1.2. Audit reports shall be submitted along with semi-annual compliance reports to the District, the CARB, and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.



22. The CEMS data shall be reduced to hourly averages as specified in 40 CFR Part 63.8(g), or by other methods deemed equivalent by mutual agreement with the District, the CARB, and the EPA. [40 CFR 63.8(g)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. The permittee shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notification) required by this part recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files shall be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. [40 CFR 63.10] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report to the Administrator at the time the semiannual compliance report is submitted. The report shall include all applicable information specified in 40 CFR Part 63.11095 (b)(1) through (5). [40 CFR 63.11095(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. APCO or an authorized representative shall be allowed to inspect, as determined to be necessary, the required monitoring devices to ensure that such devices are functioning properly. [District Rule 1080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Documentation attesting to the vapor tightness of each truck loaded with gasoline shall be kept. The documentation file for each tank truck shall be updated at least once per year to reflect the current test results as determined by EPA method 27. [40 CFR 60.505(a) and (b), and 40 CFR 63.11094(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that includes each loading of a gasoline cargo tank for which vapor tightness documentation had not been previously obtained by the facility. [40 CFR 63.11088(f) and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 3 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [District Rule 4624, 40 CFR 60.505(c), 40 CFR 63.11089(g), and 40 CFR 63.11094(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, 4624, and 40 CFR 60.505, and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-23-3

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

4,000 GALLON ABOVEGROUND DIESEL LUBRICITY ADDITIVE STORAGE TANK (TK-11) WITH A PRESSURE-VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. VOC emissions from this tank shall not exceed 1.6 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The maximum throughput shall not exceed 3,826 gallons in any one day and 30,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Crude oil (as defined in District Rule 4623, section 3.5) shall not be stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. This tank shall only store, place, or hold organic liquid with a true vapor pressure (TVP) of less than 11 psia under all storage conditions. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure vacuum relief valve that set to within ten percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank. The pressure vacuum relief valve shall be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. The owner or operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually or ultrasonically inspect as appropriate, the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

10. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The owner or operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. While performing tank cleaning activities, the owner or operators may only use the following cleaning agents: water and clean (produced) water, diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. During sludge removal from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, the owner or operator shall vent emissions from the sludge receiving vessel to the vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The owner or operator shall only transport removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The owner or operator shall store removed sludge from tanks containing organic liquids with a true vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The permittee shall keep accurate records of each organic liquid stored in the tank, including its storage temperature, TVP, and API gravity. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. The permittee shall maintain daily records of organic liquid loaded into the tank, in gallons. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. The permittee shall maintain cumulative 12-month rolling period throughput records, in gallons, and the records shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least of five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-24-2

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 2,321,508 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (TK-55) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. VOC emissions from this tank shall not exceed 11.4 pounds in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 15 pounds in any one calendar year. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The cumulative length all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

14. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land the roof on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i), 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover, or a lid shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e. no visible gaps) except when the device is in use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted in place except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. All slotted sampling or gauging wells shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

27. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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38. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The operator shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other opening on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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49. The permittee shall furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specification of 40 CFR Part 60.112b(a)(1) and 40 CFR Part 60.113b(a)(1) within 15 days after the initial startup of the equipment. [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.115b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g), 40 CFR 63.11094(e), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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58. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. The permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the TVP, API gravity, and type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4623, 40 CFR 60.116b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-28-1

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 571,068 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF DENATURED ETHANOL STORAGE TANK (NO. 20) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. VOC emissions from this tank shall not exceed 1.5 pounds in any one day and 304 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The quantity of organic liquid loaded into this tank shall not exceed the following limits: a) 180,000 gallons in any one day and b) 24,000,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Total VOC emissions from this permit unit shall not exceed 1.7 pounds in any one day. {Total VOC emissions shall be calculated as follow: Total VOC emissions (lb/day) = Daily Tank VOC emissions (lb/day) + Daily Fugitive Components emissions (lb/day)}. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 87 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The cumulative length all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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13. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled, and for tank interior cleaning, and during tank repair and maintenance activities. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land the roof on its legs. [District Rules 2020, 2201, and 4623, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover, or a lid shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e. no visible gaps) except when the device is in use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted in place except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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25. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. All slotted sampling or gauging wells shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

37. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. The operator shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other opening on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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49. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specification of 40 CFR Part 60.112b(a)(1) and 40 CFR Part 60.113b(a)(1) within 15 days after the initial startup of the equipment. [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 60.115b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. The operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
57. The permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the TVP, API gravity, and type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. The permittee shall keep daily records and annual records on a rolling 12-month period of the quantity of organic liquid loaded into the tank, in gallons. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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59. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations/modeling. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201 and 4623, and 40 CFR 60.116b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-29-0

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

ONE 1,347,627 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 32) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. VOC emissions from the tank shall not exceed 10.2 pounds in any one day and 1,686 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The quantity of organic liquid loaded into this tank shall not exceed the following limits: a) 1,347,627 gallons in any one day and b) 90,720,000 gallons in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Total VOC emissions from this permit unit shall not exceed 10.4 pounds in any one day. {Total VOC emissions shall be calculated as follow: Total VOC emissions (lb/day) = Daily Tank VOC emission (lb/day) + Daily Fugitive Components emissions (lb/day)}. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 90 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. True vapor pressure of the organic liquid stored shall be less than 11 psia. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The cumulative length all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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13. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled, and for tank interior cleaning, and during tank repair and maintenance activities. When the roof is resting on the leg supports the processes of filling or emptying and refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land the roof on its legs. [District Rules 2020, 2201, and 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas or liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as a dripping rate of more than three drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv as methane above background or a liquid leak of greater than three drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover, or a lid shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e. no visible gaps) except when the device is in use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted in place except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the leg roof supports. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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25. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii), and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix) and 40 CFR 63.11087(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. All slotted sampling or gauging wells shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed one-eighth inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Operator shall visually inspect tank shell, hatches, seals, seams, cable seals, valves, flanges, connectors, and any other piping components directly affixed to the tank and within five feet of the tank at least once per year for liquid leaks, and with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument conducted in accordance with EPA Method 21 for gas leaks. Operator shall also visually inspect the external shells and roofs of uninsulated tanks for structural integrity annually. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Upon detection of a liquid leak, defined as a leak rate of greater than or equal to 30 drops per minute, operator shall repair the leak within 8 hours. For leaks with a liquid leak rate of between 3 and 30 drops per minute, the leaking component shall be repaired within 24 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. Upon detection of a gas leak, defined as a VOC concentration of greater than 10,000 ppmv measured in accordance with EPA Method 21, operator shall take one of the following actions: 1) eliminate the leak within 8 hours after detection; or 2) if the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices, and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after minimization. In no event shall the total time to minimize and eliminate a leak exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Components found to be leaking either liquids or gases shall be immediately affixed with a tag showing the component to be leaking. Operator shall maintain records of the liquid or gas leak detection readings, date/time the leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Leaking components that have been discovered by the operator that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 3 shall not constitute a violation of this rule. Leaking components as defined by District Rule 4623 discovered by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within the timeframes specified in District Rule 4623, Table 5 shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, operator shall conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If no components are found to leak after four consecutive quarters, the operator may revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
36. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of this rule, even if covered under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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37. The permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. During tank cleaning operations, draining and refilling of this tank shall occur as a continuous process and shall proceed as rapidly as practicable while the roof is not floating on the surface of the stored liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. Gap seal requirements shall not apply while the roof is resting on its legs, and during the processes of draining, degassing, or refilling the tank. A leak-free condition will not be required if the operator is draining or refilling this tank in a continuous, expeditious manner. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. After a tank has been degassed pursuant to the requirements of this permit, vapor control requirements are not applicable until an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater is placed, held, or stored in this tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
44. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. The permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2020 and 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
47. For newly constructed, repaired, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks, the permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(1), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. The operator shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other opening on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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49. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. Other than the gap criteria specified by this permit, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of hydrocarbon vapors. Any defects found shall constitute a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4623 and 40 CFR 63.11087(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
50. If any failure (i.e. visible organic liquid on the internal floating roof, tank walls or anywhere, holes or tears in the seal fabric) is detected during 12 month visual inspection, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If the detected failure cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO in the inspection report. Such a request must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
51. The permittee shall notify the District in writing at least 30 days prior to conduct the visual inspection of the storage vessel, so the District can arrange an observer. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
52. The permittee shall furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specification of 40 CFR Part 60.112b(a)(1) and 40 CFR Part 60.113b(a)(1) within 15 days after the initial startup of the equipment. [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. The permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this rule, including the following: 1) Date the storage vessel was emptied, date of inspection and names and titles of company personnel doing the inspection. 2) Tank identification number and Permit to Operate number. 3) Observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings). 4) Measurements of the gaps between the tank shell and primary and secondary seals. 5) Leak free status of the tank and floating roof deck fittings. Records of the leak-free status shall include the vapor concentration values measured in parts per million by volume (ppmv). 6) Data, supported by calculations, demonstrating compliance with the requirements specified in Sections 5.4 and 5.5.2.4.3 of Rule 4623. 7) Nature of defects and any corrective actions or repairs performed on the tank in order to comply with rule 4623 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Kb and the date(s) such actions were taken. [District Rule 4623, 40 CFR 60.115b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11087(e)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
54. Each calendar month, the owner or operator shall perform leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service. Equipment in gasoline service is defined as a piece of equipment used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable. [40 CFR 63.11089(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
55. For monthly leak inspection, a log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility. [40 CFR 63.11089(b) and 40 CFR 63.11094(d)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
56. The operator shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal and/or secondary seal, gaskets, slotted membrane and/or sleeve seals each time the storage tank is emptied and degassed. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank. [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(4), 40 CFR 63.11087(c), and 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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57. Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak. Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed. [40 CFR 63.11089(c) and (d), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual compliance report that contains all required information stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(a) to the Administrator and the District. [40 CFR 63.11095(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [40 CFR 63.11089(g), 40 CFR 63.11094(e), and 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
60. The permittee shall submit an excess emissions report that contains all required information that stipulated under 40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5) to the Administrator and the District. The excess emissions report shall be submitted along with the semi-annual compliance report. [40 CFR 63.11095(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
61. The permittee shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel, and these records shall be kept for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
62. The permittee shall maintain records of the volatile organic liquid stored, the period of storage, and TVP of that volatile organic liquid during the respective storage period. TVP shall be determined using the data on the Reid vapor pressure (highest receipt or highest tank sample results) and actual storage temperature. [District Rule 2201 and 40 CFR 60.116b(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
63. The permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Section 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the TVP, API gravity, and type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
64. The permittee shall keep daily records and annual records on a rolling 12-month period of the quantity of organic liquid loaded into the tank, in gallons. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
65. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations/modeling. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
66. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4623, 40 CFR 60.116b(a), and 40 CFR 63.11094(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

# San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

**PERMIT UNIT:** N-845-30-3

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 07/31/2022

**EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:**

DENATURED ETHANOL BULK OFFLOADING OPERATION CONSISTING OF ONE RAILCAR OFFLOADING STATION AND ONE TRUCK OFFLOADING STATION

## PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

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1. Fugitive VOC from components, such as valve, flange, connector, pump seal, etc, associated with this permit unit shall not exceed 44 pounds in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall be calculated using component count and appropriate emission factors from "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-1b (Feb 1999) - Marketing Terminal Average Emission Factors. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The maximum number of organic liquid hose disconnections performed by the unloading equipment for this permit unit shall not exceed 105 disconnects in any one day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The maximum number of organic liquid hose disconnections performed by the unloading equipment for this permit unit shall not exceed 13,000 disconnects in any one rolling 12-month period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The VOC emissions rate from each organic liquid hose disconnect shall not exceed 0.0141 pound per disconnect. {The VOC emissions rate from each disconnect shall be calculated as follow:  $\text{VOC emissions rate (lb/disconnect)} = 8 \text{ mL-VOC/disconnect} \times \text{organic liquid density (lb/gal)} \times (1 \text{ gal}/3785.41 \text{ mL})$ }. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. The unloading equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained, and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three drops per minute; or the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Excess organic liquid drainage from each hose disconnect shall not exceed 8 milliliters per disconnect. Such liquid drainage for disconnect operation shall be determined by computing the average drainage from three consecutive disconnects. Liquid drainage is the volume of organic liquid that reaches the ground and potentially can evaporate into the atmosphere. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Each time a tanker truck or railcar is unloaded, the operator or permittee shall ensure all liquid that drops from each disconnect is captured using a collection vessel that will be immediately covered once drainage is complete. The operator or permittee shall ensure the collection vessel will be emptied each time any liquid is collected in a manner so as to prevent any evaporation into the atmosphere. The operator or permittee shall ensure that clean empty collection vessels are available for use each time a tanker truck or railcar is unloaded. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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10. The operator or permittee shall ensure that each time a tanker truck or railcar is unloaded, a checklist to be prepared by the permittee is completed where the operator or delegate verifies that a collection vessel was used for each disconnect associated with each unloading event. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The operator or permittee shall determine an average organic liquid drainage, in unit of milliliters for three consecutive disconnects to demonstrate compliance with the 8 milliliters limit. The drainage shall be determined once every calendar month. An appropriate action shall be taken in case excess liquid drainage occurs from any unloading hose. If no excess drainage conditions are found during five consecutive monthly inspections, the drainage inspection frequency may be changed from monthly to quarterly. However, if one or more excess drainage condition is found during a quarterly inspection, the inspection frequency shall return to monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Liquid drainage inspections shall be completed within 1 hour of the first disconnect on the day of inspection. Compliance shall be demonstrated by collecting all drainage at disconnect in a spouted container. The drainage shall be transferred to a graduated cylinder and the volume determined within one minute of collection. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The permittee shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure (e.g. breakdown of vapor recovery system), the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed including the amount of organic liquid unloaded during the breakdown period, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. The equipment that are found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours after detecting the leakage. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The permittee may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection, the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly, and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. The permittee shall maintain a log book that contains the following information: 1.) dates of leak inspections, 2.) the nature of the leak and the method of detection; 3.) findings, 4.) corrective action (date each leak is repaired), 5.) repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak; 6.) the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 3 calendar days after discovery of the leak; 7.) the date of successful repair of the leak; and 8.) inspector name and signature. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. Safety Data Sheet for each organic liquid processed by the unloading equipment for this permit unit shall be maintained. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. The permittee shall keep daily records of the number of organic liquid hose disconnections from both railcars and tank trucks for this permit unit. The records shall be updated at least weekly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The permittee shall keep annual records of the number of organic liquid hose disconnections on a rolling 12-month period. The record shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The permittee shall maintain records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with each emission limit. These records shall contain each calculated emission quantity as well as each process variable used in the respective calculations. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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22. All records shall be maintained on site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 2201, and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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# ATTACHMENT C

Detailed Summary List of Facility Permits

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### Detailed Facility Report

For Facility=845

Sorted by Facility Number and Permit Number

TESORO LOGISTICS OPERATIONS LLC		FAC #	N 845		TYPE:	TitleV	EXPIRE ON:	07/31/2022
3003 NAVY DR		STATUS:	A		TOXIC ID:	21236	AREA:	4 /
STOCKTON, CA 95206		TELEPHONE:					INSP. DATE:	01/23

PERMIT NUMBER	FEE DESCRIPTION	FEE RULE	QTY	FEE AMOUNT	TOTAL	PERMIT STATUS	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
N-845-1-3	420,000 gallons	3020-05 E	1	296.00	296.00	D	ONE 420,000 GALLON GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 20) WITH A STEEL PAN INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF WITH A METAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A FABRIC WIPER SECONDARY SEAL
N-845-2-0	CONTAINER: 210,000 GALLONS	3020-05 E	1	296.00	296.00	D	ONE 210,000 GALLON INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF STORAGE TANK (NO. 29); DELETED PER APPLICANT'S REQUEST, EXEMPT PER RULE 2020 6.6.5. FT 12-6-05
N-845-3-0	CONTAINER: 210,000 GALLONS	3020-05 E	1	296.00	296.00	D	ONE 210,000 GALLON INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF STORAGE TANK (NO. 30); DELETED PER APPLICANT'S REQUEST - EXEMPT PER RULE 2020 6.6.5. FT 12-6-05
N-845-4-3	714,000 gallons	3020-05 F	1	362.00	362.00	A	ONE 714,000 GALLON WELDED EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (NO. 1700) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A SECONDARY WIPER SEAL
N-845-5-4	840,000 gallons	3020-05 F	1	362.00	362.00	A	ONE 840,000 GALLON GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 40) WITH A STEEL PAN INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF WITH A METAL SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND A FABRIC WIPER SECONDARY SEAL
N-845-6-7	Miscellaneous	3020-06	1	128.00	128.00	A	BULK LOADING RACK CONSISTING OF EIGHT GASOLINE/DENATURATED ETHANOL LOADING ARMS AND EIGHT DIESEL LOADING ARMS SERVED BY THE CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)
N-845-7-0	MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULE	3020-06	1	128.00	128.00	D	BULK LOADING RACK: NO LEAD
N-845-8-0	MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULE	3020-06	1	128.00	128.00	D	BULK LOADING RACK: REGULAR
N-845-9-0	MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULE	3020-06	1	128.00	128.00	D	BULK LOADING RACK: MISCELLANEOUS
N-845-10-4	20,000 gallons	3020-05 C	1	165.00	165.00	A	ONE 20,000 GALLON VERTICAL FIXED ROOF VOLATILE ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANK (TK-420) SERVED BY THE JOHN ZINK LLC CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (N-845-22)
N-845-11-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-12-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-13-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-14-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-15-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-16-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-17-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-18-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:

### Detailed Facility Report

For Facility=845

Sorted by Facility Number and Permit Number

PERMIT NUMBER	FEE DESCRIPTION	FEE RULE	QTY	FEE AMOUNT	FEE TOTAL	PERMIT STATUS	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
N-845-19-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-20-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-21-0	GASOLINE DISP. W/12 NOZZLES	3020-11 A	1	42.00	42.00	D	GASOLINE TANK WITH PH I VAPOR RECOVERY:
N-845-22-6	42 hp electric motor	3020-01 B	1	143.00	143.00	A	JOHN ZINK, LLC MODEL #S3-AAD-3-80-80-8 CARBON ADSORPTION VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM
N-845-23-3	4,000 gallons	3020-05 A	1	91.00	91.00	A	4,000 GALLON ABOVEGROUND DIESEL LUBRICITY ADDITIVE STORAGE TANK (TK-11) WITH A PRESSURE-VACUUM RELIEF VALVE
N-845-24-2	2,231,508,Gallons	3020-05 G	1	461.00	461.00	A	ONE 2,321,508 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (TK-55) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL
N-845-28-1	571,068 gallon	3020-05 F	1	362.00	362.00	A	ONE 571,068 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF DENATURED ETHANOL STORAGE TANK (NO. 20) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL
N-845-29-0	1,347,627 gallon	3020-05 G	1	461.00	461.00	A	ONE 1,347,627 GALLON ABOVEGROUND WELDED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF GASOLINE STORAGE TANK (NO. 32) WITH A MECHANICAL SHOE TYPE PRIMARY SEAL AND A RIM-MOUNTED SECONDARY SEAL
N-845-30-3	55 hp (total) electric motor	3020-01 C	1	239.00	239.00	A	DENATURED ETHANOL BULK OFFLOADING OPERATION CONSISTING OF ONE RAILCAR OFFLOADING STATION AND ONE TRUCK OFFLOADING STATION

Number of Facilities Reported: 1

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# ATTACHMENT D

## Rule 4601 Stringency Analysis

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**Stringency Comparison of District Rule 4601 Non-SIP Version (4/16/20) to Current SIP Version (12/17/09)**

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
2.0 Applicability	This rule is applicable to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures, blends or repackages any architectural coating for use within the District.	This rule is applicable to any person who supplies, markets, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures, blends or repackages any architectural coating for use within the District.	The only change is to include applicability of this rule to the person marketing the coatings, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than SIP version.
4.0 Exemptions	<p>4.1 The provisions of this rule shall not apply to:</p> <p>4.1.1 Any architectural coating that is supplied, sold, offered for sale, or manufactured for use outside of the District or for shipment to other manufacturers for reformulation or repackaging.</p> <p>4.1.2 Any aerosol coating product.</p> <p>4.2 With the exception of Section 6.2, the provisions of this rule shall not apply to any architectural coating that is sold in a container with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less.</p>	<p>4.1 The provisions of this rule shall not apply to:</p> <p>4.1.1 Any architectural coating that is supplied, sold, offered for sale, or manufactured for use outside of the District or for shipment to other manufacturers for reformulation or repackaging.</p> <p>4.1.2 Any aerosol coating product.</p> <p>4.2 With the exception of Section 6.2 and Section 4.3, the provisions of this rule shall not apply to any architectural coating that is sold in a container with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less, provided the following requirements are met:</p> <p>4.2.1 The coating container is not bundled together with other containers of the same specific coating category (listed in Table 1) to be sold as a unit that exceeds one liter (1.057 quart), excluding containers packed together for shipping to a retail outlet, and</p> <p>4.2.2 The label or any other product literature does not suggest combining multiple containers of the same specific category (listed in Table 1) so that the combination exceeds one liter (1.057 quart).</p> <p>4.3 On and after sixty days following the effective date of EPA final rulemaking that the conditions described in Clean Air Act Sections 172(c)(9) and 182(c)(9) have occurred in the San Joaquin Valley regarding the 2008 8-hour Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard, the categories of coatings listed below shall no longer be exempt from the provisions of Table 1 of this rule when sold in containers having capacities of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less:</p> <p>4.3.1 Bituminous Roof Coatings;</p> <p>4.3.2 Flat Coatings that are sold in containers having capacities greater than eight fluid ounces;</p> <p>4.3.3 Magnesite Cement Coatings;</p> <p>4.3.4 Multi-Color Coatings;</p>	The exemptions for colorant and for architectural coatings sold in a container with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less have been added to the rule in order to make the amended rule consistent with the exemptions presented in 2020 California Air Resources Board (ARB) Suggested Control Measures (SCM) for Architectural Coatings. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is as stringent as the SIP version of the rule.

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
		<p>4.3.5 Nonflat Coatings that are sold in containers having capacities greater than eight fluid ounces;</p> <p>4.3.6 Pre-Treatment Wash Primers;</p> <p>4.3.7 Reactive Penetrating Sealers;</p> <p>4.3.8 Shellacs (Clear and Opaque);</p> <p>4.3.9 Stone Consolidants;</p> <p>4.3.10 Swimming Pool Coatings;</p> <p>4.3.11 Tub and Tile Refinishing Coatings;</p> <p>4.3.12 Wood Coatings, including Lacquers, Varnishes, and Sanding Sealers; and</p> <p>4.3.13 Wood Preservatives.</p> <p>4.4 Colorant added at the factory or at the worksite is not subject to the VOC limits in Table 2. In addition, containers of colorant sold at the point of sale for use in the field or on a job site are also not subject to the VOC limit in Table 2.</p>	
5.0 Requirements	5.1 VOC Content Limits: Except as provided in Sections 5.2 and 5.3, no person shall manufacture, blend, or repackage for use within the District; or supply, sell, or offer for sale within the District; or solicit for application or apply within the District any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, after the specified effective date in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2. Limits are expressed as VOC Regulatory, thinned to the manufacturer's maximum thinning recommendation, excluding any colorant added to tint bases.	5.1 VOC Content Limits: Except as provided in Sections 5.2 and 5.3, no person shall manufacture, blend, or repackage for use within the District; or supply, sell, market or offer for sale within the District; or solicit for application or apply within the District any architectural coating or colorant with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in Table 1 or Table 2, after the specified effective date in Table 1 or Table 2. Limits are expressed as VOC Regulatory, thinned to the manufacturer's maximum thinning recommendation, excluding any colorant added to tint bases.	<b>The Table of Standards 1 and the Table of Standard 2 have been replaced with more stringent Table 1 with VOC content limit for coatings and Table 2 with VOC content limit for colorants with more stringent VOC limits as shown in the tables at the end of this document. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</b>
	5.2 Most Restrictive VOC Limit: If a coating meets the definition in Section 3.0 for one or more specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, then that coating is not required to meet the VOC limits for Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss coatings, but is required to meet the VOC limit for the applicable specialty coating listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2. 5.2.1 Effective until December 31, 2010, with the exception of the specialty coating categories specified in Section 5.2.3.1 through 5.2.3.15, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 1, the most restrictive (or lowest) VOC content limit shall apply. 5.2.2 Effective on and after January 1, 2011, with the exception of the specialty coating categories specified in Sections 5.2.3.2, 5.2.3.3, 5.2.3.5 through 5.2.3.9, and 5.2.3.14 through 5.2.3.18, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the	5.2 Most Restrictive VOC Limit: If a coating meets the definition in Section 3.0 for one or more specialty coating categories listed in Table 1 or, then that coating is not required to meet the VOC limits for Flat or Nonflat coatings, but is required to meet the VOC limit for the applicable specialty coating listed in Table 1 or . With the exception of the specialty coating categories specified in Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.12, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the specialty coating categories listed in Table 1, then the most restrictive (or lowest) VOC content limit shall apply. This requirement applies to: usage recommendations that appear anywhere on the coating container, anywhere on any label or sticker affixed to the container, or in any sales, advertising, or technical literature supplied by a manufacturer or anyone acting on their behalf.	<b>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</b>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 2, the most restrictive (or lowest) VOC content limit shall apply.</p> <p>5.2.3 This requirement applies to: usage recommendations that appear anywhere on the coating container, anywhere on any label or sticker affixed to the container, or in any sales, advertising, or technical literature supplied by a manufacturer or anyone acting on their behalf.</p> <p>5.2.3.1 Lacquer coatings (including lacquer sanding sealers)</p> <p>5.2.3.2 Metallic pigmented coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.3 Shellacs</p> <p>5.2.3.4 Fire-retardant coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.5 Pretreatment wash primers</p> <p>5.2.3.6 Industrial maintenance coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.7 Low-solids coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.8 Wood preservatives</p> <p>5.2.3.9 High temperature coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.10 Temperature-indicator safety coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.11 Antenna coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.12 Antifouling coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.13 Flow coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.14 Bituminous roof primers</p> <p>5.2.3.15 Specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters</p> <p>5.2.3.16 Aluminum roof coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.17 Zinc-rich primers</p> <p>5.2.3.18 Wood Coatings</p>	<p>5.2.1 Metallic pigmented coatings;</p> <p>5.2.2 Shellacs;</p> <p>5.2.3 Pretreatment wash primers;</p> <p>5.2.4 Industrial maintenance coatings;</p> <p>5.2.5 Low-solids coatings;</p> <p>5.2.6 Wood preservatives;</p> <p>5.2.7 High temperature coatings;</p> <p>5.2.8 Bituminous roof primers;</p> <p>5.2.9 Specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters;</p> <p>5.2.10 Aluminum roof coatings;</p> <p>5.2.11 Zinc-rich primers; and</p> <p>5.2.12 Wood Coatings.</p>	
	<p>5.3 Sell-Through of Coatings: A coating manufactured prior to the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, and that complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured, may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the specified effective date. In addition, a coating manufactured before the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 may be applied at any time, both before and after the specified effective date, so long as the coating complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured. This Section 5.3 does not apply to any coating that does not display the date or date-code required by Section 6.1.1.</p>	<p>5.3 Sell-Through of Coatings: 5.3.1 A coating manufactured prior to January 1, 2022, may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after January 1, 2022. In addition, a coating manufactured before January 1, 2022 may be applied at any time, both before and after January 1, 2022, so long as the coating complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured. This subsection 5.3.1 does not apply to any coating that does not display the date or date-code required by subsection 6.1.1. 5.3.2 A colorant manufactured prior to January 1, 2022, may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after January 1, 2022. In addition, a colorant manufactured before January 1, 2022 may be applied at any time, both before and after January 1, 2022, so long as the colorant complied with the standards in effect at the time the colorant was manufactured. This subsection 5.3.2 does not apply to any colorant that does not display the date or date-code required by subsection 6.1.1.</p>	<p><b>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</b></p>
	<p>5.4 Painting Practices: All architectural coating containers used to apply the contents therein to a surface directly from the container by pouring, siphoning, brushing, rolling, padding, ragging or other means,</p>	<p>5.4 Painting Practices: All architectural coating containers used to apply the contents therein to a surface directly from the container by pouring, siphoning, brushing, rolling, padding,</p>	<p><b>No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</b></p>



Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	shall be closed when not in use. These architectural coating containers include, but are not limited to, drums, buckets, cans, pails, trays or other application containers. Containers of any VOC-containing materials used for thinning and cleanup shall also be closed when not in use.	ragging or other means, shall be closed when not in use. These architectural coating containers include, but are not limited to, drums, buckets, cans, pails, trays or other application containers. Containers of any VOC-containing materials used for thinning and cleanup shall also be closed when not in use.	
	5.5 Thinning: No person who applies or solicits the application of any architectural coating shall apply a coating that is thinned to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2.	5.5 Thinning: No person who applies or solicits the application of any architectural coating shall apply a coating that is thinned to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2.	<b>No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</b>
	5.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective through December 31, 2010, no person shall apply or solicit the application of any rust preventative coating for industrial use, unless such a rust preventative coating complies with the industrial maintenance coating VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1.		<b>The VOC limit of the SIP version is no longer applicable at this time and has been removed.</b>
	5.7 Coatings Not Listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2: For any coating that does not meet any of the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, the VOC content limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as a Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss coating, based on its gloss, and the corresponding Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss VOC limit in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 shall apply.	5.6 Coatings Not Listed in Table 1: For any coating that does not meet any of the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in Table 1, the VOC content limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as Flat or Nonflat, based on its gloss, and the corresponding Flat or Nonflat VOC limit in Table 1 shall apply.	<b>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</b>
		5.7 Colorants: No person within the District shall, at the point of sale of any architectural coating subject to subsection 5.1, add to such coating any colorant that contains VOCs in excess of the corresponding applicable VOC limit specified in Table 2. The point of sale includes retail outlets that add colorant to a coating container to obtain a specific color.	<b>The VOC limit for colorants in non-SIP version more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</b>
	5.8 Prior to January 1, 2011, any coating that meets a definition in Section 3.0 for a coating category listed in the Table of Standards 2 and complies with the applicable VOC limit in the Table of Standards 2 and with Sections 5.2 and 6.1 (including those provision of Section 6.1 otherwise effective on January 1, 2011) shall be considered in compliance with this rule.		<b>The VOC limit of the SIP version is no longer applicable at this time and has been removed.</b>
Table of Standards 1 (Effective on and after 1/1/11)		Table 1 VOC Content Limits for Coatings (Effective on and after 1/1/22) (See end of the document for Table Comparison)	<b>The requirements of Table of Standard 1 are more stringent than the Table 1 in the SIP rule. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</b>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	Table of Standards 2 (Effective on and after 1/1/11)	Table 2 VOC Content Limits for Colorants (Effective on and after 1/1/22) (See end of the document for Table Comparison)	VOC content limits for colorants were added under the amended rule. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
6.0 Administrative Requirements	<p>6.1 Labeling Requirements: Each manufacturer of any architectural coating subject to this rule shall display the information listed in Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.14 on the coating container (or label) in which the coating is sold or distributed.</p> <p>6.1.1 Date Code: The date the coating was manufactured, or a date code representing the date, shall be indicated on the label, lid or bottom of the container. If the manufacturer uses a date code for any coating, the manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the Executive Officer of the ARB.</p> <p>6.1.2 Thinning Recommendations: A statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning of the coating shall be indicated on the label or lid of the container. This requirement does not apply to the thinning of architectural coatings with water. If thinning of the coating prior to use is not necessary, the recommendation must specify that the coating is to be applied without thinning.</p> <p>6.1.3 VOC Content: Each container of any coating subject to this rule shall display one of the following values, in grams of VOC per liter of coating:</p> <p>6.1.3.1 Maximum VOC Content, as determined from all potential product formulations; or</p> <p>6.1.3.2 VOC Content, as determined from actual formulation data; or</p> <p>6.1.3.3 VOC Content, as determined using the test methods in Section 6.3.2.</p> <p>If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multicomponent product, the container must display the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOCs during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.</p> <p>6.1.4 Faux Finishing Coatings: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all clear topcoat Faux Finishing coatings shall prominently display the statement "This product can only be sold or used as part</p>	<p>6.1 Labeling Requirements: Each manufacturer of any architectural coating subject to this rule shall display the information listed in Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.12 on the coating container (or label) in which the coating is sold or distributed.</p> <p>6.1.1 Date Code: The date the coating was manufactured, or a date code representing the date, shall be indicated on the label, lid or bottom of the container. If the manufacturer uses a date code for any coating, the manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the Executive Officer of the ARB.</p> <p>6.1.2 Thinning Recommendations: A statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning of the coating shall be indicated on the label or lid of the container. This requirement does not apply to the thinning of architectural coatings with water. If thinning of the coating prior to use is not necessary, the recommendation must specify that the coating is to be applied without thinning.</p> <p>6.1.3 VOC Content: Each container of any coating subject to this rule shall display one of the following values, in grams of VOC per liter of coating:</p> <p>6.1.3.1 Maximum VOC Content, as determined from all potential product formulations; or</p> <p>6.1.3.2 VOC Content, as determined from actual formulation data; or</p> <p>6.1.3.3 VOC Content, as determined using the test methods in Section 6.3.2.</p> <p>If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multicomponent product, the container must display the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOCs during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing. VOC Content shall be determined as defined in subsections</p>	The non-SIP approved rule contain sections listed in the SIP rule plus additional requirements not found in the SIP version for colorants. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>of a Faux Finishing coating system”.</p> <p>6.1.5 Industrial Maintenance Coatings: Each manufacturer of any industrial maintenance coating subject to this rule shall display on the label or lid of the container in which the coating is sold or distributed one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.5.1 through 6.1.5.3.</p> <p>6.1.5.1 “For industrial use only”</p> <p>6.1.5.2 “For professional use only”</p> <p>6.1.5.3 “Not for residential use” or “Not intended for residential use”</p> <p>6.1.6 Clear Brushing Lacquers: The labels of all clear brushing lacquers shall prominently display the statements “For brush application only,” and “This product must not be thinned or sprayed.” (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.1.7 Rust Preventative Coatings: The labels of all rust preventative coatings shall prominently display the statement “For Metal Substrates Only”.</p> <p>6.1.8 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Effective until December 31, 2010, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Section 6.1.8.1 through 6.1.8.5. Effective on and after January 1, 2011, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers, and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Sections 6.1.8.1 through 6.1.8.3. On and after January 1, 2011, Sections 6.1.8.4 and 6.1.8.5 will be no longer effective.</p> <p>6.1.8.1 For fire-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.2 For smoke-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.3 For water-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.4 For excessively chalky substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.5 For blocking stains.</p> <p>6.1.9 Quick Dry Enamels: The labels of all quick dry enamels shall prominently display the words “Quick Dry” and the dry hard time. (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.1.10 Reactive Penetrating Sealers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Reactive Penetrating Sealers shall prominently display the statement “Reactive Penetrating Sealer.”</p> <p>6.1.11 Stone Consolidants: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Stone Consolidants shall prominently display the statement “Stone Consolidant - For Professional Use Only.”</p> <p>6.1.12 Nonflat– High Gloss Coatings: The labels of all Nonflat – high gloss coatings shall prominently display the words “High Gloss.”</p>	<p>3.72, 3.73, and 3.74.</p> <p>6.1.4 Faux Finishing Coatings: The labels of all clear topcoat Faux Finishing coatings shall prominently display the statement “This product can only be sold or used as part of a Faux Finishing coating system”.</p> <p>6.1.5 Industrial Maintenance Coatings: Each manufacturer of any industrial maintenance coating subject to this rule shall display on the label or lid of the container in which the coating is sold or distributed one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.5.1 through 6.1.5.3.</p> <p>6.1.5.1 “For industrial use only”</p> <p>6.1.5.2 “For professional use only”</p> <p>6.1.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: The labels of all rust preventative coatings shall prominently display the statement “For Metal Substrates Only”.</p> <p>6.1.7 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: The labels of all specialty primers, sealers, and undercoaters shall prominently display the statement “Specialty Primer, Sealer, Undercoater”</p> <p>6.1.8 Reactive Penetrating Sealers: The labels of all Reactive Penetrating Sealers shall prominently display the statement “Reactive Penetrating Sealer.”</p> <p>6.1.9 Stone Consolidants: The labels of all Stone Consolidants shall prominently display the statement “Stone Consolidant - For Professional Use Only.”</p> <p>6.1.10 Wood Coatings: The labels of all Wood Coatings shall prominently display the statement “For Wood Substrates Only.”</p> <p>6.1.11 Zinc Rich Primers: The labels of all Zinc Rich Primers shall prominently display the statement “For professional use only.”</p> <p>6.1.12 Colorants: Effective January 1, 2022, each manufacturer of any colorant subject to this rule shall display the information listed in subsections 6.1.12.1 and 6.1.12.2 on the container (or label) in which the colorant is sold or distributed.</p> <p>6.1.12.1 Date Code: The date the colorant was manufactured, or a date code representing the date, shall be indicated on the label, lid, or bottom of the container. If the manufacturer uses a date code for any colorant, the manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the APCO.</p> <p>6.1.12.2 VOC Content: Each container of any colorant subject to this rule shall display one of the following values in grams of VOC per liter of</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>6.1.13 Wood Coatings: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Wood Coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Wood Substrates Only."</p> <p>6.1.14 Zinc Rich Primers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Zinc Rich Primers shall prominently display one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.14.1 through 6.1.14.3.</p> <p>6.1.14.1 "For industrial use only"</p> <p>6.1.14.2 "For professional use only"</p> <p>6.1.14.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use"</p>	<p>colorant.</p> <p>6.1.12.2.1 Maximum VOC Content as determined from all potential product formulations; or</p> <p>6.1.12.2.2 VOC Content as determined from actual formulation data; or</p> <p>6.1.12.2.3 VOC Content as determined using the test methods in subsection 6.3.2.</p> <p>If the colorant contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOCs during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing. VOC Content shall be determined as defined in subsections 3.72, 3.73, and 3.74.</p>	
	<p>6.2 Reporting Requirements</p> <p>The reporting requirements specified in Sections 6.2.1 through 6.2.6 shall apply until December 31, 2010.</p> <p>6.2.1 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Each manufacturer of clear brushing lacquers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of clear brushing lacquers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.2 Rust Preventative Coatings: Each manufacturer of rust preventative coatings shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of rust preventative coatings sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.3 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Each manufacturer of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.4 Toxic Exempt Compounds: For each architectural coating that contains perchloroethylene or methylene chloride, the manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of</p>	<p>6.2 Reporting Requirements</p> <p>6.2.1 Sales Data: All sales data listed in Sections 6.2.1.1 to 6.2.1.14 shall be maintained on-site by the responsible official for a minimum of three years. A responsible official from each manufacturer shall upon request of the Executive Officer of CARB, or his or her delegate, provide data concerning the distribution and sales of architectural coatings. Sales data submitted by the responsible official to the Executive Officer of the ARB may be claimed as confidential, and such information shall be handled in accordance with the procedures specified in Title 17, California Code of Regulations Sections 91000-91022. The responsible official shall within 180 days provide information, including, but not limited to the data listed in Sections 6.2.1.1 through 6.2.1.14:</p> <p>6.2.1.1 The name and mailing address of the manufacturer;</p> <p>6.2.1.2 The name, address and telephone number of a contact person;</p> <p>6.2.1.3 The name of the coating product as it appears on the label and the applicable coating category;</p> <p>6.2.1.4 Whether the product is marketed for interior or exterior use or both;</p> <p>6.2.1.5 The number of gallons sold in California in containers greater than one liter (1.057 quart) and equal to or less than one liter (1.057 quart);</p> <p>6.2.1.6 The VOC Actual content and VOC Regulatory content in grams per liter. If thinning is recommended, list the VOC Actual content and VOC Regulatory content after maximum recommended thinning. If containers less</p>	<p><b>All the reporting requirements were removed except the sales data requirements presented in 2020 California Air Resources Board (ARB) Suggested Control Measures (SCM) for Architectural Coatings in order to make the amended rule consistent with SCM. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</b></p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>the ARB the following information for products sold in the State during the preceding year:</p> <p>6.2.4.1 the product brand name and a copy of the product label with legible usage instructions;</p> <p>6.2.4.2 the product category listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 to which the coating belongs;</p> <p>6.2.4.3 the total sales in California during the calendar year to the nearest gallon;</p> <p>6.2.4.4 the volume percent, to the nearest 0.10 percent, of perchloroethylene and methylene chloride in the coating.</p> <p>6.2.5 Recycled Coatings: Manufacturers of recycled coatings must submit a letter to the Executive Officer of the ARB certifying their status as a Recycled Paint Manufacturer. The manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning with the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall include, for all recycled coatings, the total number of gallons distributed in the State during the preceding year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State distribution.</p> <p>6.2.6 Bituminous Coatings: Each manufacturer of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning with the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate state sales.</p> <p>6.2.7 Effective on and after January 1, 2011, Sales Data: All sales data listed in Sections 6.2.7.1 to 6.2.7.14 shall be maintained on-site by the responsible official for a minimum of three years. A responsible official from each manufacturer shall upon request of the Executive Officer of the ARB, or his or her delegate, provide data concerning the distribution and sales of architectural coatings. Sales data submitted by the responsible official to the Executive Officer of the ARB may be claimed as confidential, and such information shall be handled in accordance with the procedures specified in Title 17, California Code of Regulations Sections 91000-91022. The responsible official shall within 180 days provide information, including, but not limited to the data listed in Sections</p>	<p>than one liter have a different VOC content than containers greater than one liter, list separately. If the coating is a multi-component product, provide the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed;</p> <p>6.2.1.7 The names and CAS numbers of the VOC constituents in the product;</p> <p>6.2.1.8 The names and CAS numbers of any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition;</p> <p>6.2.1.9 Whether the product is marketed as solvent-borne, waterborne, or 100% solids;</p> <p>6.2.1.10 Description of resin or binder in the product;</p> <p>6.2.1.11 Whether the coating is a single-component or multi-component product;</p> <p>6.2.1.12 The density of the product in pounds per gallon;</p> <p>6.2.1.13 The percent by weight of: solids, all volatile materials, water, and any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition; and</p> <p>6.2.1.14 The percent by volume of: solids, water, and any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition.</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>6.2.7.1 through 6.2.7.14:</p> <p>6.2.7.1 the name and mailing address of the manufacturer;</p> <p>6.2.7.2 the name, address and telephone number of a contact person;</p> <p>6.2.7.3 the name of the coating product as it appears on the label and the applicable coating category;</p> <p>6.2.7.4 whether the product is marketed for interior or exterior use or both;</p> <p>6.2.7.5 the number of gallons sold in California in containers greater than one liter (1.057 quart) and equal to or less than one liter (1.057 quart);</p> <p>6.2.7.6 the VOC Actual content and VOC Regulatory content in grams per liter. If thinning is recommended, list the VOC Actual content and VOC Regulatory content after maximum recommended thinning. If containers less than one liter have a different VOC content than containers greater than one liter, list separately. If the coating is a multi-component product, provide the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed;</p> <p>6.2.7.7 the names and CAS numbers of the VOC constituents in the product;</p> <p>6.2.7.8 the names and CAS numbers of any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition;</p> <p>6.2.7.9 whether the product is marketed as solvent-borne, waterborne, or 100% solids;</p> <p>6.2.7.10 description of resin or binder in the product;</p> <p>6.2.7.11 whether the coating is a single-component or multi-component product;</p> <p>6.2.7.12 the density of the product in pounds per gallon;</p> <p>6.2.7.13 the percent by weight of: solids, all volatile materials, water, and any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition; and</p> <p>6.2.7.14 the percent by volume of: solids, water, and any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition.</p>		
	<p>6.3 Test Methods</p> <p>The test methods listed below shall be used to demonstrate compliance with this rule. Alternate equivalent test methods</p>	<p>6.3 Test Methods</p> <p>The test methods listed below shall be used to demonstrate compliance with this rule. Alternate equivalent test</p>	<p><b>Numerous definitions were added, deleted or modified in order to make the amended rule</b></p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>may be used provided the test methods have been approved by the APCO and EPA.</p> <p>6.3.1 Calculation of VOC Content: For the purpose of determining compliance with the VOC content limits in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, the VOC content of a coating shall be determined as defined in Section 3.77, 3.78, or 3.79 as appropriate. The VOC content of a tint base shall be determined without colorant that is added after the tint base is manufactured. If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated for the product as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multi-component product, the VOC content must be calculated as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOC during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.</p> <p>6.3.2 VOC Content of Coatings: To determine the physical properties of a coating in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.77 and 3.79, the reference method for VOC content is EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.3 and 6.3.16. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised February 1996). The exempt compounds content shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1993), BAAQMD Method 43 (Revised 1996), or BAAQMD Method 41 (Revised 1995), as applicable. To determine the VOC content of a coating, the manufacturer may use EPA Method 24, or an alternative method as provided in Section 6.3.3, formulation data, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, recordkeeping). However, if there are any inconsistencies between the results of EPA Method 24 test and any other means for determining VOC content, the EPA Method 24 test results will govern, except when an alternative method is approved as specified in Section 6.3.3. The District Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO) may require the manufacturer to conduct an EPA Method 24 analysis.</p> <p>6.3.3 Alternative Test Methods: Other test methods demonstrated to provide results that are acceptable for purposes</p>	<p>methods may be used provided the test methods have been approved by the APCO and EPA.</p> <p>6.3.1 Calculation of VOC Content: For the purpose of determining compliance with the VOC content limits in Table 1 or the 2, the VOC content of a coating shall be determined as defined in Section 3.71, 3.72, or 3.73 as appropriate. The VOC content of a tint base shall be determined without colorant that is added after the tint base is manufactured. If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated for the product as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multi-component product, the VOC content must be calculated as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOC during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.</p> <p>6.3.2 VOC Content of Coatings: To VOC Content of Coatings or Colorants: To determine the physical properties of a coating or colorant in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.71 and 3.73, the reference method for VOC content is EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.3 and 6.3.15. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings or colorants is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised February 1996). The exempt compounds content shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1996), BAAQMD Method 43 (Revised 2005), or BAAQMD Method 41 (Revised 2005), as applicable. To determine the VOC content of a coating or colorant, the manufacturer may use EPA Method 24, or an alternative method as provided in Section 6.3.4, formulation data, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating or colorant has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, recordkeeping). However, if there are any inconsistencies between the results of EPA Method 24 test and any other means for determining VOC content, the EPA Method 24 test results will govern, except when an alternative method is approved as specified in Section 6.3.4. The District Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO) may require</p>	<p>consistent with definitions and rule requirements presented in 2020 California Air Resources Board (ARB) Suggested Control Measures (SCM) for Architectural Coatings. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>of determining compliance with Section 6.3.2 4, after review and approved in writing by the staffs of the District, ARB and EPA, may also be used.</p> <p>6.3.4 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: Analysis of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be conducted according to a modification of EPA Method 24 (40 CFR 59, subpart D, Appendix A). This method has not been approved for methacrylate multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than as traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings.</p> <p>6.3.5 Flame Spread Index: The flame spread index of a fire-retardant coating shall be determined by ASTM E84-07, "Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials" (see Section 3.0, Fire-Retardant Coating).</p> <p>6.3.6 Fire Resistance Rating: The fire resistance rating of a fire-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM E119-07, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials" (see Section 3.0, Fire-Resistive Coating).</p> <p>6.3.7 Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D523-89 (1999), "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3.0, Flat Coating, Nonflat Coating, Nonflat-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dry Enamel).</p> <p>6.3.8 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3.0, Metallic Pigmented Coating, Aluminum Roof Coating and Faux Finish).</p> <p>6.3.9 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D1613-06, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products" (see Section 3.0, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).</p> <p>6.3.10 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3.0, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quick-dry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM D1640-95. (Category</p>	<p>the manufacturer to conduct an EPA Method 24 analysis.</p> <p>6.3.3 To determine the VOC content of a coating or colorant with a VOC content of 150 g/l or less, the manufacturer may use SCAQMD Method 313, incorporated by reference in subsection 6.3.34, ASTM D6886-18, incorporated by reference in subsection 6.3.35, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating or colorant has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, record keeping).</p> <p>6.3.4 Alternative Test Methods: Other test methods demonstrated to provide results that are acceptable for purposes of determining compliance with Section 6.3.2 4, after review and approved in writing by the staffs of the District, ARB and EPA, may also be used.</p> <p>6.3.5 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: Analysis of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be conducted according to a modification of EPA Method 24 (40 CFR 59, subpart D, Appendix A). This method has not been approved for methacrylate multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than as traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings.</p> <p>6.3.6 Flame Spread Index: The flame spread index of a fire-retardant coating shall be determined by ASTM E84-18B, "Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials" (see Section 3.0, Fire-Retardant Coating).</p> <p>6.3.7 Fire Resistance Rating: The fire resistance rating of a fire-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM E119-18ce1, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials" (see Section 3.0, Fire-Resistive Coating).</p> <p>6.3.8 Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D523-14 (2018), "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3.0, Flat Coating and Nonflat Coating).</p> <p>6.3.9 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3.0, Metallic Pigmented Coating, Aluminum Roof Coating and Faux Finish).</p> <p>6.3.10 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be</p>	



Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.3.11 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films"(see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater). (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.3.12 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.13 Exempt Compounds—Parachlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF): The exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 41, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Solvent Based Coatings and Related Materials Containing Parachlorobenzotrifluoride," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, adopted 12/20/95 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.14 Exempt Compounds: The content of compounds under U.S. EPA Method 24 shall be analyzed by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1993), "Determination of Exempt Compounds," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.15 VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of a coating shall be determined by EPA Method 24 as it exists in appendix A of 40 <i>Code of Federal Regulations</i> (CFR) part 60, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings" (see Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.16 Alternative VOC Content of Coatings: <i>The VOC content of coatings may be analyzed either by U.S. EPA Method 24 or SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials," SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples.</i></p> <p>6.3.17 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: The VOC content of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be</p>	<p>determined by ASTM D1613-17, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products" (see Section 3.0, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).</p> <p>6.3.11 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, revised 2006 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.12 Exempt Compounds—Parachlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF): The exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 41, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Solvent Based Coatings and Related Materials Containing Parachlorobenzotrifluoride," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, revised 2006 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.13 Exempt Compounds: The content of compounds exempted under U.S. EPA Method 24 shall be analyzed by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Exempt Compounds," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.14 VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of a coating shall be determined by EPA Method 24 as it exists in appendix A of 40 <i>Code of Federal Regulations</i> (CFR) part 60, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings" (see Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.15 Alternative VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of coatings may be analyzed either by U.S. EPA Method 24 or SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples.</i></p> <p>6.3.16 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: The VOC content of</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>analyzed by the procedures in 40 CFR part 59, subpart D, appendix A, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content of Methacrylate Multicomponent Coatings Used as Traffic Marking Coatings" (September 11, 1998).</p> <p>6.3.18 Hydrostatic Pressure for Basement Specialty Coatings: The hydrostatic pressure resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be analyzed using ASTM D7088-04, "Standard Practice for Resistance to Hydrostatic Pressure for Coatings Used in Below Grade Applications Applied to Masonry".</p> <p>6.3.19 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Adhesion: The adhesion of tub and tile coating shall be determined by ASTM D4585-99, "Standard Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM D3359-02, "Standard Test Methods for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test".</p> <p>6.3.20 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Hardness: The hardness of tub and tile refinish coating shall be determined by ASTM D3363-05, "Standard Test Method for Film Hardness by Pencil Test".</p> <p>6.3.21 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Abrasion Resistance: Abrasion resistance of tub and tile refinish coating shall be analyzed by ASTM D4060-07, "Standard Test Methods for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser".</p> <p>6.3.22 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Water Resistance: Water resistance of tub and tile refinish coatings shall be determined by ASTM D4585-99, "Standard Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM D714-02e1, "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints".</p> <p>6.3.23 Waterproofing Membrane: Waterproofing membrane shall be tested by ASTM C836-06, "Standard Specification for High Solids Content, Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane for Use with Separate Wearing Course".</p> <p>6.3.24 Mold and Mildew Growth for Basement Specialty Coatings: Mold and mildew growth resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be determined by ASTM D3273-00, "Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber" and ASTM D3274-95, "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Surface Disfigurement of Paint Films by Microbial (Fungal or Algal) Growth or Soil and Dirt Accumulation".</p>	<p>methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be analyzed by the procedures in 40 CFR part 59, subpart D, appendix A, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content of Methacrylate Multicomponent Coatings Used as Traffic Marking Coatings" (September 11, 1998).</p> <p>6.3.17 Hydrostatic Pressure for Basement Specialty Coatings: The hydrostatic pressure resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be analyzed using ASTM D7088-17, "Standard Practice for Resistance to Hydrostatic Pressure for Coatings Used in Below Grade Applications Applied to Masonry".</p> <p>6.3.18 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Adhesion: The adhesion of tub and tile coating shall be determined by ASTM D4585/4585M-18, "Standard Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM D3359-17, "Standard Test Methods for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test".</p> <p>6.3.19 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Hardness: The hardness of tub and tile refinish coating shall be determined by ASTM D3363-05 (2011)e2, "Standard Test Method for Film Hardness by Pencil Test".</p> <p>6.3.20 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Abrasion Resistance: Abrasion resistance of tub and tile refinish coating shall be analyzed by ASTM D4060-14, "Standard Test Methods for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser".</p> <p>6.3.21 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Water Resistance: Water resistance of tub and tile refinish coatings shall be determined by ASTM D4585/4585M-18, "Standard Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM D714-02 (2017), "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints".</p> <p>6.3.22 Waterproofing Membrane: Waterproofing membrane shall be ASTM C836/836M-18, "Standard Specification for High Solids Content, Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane for Use with Separate Wearing Course".</p> <p>6.3.23 Mold and Mildew Growth for Basement Specialty Coatings: Mold and mildew growth resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be determined by ASTM D3273-16, "Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
	<p>6.3.25 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Repellency: Reactive penetrating sealer water repellency shall be analyzed by ASTM C67-07, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile"; or ASTM C97-02, "Standard Test Methods for Absorption and Bulk Specific Gravity of Dimension Stone"; or ASTM C140-06, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units".</p> <p>6.3.26 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Vapor Transmission: Reactive penetrating sealer water vapor transmission shall be analyzed ASTM E96/E96M-05, "Standard Test Method for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials".</p> <p>6.3.27 Reactive Penetrating Sealer - Chloride Screening Applications: Reactive penetrating sealers shall be analyzed by National Cooperative Highway Research Report 244 (1981), "Concrete Sealers for the Protection of Bridge Structures".</p> <p>6.3.28 Stone Consolidants: Stone consolidants shall be tested using ASTM E2167-01, "Standard Guide for Selection and Use of Stone Consolidants".</p>	<p>Environmental Chamber" and ASTM D3274-09 (2017), "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Surface Disfigurement of Paint Films by Fungal or Algal Growth or Soil and Dirt Accumulation". 6.3.25 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Repellency: Reactive penetrating sealer water repellency shall be analyzed by ASTM C67-07, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile"; or ASTM C97-02, "Standard Test Methods for Absorption and Bulk Specific Gravity of Dimension Stone"; or ASTM C140-06, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units".</p> <p>6.3.24 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Repellency: Reactive penetrating sealer water repellency shall be analyzed by ASTM C67/C67M-18, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile"; or ASTM C97/97M-18, "Standard Test Methods for Absorption and Bulk Specific Gravity of Dimension Stone"; or ASTM C140-140M-18a, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units"</p> <p>6.3.25 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Vapor Transmission: Reactive penetrating sealer water vapor transmission shall be analyzed ASTM E96/E96M-16, "Standard Test Method for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials" or ASTM D6490-99 (2014), "Standard Test Method for Water Vapor Transmission of Nonfilm Forming Treatments Used on Cementitious Panels".</p> <p>6.3.26 Reactive Penetrating Sealer - Chloride Screening Applications: Reactive penetrating sealers shall be analyzed by National Cooperative Highway Research Report 244 (1981), "Concrete Sealers for the Protection of Bridge Structures".</p> <p>6.3.27 Stone Consolidants: Stone consolidants shall be tested using ASTM E2167-01 (2008), "Standard Guide for Selection and Use of Stone Consolidants".</p> <p>6.3.28 Building Envelope Coating Air Permeance of Building Materials: ASTM E2178-13, "Standard Test Method for Air Permeance of Building Materials".</p> <p>6.3.29 Building Envelope Coating Water Penetration Testing: ASTM E331-00 (2016), "Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (4/16/20)	Conclusion
		Pressure Difference". 6.3.30 Building Envelope Coating Water Vapor Transmission: ASTM E96/96M-16, "Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials". 6.3.31 Tile and Stone Sealers Absorption: ASTM C373-18, "Standard Test Methods for Determination of Water Absorption and Associated Properties by Vacuum Method for Pressed Ceramic Tile and Glass Tiles and Boil Method for Extruded Ceramic Tiles and Non-tile Fired Ceramic Whiteware Products"; or ASTM C97/97M-18, "Standard Test Methods for Absorption and Bulk Specific Gravity of Dimension Stone"; or ASTM C642-13, "Standard Test Method for Density, Absorption, and Voids in Hardened Concrete". 6.3.32 Tile and Stone Sealers – Static Coefficient of Friction: ANSI A137.1 (2012), "American National Standard of Specifications for Ceramic Tile". 6.3.33 Tile and Stone Sealers Water Vapor Transmissions: ASTM E96/96M-16, "Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials". 6.3.34 VOC Content of Coatings: South Coast AQMD Method 313, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry/Flame Ionization Detection (GS/MS/FID)". 6.3.35 VOC Content of Coatings: ASTM D6886-18, "Standard Test Method for Determination of the Weight Percent Individual Volatile Organic Compounds in Waterborne Air-Dry Coatings by Gas Chromatography".	
<b>7.0 Compliance Schedule</b>	Persons subject to this rule shall be in compliance with this rule by the dates specified within the rule.	Persons subject to this rule shall be in compliance with this rule by the dates specified within the rule.	<b>No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</b>

District Rule 4601 was amended (4/16/20). As analyzed, each amended section of the non-SIP version of the rule is at least as stringent as, or more stringent than the corresponding section of the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, it is concluded that overall the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.

Here is the link to 2020 California Air Resources Board (ARB) Suggested Control Measures (SCM) for Architectural Coatings:

[https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/sites/default/files/2020-07/2020SCM\\_final.pdf](https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/sites/default/files/2020-07/2020SCM_final.pdf)

**Table 1 VOC Content Limits for Coatings**

<b>COATING CATEGORY</b>	<b>Current Rule 4601 VOC Limit (g/l) Effective on and after 1/1/2012</b>	<b>Amended Rule 4601 VOC Limit (g/l) Effective on and after 1/1/2022</b>
<b>Flat Coatings</b>	50	50
<b>Nonflat Coatings</b>	100	50
<b>Specialty Coatings -</b>		
Aluminum Roof Coatings	400	100
Basement Specialty Coatings	400	400
Bituminous Roof Coatings	50	50
Bituminous Roof Primers	350	350
Bond Breakers	350	350
Building Envelope Coatings	-	50
Concrete Curing Compounds	350	350
Concrete/Masonry Sealers	100	100
Driveway Sealers	50	50
Dry Fog Coatings	150	50
Faux Finishing Coatings	350	350
Fire Resistive Coatings	350	150
Floor Coatings	100	50
Form-Release Compounds	250	100
Graphic Arts Coatings (Sign Paints)	500	500
High Temperature Coatings	420	420
Industrial Maintenance Coatings	250	250
Low Solids Coatings <sup>12</sup>	120 <sup>1</sup>	120 <sup>1</sup>
Magnesite Cement Coatings	450	450
Mastic Texture Coatings	100	100
Metallic Pigmented Coatings	500	500
Multi-Color Coatings	250	250
Pre-Treatment Wash Primers	420	420
Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters	100	100
Reactive Penetrating Sealers	350	350
Recycled Coatings	250	250
Roof Coatings	50	50
Rust Preventative Coatings	250	250
Shellacs:		
Clear	730	730
Opaque	550	550
Specialty Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters	100	100
Stains	250	100
Interior Stains	250	
Stone Consolidants	450	450
Swimming Pool Coatings	340	340
Tile and Stone Sealers	100	
Traffic Marking Coatings	100	100
Tub and Tile Refinish Coatings	420	420
Waterproofing Membranes	250	100
Wood Coatings	275	275
Wood Preservatives	350	350
Zinc-Rich Primers	340	340

**Table 2 VOC Content Limits for Colorants**

<b>Colorants Added To</b>	<b>VOC Limit (g/l) Effective on and after 1/1/2022</b>
Architectural Coatings, excluding Industrial Maintenance Coatings	50
Solvent Based Industrial Maintenance Coatings	600
Waterborne Industrial Maintenance Coatings	50
Wood Coatings	600