San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District

Best Performance Standard (BPS) x.x.xx

Class	Gaseous Fuel-Fired Boilers	
Category	New Boilers with Rated Steam Pressure 75 psig and Greater, Fired Exclusively on Natural Gas or LPG	
Best Performance Standard	1. The boiler shall be either equipped with an economizer system meeting the following design criteria or shall be equipped with an approved alternate heat recovery system which will collectively provide heat recovery from the boiler flue gas which is equivalent.	
	 <u>Economizer System Criteria</u> A. Except for boilers subject to the requirements of item B below, the economizer system shall consist of, as a minimum, a single stage economizer section which will recover energy from the boiler flue gas by heat exchange with the boiler feed water. The economizer system shall be designed at maximum boiler firing rate to either 1) reduce the temperature of the economizer flue gas outlet to a value no greater than 20 °F above the temperature of the boiler feed water at maximum firing rate, or 2) heat the boiler feed water to a temperature which is no less than 30 °F below the steam temperature at the steam drum, or 3) reduce the final temperature of the boiler's flue gas to a temperature no greater than 200 °F. 	
	For purposes of this BPS, boiler feedwater temperature is defined as the temperature of the water stream delivered to the boiler from the deaerator or boiler feedwater tank.	
	B. For boilers with rated capacity in excess of 20 MMBtu/hr which have a average water supply temperature which is equal to or less than 150 °F, the boiler shall equipped with an economizer designed to reduce the temperature of the flue gas outlet to a value no greater than 50 °F above the water supply temperature when the boiler is operating at maximum firing rate.	
	For purposes of this BPS, water supply temperature is defined as the weighted average temperature of the combined makeup water and the recovered condensate delivered to the boiler upstream of any deaerator or other feedwater preheater but after benefit of any other heat recovery operations which recover waste heat from the boiler by transfer to the boiler water supply (such as boiler blowdown heat recovery)	
	 Electric motors driving combustion air fans or induced draft fans shall have an efficiency meeting the standards of the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA) for "premium efficiency" motors and shall each be operated with a variable speed control or equivalent for control of flow through the fan, and 	

3. For boilers with rated fired duty in excess of 20 MMBtu/hr and a rated steam pressure of 125 psig or greater, the boiler shall be A) equipped with an O₂ trim system which will control oxygen content of the stack gases to a maximum of 3 volume % dry basis except during any period of startup or shutdown not to exceed 2 hours in duration and B) shall limit the recirculation of flue gas to a value not exceeding 10 percent of total flue gas volume.

4. For boilers with rated fired duty in excess of 20 MMBtu/hr and a boiler blowdown rate exceeding 8 % of steam production, the boiler shall be equipped with 1) an automatic boiler blowdown control system which will minimize boiler blowdown while controlling dissolved solids in the boiler water at an optimum level and 2) a flash steam recovery system which will recover flash steam from the blowdown pressure reduction and utilize it for feedwater heating in the deaerator or feedwater heater.

Percentage Achieved GHG Emission Reduction Relative to Baseline Emissions

6.9%

District Project Number	C-1100388
Evaluating Engineer	Dennis Roberts, P.E.
Lead Engineer	Martin Keast
Public Notice of Intent Date	April 8, 2010
Public Notice #1 Date (Draft #1)	April 30, 2010
Public Notice #2 Date (Draft #2)	August 30, 2010
Public Notice #2 Closing Date	August 29, 2010
Determination Effective Date	TBD