MAR 10 2020

Ms. Charlotte Campbell
California Resources Production Corporation
11117 River Run Blvd
Bakersfield, CA 93311

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
Facility Number: C-273
Project Number: C-1182939

Dear Ms. Campbell:

Enclosed for your review is the District’s analysis of California Resources Production Corporation’s application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its operation at Kettleman North Dome Unit in Kings County, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project has been posted on the District’s website (www.valleyair.org). After addressing all comments made during the 30-day public notice and the 45-day EPA comment periods, the District intends to issue the Federally Mandated Operating Permit. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period, as specified in the enclosed public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Errol Villegas, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

Arnaud Marjollet
Director of Permit Services

Enclosures

cc: Courtney Graham, CARB (w/enclosure) via email
cc: Gerardo C. Rios, EPA (w/enclosure) via EPS

Samir Sheikh
Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

Northern Region
4800 Enterprise Way
Modesto, CA 95356-8718
Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475

Central Region (Main Office)
1580 E. Gettysburg Avenue
Fresno, CA 93726-0244
Tel: (559) 230-8000 FAX: (559) 230-8061

Southern Region
34948 Flyover Court
Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725
Tel: 661-392-5500 FAX: 661-392-5585

www.valleyair.org www.healthyairliving.com
TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. PROPOSAL ..................................................................................................................................... 1
II. FACILITY LOCATION .................................................................................................................. 1
III. EQUIPMENT LISTING .................................................................................................................. 1
IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE ...................................................................................... 1
V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW ....................................................................................... 2
VI. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS ADDRESSED BY GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATES ............. 2
VII. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS NOT ADDRESSED BY GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATES .... 3
VIII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ................................................................. 4
IX. COMPLIANCE ............................................................................................................................. 4
X. PERMIT SHIELD ........................................................................................................................... 37
XI. PERMIT CONDITIONS .................................................................................................................. 37
ATTACHMENT A (DETAILED FACILITY REPORT) ........................................................................... A-1
ATTACHMENT B (CURRENT DISTRICT PERMITS TO OPERATE) .................................................. B-1
ATTACHMENT C (DRAFT INITIAL TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT) .................................................. C-1
Title V Application Review
Natural Gas Production
Project #: C-1182939
Deemed Complete: November 1, 2018

Engineer: Thom Maslowski
Date: March 4, 2020

Facility Number: C-273
Facility Name: California Resources Production Corp
Mailing Address: 11117 River Run Blvd
Bakersfield, CA 93311

Contact Name: Charlotte Campbell
Phone: (661) 529-4323

Responsible Official: Raymond Rodriguez
Title: Director Environmental

I. PROPOSAL

California Resources Production Corp (CRPC) is proposing that the initial Title V Operating Permit be issued for its existing natural gas production facility located in Kings County. The purpose of this engineering evaluation is to identify all applicable requirements, determine if the facility will comply with those applicable requirements, and to provide the legal and factual basis for proposed permit conditions.

II. FACILITY LOCATION

This facility is located at Kettleman North Dome Unit in Kings in Kings County, California.

III. EQUIPMENT LISTING

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is shown in Attachment A.

A summary of the exempt equipment categories which describe the insignificant activities or equipment at the facility not requiring a permit is shown in Attachment B. This equipment is not exempt from facility-wide requirements.

IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE

The applicant is requesting to use the following model general permit Templates,
A. Template SJV-UM-0-3 Facility Wide Umbrella

The applicant has requested to utilize general permit template SJV-UM-0-3, Facility Wide Umbrella. Based on the information submitted in the Template Qualification Form, the applicant qualifies for the use of this template.

Template SJV-UM-0-3 conditions have been added as conditions 2 through 42 for the facility wide requirements (C-273-0-2).

V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW

Model general permit templates have been previously subject to EPA and public review. The terms and conditions from the model general permit templates as identified above are not subject to further EPA and public review.

For permit applications utilizing model general permit templates, public and agency comments on the District's proposed actions are limited to the applicant's eligibility for model general permit template, applicable requirements not covered by the model general permit template, and the applicable procedural requirements for issuance of Title V Operating Permits.

The following permit conditions, including their underlying applicable requirements, originate from model general permit templates and are not subject to further EPA and Public review: conditions 2 through 42 for the facility wide requirements (C-273-0-2).

VI. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS Addressed BY GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATES

District Rule 1070, Inspections, (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown, (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2010, Permits Required, (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2020, Exemptions, (Amended December 18, 2014)

District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2040, Applications, (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval, (Amended December 17, 1992)
District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits, (Amended August 15, 2019)

District Rule 4101, Visible Emissions, (Amended December 17, 2005)

District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings, (Amended December 17, 2009)

District Rules 8021, 8031, 8041, 8051, and 8061, Fugitive Dust (PM\textsubscript{10}) Emissions (Amended August 19, 2004)

District Rule 8071, Fugitive Dust (PM\textsubscript{10}) Emissions, (Amended Sept. 16, 2004)

40 CFR 61, Subpart M - Asbestos

40 CFR 82, Subparts B & F - Stratospheric Ozone

VII. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS NOT ADDRESSED BY GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATES

District Rule 2201, District New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule, (Amended August 15, 2019)

District Rule 2410, Prevention of Significant Deterioration (Adopted June 16, 2011)

District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits (Amended August 15, 2019)

District Rule 4201, Particulate Matter Concentration (Amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 4408, Glycol Dehydration Systems (Amended December 19, 2002)

District Rule 4409, Components at Light Crude Oil Production Facilities, Natural Gas Production Facilities, and Natural Gas Processing Facilities (Amended April 20, 2005)

District Rule 4624, Transfer of Organic Liquid (Amended December 20, 2007)

District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines (Amended November 14, 2013)

District Rule 4703, Stationary Gas Turbines (Amended September 20, 2007)

District Rule 4801, Sulfur Compounds, (Amended December 17, 1992) (Non SIP replacement for Kings County Rule 407)
VIII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permit. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility's Title V permit are designated as "Federally Enforceable Through the Title V Permit".

The facility is subject to the following District rules which are not currently Federally Enforceable:

1. District Rule 4102 – Nuisance

For this facility, the following table identifies the permit and condition this is based on the rules identified above and are not Federally Enforceable through the Title V Permit.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this rule.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-0-2</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-18-4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-19-4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-20-4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-22-2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-23-2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-24-2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-32-1 thru -46-1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 &amp; -49-1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Title 17 CCR, Section 93116, Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Portable Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines

The purpose of this airborne toxic control measure (ATCM) is to reduce diesel particulate matter (PM) and criteria pollutant emissions from portable diesel-fueled compression ignition (CI) engines.

All applicable requirements for this ATCM are satisfied via District Rule. No additional compliance determination is needed.

- Conditions 8, 10, and 18 of permit unit C-273-24-2 assure compliance with the ATCM.
IX. COMPLIANCE

A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

1. Facility Wide Requirements (C-273-0-2)

The applicant is proposing to use a general permit template to address federally applicable facility wide requirements. Section IV of template SJV-UM-0-3 includes a demonstration of compliance for all applicable requirements. Template conditions have been added to the facility wide requirements (C-273-0-2) as condition numbers 2 through 42 to assure compliance with these requirements.

B. Requirements Not Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

1. District Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

District Rule 2201 applies to new and modifying stationary sources that require a District permit. District Rule 2201 was last amended on August 15, 2019. This initial Title V permit does not constitute a modification per Section 3.25 of the rule. Therefore, the updated requirements of this rule are not applicable at this time.

Conditions from the current Permits to Operate (PTOs) are incorporated into the proposed Title V permit as addressed in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-18-4</td>
<td>12, 13, 14, and 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-19-4</td>
<td>12, 13, 14, and 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-20-4</td>
<td>12, 13, 14, and 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2</td>
<td>3 – 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-22-2</td>
<td>3 – 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-23-2</td>
<td>3 – 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-24-2</td>
<td>8, 11, 13, 14, 17, and 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-32-1 thu -46-1</td>
<td>5 - 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>3, 4, 7, and 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 &amp; -49-1</td>
<td>3 and 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>3 - 8, 61, and 62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. District Rule 2410 Prevention of Significant Deterioration

This rule was adopted on June 16, 2011 and became effective on November 26, 2012. The requirements of this rule are only triggered at the time the source undergoes a modification. This source has never been subject to this rule; therefore, there are no PSD permit applicable requirements to include in the Title V permit.
3. District Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

The purpose of this rule is to provide for the following:

1.1 An administrative mechanism for issuing operating permits for new and modified sources of air contaminants in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR Part 70.
1.2 An administrative mechanism for issuing renewed operating permits for sources of air contaminants in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR Part 70.
1.3 An administrative mechanism for revising, reopening, revoking, and terminating operating permits for sources of air contaminants in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR Part 70.
1.4 An administrative mechanism for incorporating requirements authorized by preconstruction permits issued under District Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review) in a Part 70 permit as administrative amendments, provided that such permits meet procedural requirements substantially equivalent to the requirements of 40 CFR 70.7 and 70.8, and compliance requirements substantially equivalent to those contained in 40 CFR 70.6.
1.5 The applicable federal and local requirements to appear on a single permit.

Section 5.2 requires permittees submit applications for Title V permit renewal at least six months prior to permit expiration.

• Condition 37 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.

Section 9.0 of District Rule 2520 requires certain elements to be contained in each Title V permit as specified below under Section 9.0:

Section 9.1.1 of District Rule 2520 requires all conditions on Title V permits specify a reference of the origin of an authority for each term or condition, and identify any difference in form as compared to the applicable requirements upon which the term or condition is based.

• Condition 38 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.

Section 9.4 contains requirements to incorporate all applicable recordkeeping requirements into the Title V permit. This section also specifies records of any required monitoring and support data be kept for a period of five years.

• Conditions 7 and 8 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assure compliance with this rule.

Section 9.5 requires the submittal of monitoring reports at least every six months. Prompt reporting of deviations from permitting requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions is also required. The responsible official must certify all required reports.
• Conditions 9 and 10 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assure compliance with this rule.

Section 9.7 states that the Title V permit must also contain a severability clause in case of a court challenge.

• Condition 11 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.

Section 9.8 contains requirements for provisions in the Title V permit stating 1) the permittee must comply with all permit conditions; 2) the permitted activity should not be reduced in order to comply with the permit conditions. Further, this reasoning shall not be used as a defense in an enforcement action, 3) the permit may be revoked, modified, reissued, or reopened for cause, 4) the Title V permit does not reflect any property rights, and 5) the permittee will furnish the District with any requested information to determine compliance with the conditions of the Title V permit.

• Conditions 4 and 12 through 15 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assure compliance with this rule.

Section 9.9 requires the permit specify that the permittee pay annual permit fees and other applicable as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations.

• Condition 16 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.

Section 9.13.1 requires any report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness.

• Conditions 4 and 25 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.

Section 9.13.2 contains inspection and entry requirements that allows an authorized representative of the District to enter a permittee's premises to inspect equipment, operations, work practices, permits on file, and to sample substances or monitor parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit requirements.

• Conditions 17 thru 20 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assure compliance with this rule.

Section 9.16 requires that the permittee submit certification of compliance with the terms and standards of Title V permits to the EPA and the District annually (or more frequently as required by the applicable requirement or the District).

• Condition 36 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.
Section 10.0 requires any application form, report, or compliance certification submitted pursuant to these regulations shall contain certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official.

- Condition 25 on the Facility-Wide requirements for the permit assures compliance with this rule.

Greenhouse Gas Requirements

There are no federally applicable Greenhouse Gas (GHG) requirements for this source. It should be noted that the Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule (40CFR Part 98) is not included in the definition of an applicable requirement within Title V (per 40CFR 71.2). Therefore, there will be no further discussion of GHG in this evaluation.

4. District Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration

Section 3.0 prohibits the discharge into the atmosphere of dust, fumes, or total suspended particulate matter from any single source operation in excess of 0.1 grain per cubic foot of gas at dry standard conditions.

The following equation converts the permit limit of X to grain/dscf as noted by Y.

\[
X = \frac{g}{hp \cdot hr} \times \frac{1}{2,542.5 \text{ Btu}} \times \frac{10^6 \text{ Btu}}{9,051 \text{ dscf}} \times \frac{0.35 \text{ Btu}_{\text{out}}}{1 \text{ Btu}_{\text{in}}} \times \frac{15.43 \text{ grain}}{g} = Y \text{ grain/dscf}
\]

The following table demonstrates the following permit units for natural gas fired IC engines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>X (g/hp*hr)</th>
<th>Y (grain/dscf)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-18-4</td>
<td>0.0365</td>
<td>0.0009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-19-4</td>
<td>0.0365</td>
<td>0.0009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-20-4</td>
<td>0.0365</td>
<td>0.0009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-24-2</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.035</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The emission factor of 0.0076 lb-PM_{10}/MMBtu is converted into units of grain/dscf as follows:

\[
0.0076 \times \frac{1}{10^6 \text{ Btu}} \times \frac{453.6 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ lb}} \times \frac{10^6 \text{ Btu}}{9,051 \text{ dscf}} \times \frac{0.35 \text{ Btu}_{\text{out}}}{1 \text{ Btu}_{\text{in}}} \times \frac{15.43 \text{ grain}}{g} = 0.002 \text{ grain/dscf}
\]

Since 0.002 grain/dscf is less than 0.1 grain/dscf, compliance with this rule is expected for permit unit C-273-32-1 thru -46-1.

5. District Rule 4408 Glycol Dehydration Systems

Per Section 5.1, no person shall operate a glycol dehydration system unless the VOC emissions from the glycol dehydration vents are controlled using one of the following:
- A system that directs all vapors to a vapor recovery system, a fuel gas system or a sales gas system, or
- A system in which VOC emissions are combusted by a flare, incinerator, reboiler, or thermal oxidizer. This system shall have all of the following features, as a minimum:
  - Operate continually in a smokeless mode,
  - Electronically controlled ignition system with a malfunction alarm system if the pilot flame fails,
  - Liquid knock-out system to condense any condensable vapors, and
  - Sight glass ports, if the flame is not visible.
- Any other emission control system that controls glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions by at least 95 percent, averaged over 1 hour, or that controls glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions to a level no higher than 1.7 pounds of VOC per million dry standard cubic feet of gas dehydrated, averaged over 24 hours.
  - The control efficiency shall be determined by comparing the measurements of VOC emissions from the uncontrolled glycol dehydration vent with measurements of VOC emissions from the emission control system. For both measurements, the glycol dehydration system shall operate under similar conditions for the following parameters: glycol flowrate, reboiler temperature, gas flowrate, and gas moisture removal efficiency.
  - Systems subject to this requirement shall test, according to the methods listed in 6.2, 6.3.1, and 6.4, for compliance upon installation and not less than once every 24 months thereafter.

Condition 4 of permits C-273-21-2, -22-2, & -23-2 and condition 5 of permit C-273-47-1 show compliance with this section.

Section 5.2 requires that any liquid stream from the glycol dehydration vent be stored and handled in a manner that will not cause or allow evaporation of VOCs to the atmosphere.

Condition 8 of permits C-273-21-2, -22-2, & -23-2 and condition 6 of permit C-273-47-1 show compliance with this section.

Section 5.3 requires that all control systems be maintained in a leak-free condition. A leak-free condition shall be determined in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21.

Condition 9 of permits C-273-21-2, -22-2, & -23-2 and condition 7 of permit C-273-47-1 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.1.1 requires the operator of any glycol dehydration system subject to this rule to maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated.
Section 6.1.2 requires the operator of any glycol dehydration system subject to this rule to retain the following information to assist with rule compliance:
1) Facility name, APCD permit number,
2) Location, size of glycol dehydrator reboiler, and type of glycol used,
3) Description of any installed VOC control systems,
4) Flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls,
5) Maintenance records of the VOC control system,
6) Reports of source tests as required by Sections 5.1.3, and
7) All records necessary to document the inputs and outputs of GRI-GLYCalc™ software, if used.

Condition 58 of permits C-273-21-2, -22-2, & -23-2 and condition 57 of permit C-273-47-1 show compliance with this Sections 6.1.1 and 6.1.2:

Section 6.1.4 requires all records shall be retained on the premises for a period of not less than five years and made available to any District representative upon request.

Condition 59 of permits C-273-21-2, -22-2, & -23-2 and condition 5 of permit C-273-47-1 show compliance with this section.

6. District Rule 4409 Components at Light Crude Oil Production Facilities, Natural Gas Production Facilities and Natural Gas Processing Facilities

The purpose of this rule is to limit VOC emissions from leaking components at light crude oil production facilities, natural gas production facilities, and natural gas processing facilities.

Section 3.20 specifies the following emissions levels as a leak:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule 4409 Gas Leak Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of Component</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threaded Connections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flanges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure Relief Devices (PRDs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polished Rod Stuffing Boxes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Components not listed above</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.1 requires that an operator shall not use any component that leaks in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule, or that is found to be in violation of the provisions specified in Section 5.1.3. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking

10
components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this rule.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>10, 11, and 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>9, 10, and 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>5, 6, and 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>18, 19, and 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.2 requires that each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.3.2.2 specifies that leaking components detected during operator inspection pursuant Section 5.1.3.2.1 that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Section 5.1.4.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.3.2.3 specifies that any operator inspection conducted annually for a component type (including operator annual inspections pursuant to Section 5.2.6, 5.2.7, 5.2.8, or 5.2.9) that demonstrates one or more of the conditions in Section 5.1.4 exist at the facility shall constitute a violation of this rule regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this rule.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.4.1 specifies that a component shall be considered leaking if an open-ended line or a valve located at the end of the line that is not sealed with a blind flange, plug, cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended lines. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.4.2 specifies that a component shall be considered leaking with a major liquid leak (defined as a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid that is not seal lubricant).

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.1.4.3 specifies that a component shall be considered to have a gas leak if emissions are greater than 50,000 ppmv as methane.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 5.1.4.4 specifies that a component shall be considered leaking if a component has a leak described in Sections 5.1.4.4.1 through 5.1.4.4.3 and numbering in excess of the maximum allowable number or percent specified in Table 2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Maximum Number of Leaks for 200 or Fewer Components Inspected</th>
<th>Maximum Percent or Number of Leaks for more than 200 Components Inspected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Valves</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.5 % of number inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threaded Connections</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.5 % of number inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flanges</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.5 % of number inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumps</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.0 % of number inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressors</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 leak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRDs</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 leak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polished Rod Stuffing Boxes</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2 % of number inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Components not listed above</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 leak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipes at Light Crude Oil or Gas Production Facilities</td>
<td>Maximum Number of Leaks for 200 or fewer production wells inspected</td>
<td>Maximum Number of Leaks for more than 200 production wells inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1 % of number inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipes at Natural Gas Processing Facilities</td>
<td>Maximum Number of Leaks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.1 requires that for manned light oil production facilities, gas production facilities, and gas processing facilities, an operator shall audio-visually (by hearing and by sight) inspect for leaks all accessible operating pumps, compressors, pressure relief valves (should say PRDs instead of PRVs) in service at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility for that given 24 hours.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 5.2.2 requires that for unmanned light oil production facilities, gas production facilities, or gas processing facilities, the operator shall audio-visually inspect for leaks all accessible operating pumps, compressors, PRDs in service at least once per calendar week.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.3 requires that any audio-visual inspection of all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and PRDs performed by an operator that indicates a leak that cannot be immediately repaired to meet the leak standards of this rule shall be inspected using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1 not later than 24 hours after conducting the audio-visual inspection. If a leak is found, the leak shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in Table 3 of this rule.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.4 requires that notwithstanding the requirements of Sections 5.2.1, 5.2.2, and 5.2.3, the operator shall inspect all components using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1 at least once every calendar quarter, except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes. Inaccessible components and unsafe-to-monitor components shall be inspected in accordance with the provisions of Sections 5.2.6 and 5.2.7, respectively. Pipes shall be inspected in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.2.8.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.5 requires that the operator shall inspect, immediately after placing into service, all new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.6 requires that the operator shall inspect all inaccessible components at least once every 12 months using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.7 requires that the operator shall inspect all unsafe-to-monitor components during each turnaround using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.8 requires that the operator shall visually inspect all pipes for leaks at least once every 12 months.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.8.1 requires that any visual inspection of pipes that indicates a leak that cannot be immediately repaired to meet the leak standards of this rule shall be inspected using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1 within 24 hours after detecting the leak. If a leak is found, the leak shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in Table 3 of this rule.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.8.2 requires that the operator may conduct the annual pipe inspection required by Section 5.2.8 in conjunction with the annual pipe inspection required by the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities). Records of annual pipe inspection required by DOGGR or SPCC may be used to document the inspection required by Section 5.2.8. The operator shall maintain the records of such inspections at the facilities. The records shall be made available to the APCO, ARB, and US EPA upon request.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.9 requires that notwithstanding the requirement of Section 5.2.4, the operator may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually for a component type, or an operator who is already on an annual inspection frequency on or before (rule adoption date) may apply for a written approval from the APCO to continue conducting annual inspections for a component type, provided the operator meets all the criteria specified in Sections 5.2.9.1 through 5.2.9.3. This approval shall apply to accessible component types specifically designated by the APCO, except pumps, compressors, and PRDs which shall continue to be inspected on a quarterly basis. Sections 5.2.9.1 through 5.2.9.3 specify the following requirements:

- The operator was not in violation of any provision of Sections 5.1 during five consecutive quarterly inspections for that component type.
- The operator did not receive a Notice of Violation from the APCO during the previous 12 months violating any provisions of this rule for that component type.
- The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the requirements of Sections 5.2.9.1 and 5.2.9.2.
- The annual inspection frequency approved by the APCO pursuant to Section 5.2.9 shall revert to quarterly inspection frequency for a component type if either one of the following occurs:
o The operator inspection or District inspection demonstrates that a violation of the provisions of Sections 5.1, 5.2, or 5.3 exists for that component type; or
o The APCO issued a Notice of Violation for violating any of the provisions of this rule during the annual inspection period for that component type.

Section 5.2.10 requires that the annual inspection frequency approved by the APCO pursuant to Section 5.2.9 shall revert to quarterly inspection frequency for a component type if either one of the following occurs:

1) The operator inspection or District inspection demonstrates that a violation of the provisions of Sections 5.1, 5.2, or 5.3 exists for that component type; or
2) The APCO issued a Notice of Violation for violating any of the provisions of this rule during the annual inspection period for that component type.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.11 requires that when the inspection frequency changes from annual to quarterly inspections pursuant to Section 5.2.10, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing within five (5) calendar days after changing the inspection frequency. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to quarterly inspection frequency.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.12 requires that the operator shall initially inspect a PRD that releases to the atmosphere using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1 as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The operator shall reinspect the PRD using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1 not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the release and is leak-free (is leak free should not be in this statement). If the PRD is found to be leaking at either inspection, the PRD leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during quarterly operator inspections.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.13 requires that except for PRDs subject to the requirements of Section 5.2.12, a component shall be inspected not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component using the test method specified in Section 6.3.1.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.2.14 requires that a District inspection in no way fulfills any of the mandatory inspection requirements that are placed upon operators and cannot be used or counted as an inspection required of an operator. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the mandatory operator’s inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.3.1 requires that upon detection of a leaking component, the operator shall affix to that component a weatherproof readily visible tag. The tag shall meet the following requirements:

- The tag shall remain affixed to the component until all the conditions specified in Sections 5.3.2.1 through 5.3.2.3 have been met.
- The leaking component has been repaired or replaced; and
- The component has been re-inspected using the test method in Section 6.3.1; and
- The component is found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule.
The tag shall include the following information:

1) Date and time of leak detection.
2) Date and time of leak measurement.
3) For gaseous leaks, indicate the leak concentration in ppmv.
4) For liquid leaks, indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak.
5) For essential components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or critical components, so indicate on the tag.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.3.4 requires that an operator shall minimize all component leaks immediately to the extent possible, but not later than one (1) hour after detection of leaks in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.3.5 requires that if the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of this rule, an operator shall comply with at least one of the requirement of Sections 5.3.5.3, 5.3.5.4 or 5.3.5.5 as soon as practicable but not later than the time period specified in Table 3.

1) The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the repair period specified in Table 3.
2) The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection.
3) Repair or replace the leaking component; or
4) Vent the leaking component to a closed vent system as defined in Section 3.0.
5) Remove the leaking component from operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Leak</th>
<th>Repair Period in Calendar Days</th>
<th>Extended Repair Period in Calendar Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minor Gas Leak</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Gas Leak greater than 10,000 ppmv but equal to or less than 50,000 ppmv</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Gas Leak greater than 50,000 ppmv</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Liquid Leak</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Liquid Leak</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.3.5 further states that for each calendar quarter, the operator may be allowed to extend the repair period as specified in Table 3, for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest integer where required.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.3.6 requires that if the leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be immediately shut down for repairs, the operator shall:

1) Minimize the leak within one hour after detection of leaks; and
2) If the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of this rule, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround, but in no case later than one year from the date of the original leak detection, whichever comes earlier.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.3.7 requires that for any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall comply with at least one of the requirements specified in Sections 5.3.7.1, 5.3.7.2, 5.3.7.3, or 5.3.7.4 by the applicable deadlines specified in Sections 5.3.7.5 and 5.3.7.6. If the original leaking component is replaced with a new like-in-kind component before incurring five repair actions for major leaks within 12-consecutive months, the repair count shall start over for the new component. An entire compressor or pump need not be replaced provided the
compressor part(s) or pump part(s) that have incurred five repair actions as described in Section 5.3.7 are brought into compliance with at least one of the requirements of Sections 5.3.7.1 through 5.3.7.6.

1) Replace or retrofit the component with the control technology specified in Table 4. Notify the APCO in writing prior to replacing or retrofitting the component; or
2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment, as determined in accordance with Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule), and as approved by the APCO in writing; or
3) Vent the component to an APCO-approved closed-vent system as defined in Section 3.0; or
4) Remove the component from operation.
5) For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with the requirement of Section 5.3.7.1, Section 5.3.7.2, Section 5.3.7.3, or Section 5.3.7.4 as soon as practicable but not later than twelve (12) months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period as indicated in Section 5.3.7.
6) For any inaccessible component, unsafe-to-monitor component, essential component, or critical component the operator shall comply with the requirement of Section 5.3.7.1, Section 5.3.7.2, Section 5.3.7.3 or Section 5.3.7.4 as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two (2) years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period as indicated in Section 5.3.7, whichever comes earlier.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule 4409 Component Control Technology Replacement/Retrofit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Component Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pumps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRDs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threaded Connections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sampling Connections</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 5.4.1 requires that all major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer’s nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the APCO that enables an operator or the APCO to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace tags or labels that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.1.1 requires that by October 20, 2005, an operator whose existing components are either subject to this rule or whose existing components are exempt pursuant to Section 4.2 of this rule on or before April 20, 2005 shall submit an Operator Management Plan (OMP) for approval by the APCO. The facility has already complied with this requirement of the Rule by submitting an OMP. Therefore, no condition is required to be listed on the permits to ensure compliance.

Section 6.1.2 requires that the operator shall keep a copy of the APCO-approved Operator Management Plan at the facility and make it available to the APCO, ARB, and US EPA upon request.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.1.3 requires that the operator shall describe in the Operator Management Plan all components subject to this rule and all components that are exempt pursuant to Section 4.2 of this rule. The Plan shall contain a description of the procedures that the operator will use to comply with the requirements of this rule. The facility has already complied with this requirement of the Rule by submitting an OMP. Therefore, no condition is required to be listed on the permits to ensure compliance.

Section 6.1.4 requires that by January 30 of each year, the operator shall submit to the APCO for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to an existing Operator Management Plan.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.2.1 requires that the operator shall maintain an inspection log containing, at a minimum, all of the following information:

1) Total number of components inspected, and total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types.
2) Location, type, name or description of each leaking component and description of any unit where the leaking component is found.
3) Date of leak detection and method of leak detection.
4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak.
5) Date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of leaking components.
6) Identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier.
7) Methods used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier.
8) After the component is repaired or is replaced, the date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv.
9) Inspector’s name, business mailing address, and business telephone number.
10) The facility operator responsible for the inspection and repair program shall sign and date the inspection log certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.2.3 requires that records of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components, including a copy of current calibration gas certification from the vendor of said calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, concentration of calibration gas, instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, calibration gas expiration date, and calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.2.4 requires that copies of all records required by Section 6.2 of this rule shall be retained for a minimum of five (5) years after the date of an entry, and the records shall be made available to the APCO, ARB, and US EPA upon request.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Equivalent test methods other than specified in Sections 6.3.1 through 6.3.8 may be used provided such test methods have received prior approval from the EPA, ARB, and APCO.

Section 6.3.1 requires that measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to US EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in US EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer’s instruction, as appropriate, not more than 30 days prior to its use. The operator shall record the calibration date of the instrument.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.3.2 requires that the VOC content by weight percent (wt.%) shall be determined using American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids.
The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.3.3 requires that the percent by volume liquid evaporated at 150 °C shall be determined using ASTM Method D 86-82.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.3.4 requires that the TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D 323-94 (Test Method for Vapor Pressure for Petroleum Products), and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures in Appendix A. Appendix A is an excerpt from the oil and gas section of "California Air Resources Boards (ARB) Technical Guidance Document to the Criteria and Guidelines Regulation for AB 2588", dated August 1989.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.3.6 requires that the control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. US EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of US EPA Method 25 or US EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported.

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 6.3.7 requires that halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by US EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422 "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Emission from Stationary Sources".

The following table demonstrates each permits compliance with this section:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-2, -22-2, and -23-2</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-1</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-1 and -49-1</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-1</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. District Rule 4624 Organic Liquid Loading

Section 5.1 requires that for a Class 1 organic liquid transfer facility, the emission of VOC from the transfer operation shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid transferred and use one of the following systems:

- An organic liquid loading operation shall be bottom loaded.
- The VOC from the transfer operation shall be routed to:
- A vapor collection and control system,
- A fixed roof container, floating roof container, or pressure vessel equipped with an APCO-approved vapor recovery system meeting the control requirements of Rule 4623, or
- A closed VOC emission control system.

Section 3.10 defines a 'Closed VOC Emission Control System' as an APCO-approved VOC emission control system that is not open to the atmosphere and that is composed of hard piping, ductwork connections, and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport collected gases or vapors from a piece or pieces of equipment to a vapor return system or condensation system that connects to a process stream, a gas processing plant, a gas pipeline recovery and distribution system (sales gas system), a fuel gas system, or an injection well for disposal of vapors as approved by the California Department of Resources, Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources.

The facility has stated that the vapors collected (VOCs) from the transfer operation will be routed to the facility's gas processing plant (permit unit C-273-47) for further processing.

Conditions 9, 10, and 11 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 5.3 requires that transfer operations that utilize a closed VOC emission control system or utilizing a container that meets the control requirements of Rule 4623 to meet the emission control requirements of this rule shall demonstrate compliance with Sections 5.1 and 5.2 by complying with the leak inspection requirements of Section 5.9.

Condition 12 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 5.6 states that the transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be designed, installed, maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. Section 3.13 defines 'Excess Organic Liquid Drainage' as more than ten (10) milliliters liquid drainage.

Conditions 13 and 14 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 5.9 details leak inspections including quarterly inspection of the loading and vapor recovery equipment and repair of any leaking equipment. Section 3.17 defines a leak as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or (3.17.1) for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane when measured in accordance with the test method in Section 6.3.7 shall constitute a leak. (3.17.3) Any liquid or gas coming from a component undergoing repair or replacement, or during sampling of process fluid from equipment into a container is not considered a leak provided such activities are accomplished as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere.
Condition 14 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 5.9.1 states that the operator of an organic liquid transfer facility shall inspect the vapor collection system, the vapor disposal system, and each transfer rack handling organic liquids for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using the test method prescribed in Section 6.3.8.

Condition 15 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 5.9.2 states a floating roof container that meets the applicable control requirements of Section 5.0 of Rule 4623 (Storage of Organic Liquids) shall be considered not leaking for the purposes of this section. This section is not applicable since there are no floating roof tanks permitted in units involved in this project.

Section 5.9.3 states all equipment that are found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replacement equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement.

Condition 16 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 5.9.4 states an operator may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during the inspections required under provisions of Sections 5.9.1 and 5.9.2 during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection the frequency would revert back to quarterly and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days.

Condition 17 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

Section 6.1.3 states that an operator subject to Section 5.0 shall keep records of daily liquid throughput and the results of any required leak inspections.

Section 6.1.4 requires records to be retained for minimum of five years and shall be made readily available to the APCO, ARB, or EPA during normal business hours and submitted upon request to the APCO, ARB, or EPA.

Conditions 66 and 67 of permit unit C-273-50-1 demonstrates compliance with this section.

8. District Rule 4702 Internal Combustion Engines

a. Natural Gas Fired IC Engines (C-273-18-4 thru -20-4)

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from spark-ignited internal combustion engines.
This rule applies to any spark-ignited internal combustion engine with a rated brake horsepower greater than 50 horsepower and that requires a Permit-to-Operate (PTO).

Section 5.1 requires that the owner of an internal combustion engine shall not operate it in such a manner that results in emissions exceeding the limits in the Engine Emission Limits table below for the appropriate engine type, according to the compliance schedule listed in Section 7.0. An engine shall be restricted by permit condition to emissions limits, in ppmv (corrected to 15% oxygen on a dry basis), that meet or exceed the following applicable emission limits pursuant to Section 5.1 or Section 8.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine Type</th>
<th>NO\textsubscript{x} Emission Limit (ppmv @ 15% O\textsubscript{2}, dry)</th>
<th>CO Emission Limit (ppmv @ 15% O\textsubscript{2}, dry)</th>
<th>VOC Emission Limit (ppmv @ 15% O\textsubscript{2}, dry)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Lean Burn</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. All other engines</td>
<td>65 ppmv or 90% reduction</td>
<td>2,000 ppmv</td>
<td>750 ppmv</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Condition 15 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 5.2 requires that all continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) emissions measurements shall be averaged over a period of 15 consecutive minutes. Any 15-consecutive minute block average CEMS measurement exceeding the applicable emission limits of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule. The IC engine involved with this project does not have CEMS installed; therefore this section of the Rule is not applicable.

Section 5.6 requires that the owner of an engine (excluding those engines subject to Section 4.2 or Section 4.3 unless otherwise specified) subject to the requirements of this rule meet the following requirements:

For each engine with a rated brake horsepower of 1,000 hp or greater and which is permitted to operate more than 2,000 hours per calendar year, or with an external emission control device, shall either install, operate, and maintain continuous monitoring equipment for NO\textsubscript{x}, CO, and oxygen, as identified in Rule 1080 (Stack Monitoring), or install, operate, and maintain APCO-approved alternate monitoring. The monitoring system may be a continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS), a parametric emissions monitoring system (PEMS), or an alternative monitoring system approved by the APCO. APCO-approved alternate monitoring shall consist of one or more of the following:

- Periodic NO\textsubscript{x} and CO emission concentrations,
- Engine exhaust oxygen concentration,
- Air-to-fuel ratio,
- Flow rate of reducing agents added to engine exhaust,
- Catalyst inlet and exhaust temperature,
• Catalyst inlet and exhaust oxygen concentration,
• Other operational characteristics.

The applicant has chosen to meet this section of the Rule by proposing a pre-approved alternate emissions monitoring plan that specifies that the permittee perform periodic NOₓ, CO, and O₂ emissions concentrations as specified in District Policy SSP-1810, dated 4/29/04.

Condition 22 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 5.6.6 requires that for each engine, including an engine subject to Section 4.2, install and operate a nonresettable elapsed operating time meter. The owner or operator shall maintain these required meters in proper operating condition. The applicant has indicated that the engine involved with this project is equipped with a nonresettable elapsed operating time meter.

Condition 26 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 5.6.7 requires that for each engine, the permittee shall implement the Inspection and Monitoring (I&M) plan submitted to and approved by the APCO pursuant to Section 6.5. The applicant has submitted an I&M program and the implementation of this plan will be explained in detail in the section that covers Section 6.5 of this Rule.

Section 5.6.8 requires that for each engine, collect data through the I&M plan in a form approved by the APCO. The facility's current I&M program has been approved by the APCO, therefore compliance with this section is assured.

Section 5.6.9 requires that each engine, use a portable NOₓ analyzer to take NOₓ emission readings to verify compliance with the emission requirements of Section 5.1 or Section 8.2 during each calendar quarter in which a source test is not performed. All emission readings shall be taken with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit-to-Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. All NOₓ emissions readings shall be reported to the APCO in a manner approved by the APCO. NOₓ emission readings taken pursuant to this section shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period.

Condition 24 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.1 requires that the owner of an engine subject to the requirements of this rule shall submit to the APCO an emission control plan of all actions to be taken to satisfy the emission requirements of Section 5.1 and the compliance schedules of Section 7.0. Such emission control plan shall contain a list with the following for each permitted engine:
• Permit-to-Operate number
• Engine manufacturer
• Model designation
• Rated brake horsepower
• Type of fuel and type of ignition
• Combustion type: rich-burn or lean-burn
• Total hours of operation in the previous one-year period, including typical daily operating schedule
• Fuel consumption (cubic feet for gas or gallons for liquid) for the previous one-year period
• Stack modifications to facilitate continuous in-stack monitoring and to facilitate source testing
• Type of control to be applied, including in-stack monitoring specifications
• Applicable emission limits
• Documentation showing existing emissions of NOx, VOC, and CO, and
• Date that the engine will be in full compliance with Rule 4702.

Section 6.1.2 requires that the emission control plan shall identify the type of emission control device or technique to be applied to each engine and a construction/removal schedule, or shall provide support documentation sufficient to demonstrate that the engine is in compliance with the emission requirements of this rule.

The applicant has previously submitted all the required information for Section 6.1 for the IC engines involved with this project.

Section 6.2 requires that except for engines subject to Section 4.0, the owner of an engine subject to the requirements of this rule shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance with this rule. This information shall be retained for a period of at least five years, shall be readily available, and be made available to the APCO upon request. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information:

• Total hours of operation,
• Type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used,
• Maintenance or modifications performed,
• Monitoring data,
• Compliance source test results, and
• Any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance with this rule.

Condition 29 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.2.2 requires that the data collected pursuant to the requirements of Section 5.6 shall be maintained for at least five years, shall be readily available, and made available to the APCO upon request.

Condition 30 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.
Section 6.3 requires that the owner of an engine subject to the emission limits in Section 5.1 or the requirements of Section 8.2, shall:

Demonstrate compliance with applicable limits by the applicable date specified in Section 7.6 and at least once every 24 months thereafter, in accordance with the test methods in Section 6.4.

Conduct emissions source testing with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit-to-Operate. For emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC shall be reported as methane. VOC, NO\textsubscript{x}, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15 percent oxygen. For engines that comply with a percent reduction limit in Table 1, the percent reduction of NO\textsubscript{x} emissions shall also be reported.

In addition to other information, the source test protocol shall describe which critical parameters will be measured and how the appropriate range for these parameters shall be established. The range for these parameters shall be incorporated into the I&M plan.

Conditions 16 - 18 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.4 requires that the compliance with the requirements of Section 5.0 shall be determined in accordance with the following test procedures or any other method approved by EPA and the APCO:

- Oxides of nitrogen - EPA Method 7E, or ARB Method 100.
- Carbon monoxide - EPA Method 10, or ARB Method 100.
- Stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100.
- Volatile organic compounds - EPA Method 25A or 25B, or ARB Method 100.
- Operating horsepower determination - any method approved by EPA and the APCO.

Condition 19 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.5 requires that the owner of an engine subject to the emission limits in Section 5.1 or the requirements of Section 8.2, shall submit to the APCO for approval, an I&M plan that specifies all actions to be taken to satisfy the following requirements and the requirements of Section 5.6. The actions to be identified in the I&M plan shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

Section 6.5.2 specifies procedures requiring the owner or operator to establish ranges for control equipment parameters, engine operating parameters, and engine exhaust oxygen concentrations that source testing has shown result in pollutant concentrations within the rule limits.
Section 6.5.3 specifies procedures for monthly inspections as approved by the APCO. The applicable control equipment parameters and engine operating parameters will be inspected and monitored monthly in conformance with a regular inspection schedule listed in the I&M plan.

Condition 22 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.5.4 specifies procedures for the corrective actions on the noncompliant parameter(s) that the owner or operator will take when an engine is found to be operating outside the acceptable range for control equipment parameters, engine operating parameters, and engine exhaust NOx, CO, VOC, or oxygen concentrations.

Section 6.5.5 specifies procedures for the owner or operator to notify the APCO when an engine is found to be operating outside the acceptable range for control equipment parameters, engine operating parameters, and engine exhaust NOx, CO, VOC, or oxygen concentrations.

Condition 23 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.5.6 specifies procedures for preventive and corrective maintenance performed for the purpose of maintaining an engine in proper operating condition. The applicant has proposed that the engine will be operated and maintained per the manufacturer's specifications.

Condition 27 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.5.7 specifies procedures and a schedule for using a portable NOx analyzer to take NOx emission readings pursuant to Section 5.6.9. The applicant has proposed that the alternate monitoring program will ensure compliance with this Section of the Rule.

Condition 24 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.5.8 specifies procedures for collecting and recording required data and other information in a form approved by the APCO including, but not limited to, data collected through the I&M plan and the monitoring systems described in Sections 5.6.1 and 5.6.2. Data collected through the I&M plan shall have retrieval capabilities as approved by the APCO. The applicant has proposed that the alternate monitoring program will ensure compliance with this Section of the Rule.

Condition 25 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 6.5.9 specifies procedures for revising the I&M plan. The I&M plan shall be updated to reflect any change in operation. The I&M plan shall be updated prior to any planned change in operation. An engine owner that changes significant I&M plan elements must notify the District no later than seven days after the change and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the
engine operating log. For new engines and modifications to existing engines, the I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit-to-Operate. The owner of an engine may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. The applicant has indicated that they will modify their I&M plan per this section of the Rule.

Condition 28 of permits C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 show compliance with this section.

Section 7.1 requires that the owner of an engine which becomes subject to the emission limits of this rule through loss of exemption shall not operate the subject engine, except as required for obtaining a new or modified Permit-to-Operate for the engine, until the owner demonstrates full compliance with the requirements of this rule.

The engines permitted as C-273-18-4 thru -20-4 are currently subject to this Rule; therefore this section is not applicable.

Section 7.6 requires that the owner of an engine subject to the requirements of this rule shall not operate the engine unless the owner demonstrates and maintains the engine in compliance with the applicable requirements of this rule by the indicated dates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule 4702 Emission Limit Compliance Schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. 25% or more of the total number of engines at a stationary source on June 1, 2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. 62.5% or more of the total number of engines at a stationary source on June 1, 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. 100% of the total number of engines at a stationary source on June 1, 2007</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 7.7 requires that unless otherwise specified, the owner of an engine subject to the requirements of this rule shall be in full compliance with this rule by the applicable compliance date pursuant to Section 7.6.

The engine involved in this project and located at this facility is currently in compliance with the requirements of District Rule 4702. Therefore, this section does not apply to the engine in this project.

Section 8.0 allows that an owner may comply with the NO\textsubscript{x} emission requirements of Section 5.1 for a group of engines by meeting the requirements in this Rule. An owner that is subject to the requirements below shall also comply with all the applicable requirements of Sections 5.0, 6.0, and 7.0. An engine that is not subject to Section 5.1 is not eligible for inclusion in an AECP.
As stated previously, all engine involved in this project and located at this facility is currently in compliance with the requirements of District Rule 4702. Therefore, this Section of the Rule is not applicable to the engines involved with this project.

b. Natural Gas Fired IC Engines (24-2)

Purpose:
The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOₓ), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines.

Applicability:
This Rule applies to any internal combustion engine with a rated brake horsepower greater than 50 horsepower.

Exemptions:
Pursuant to Section 4.2.2, this IC engine is exempt from the requirements of this rule, except Sections 5.7 and 6.2.3, because it will not operate more than 200 hours per calendar year and will not 1) generate electrical power to feed into a utility power grid, 2) generate mechanical power used to reduce electrical power purchased by a stationary source, or 3) be used in a distributed generation application.

Requirements:
Section 5.7 of this Rule requires that the owner of an engine subject to section 4.2 shall comply with the requirements specified in Section 5.7.2 through Section 5.7.5 below:

1) Properly operate and maintain each engine as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emission control system supplier.

2) Monitor the operational characteristics of each engine as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emission control system supplier.

3) Install and operate a nonresettable elapsed operating time meter. In lieu of installing a nonresettable time meter, the owner of an engine may use an alternative device, method, or technique, in determining operating time provided that the alternative is approved by the APCO and is allowed by Permit-to-Operate or Stationary Equipment Registration condition. The owner of the engine shall properly maintain and operate the time meter or alternative device in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.

Conditions 7, 9, 11, and 15 ensure compliance:

Recordkeeping:

Section 6.2.3 requires that an owner claiming an exemption under Section 4.2 or Section 4.3 shall maintain annual operating records. This information shall be retained for at least five years, shall be readily available, and submitted to the APCO upon request and at the
end of each calendar year in a manner and form approved by the APCO. The engine-operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information:

- Total hours of operation,
- Type of fuel used,
- Maintenance or modifications performed,
- Monitoring data,
- Compliance source test results, and
- Any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance with this Rule.

Condition 17 ensures compliance.

9. District Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds

a. IC Engines (C-273-18-3 thru -20-3)
b. IC Engine (C-273-24-1)
c. Micro Turbines (C-273-32-1 thru -46-1)

District Rule 4801 has been submitted to the EPA to replace Kings County Rule 407, which is in the SIP. District Rule 4801 is as stringent as Kings County Rule 407, as shown below in following Table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>District Rule 4801</th>
<th>Kings County Rule 407</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere sulfur compounds exceeding in concentration at the point of discharge 0.2 percent by volume calculated as sulfur dioxide on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPA Method 8 and ARB Method 1-100 shall be used to determine such emissions.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere sulfur compounds, which would exist as a liquid or gas at standard conditions, exceeding in concentration at the point of discharge: 0.2 % by volume calculated as SO₂, on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-18-3 thru -20-3</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-24-1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-32-1 thru -46-1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
X. PERMIT SHIELD

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

   a. SJV-UM-0-3, Facility-Wide Umbrella General Permit Template

      By submitting model general permit template SJV-UM-0-3, the applicant has requested that a permit shield be granted for all the applicable requirements identified by the template. Therefore, the permit shield, as granted in the model general template is included as condition 39 and 40 of the facility wide requirements (C-273-0-2).

XI. PERMIT CONDITIONS

   See attached Operating Permits.

ATTACHMENTS

   A. Detailed Facility Report
   B. Current District Permits to Operate
   C. Draft Initial Title V Operating Permit
Attachment A

Detailed Facility Report
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PERMIT NUMBER</th>
<th>FEE DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEE RULE</th>
<th>QTY</th>
<th>FEE AMOUNT</th>
<th>FEE TOTAL</th>
<th>PERMIT STATUS</th>
<th>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-273-1-0</td>
<td>NOZZLE</td>
<td>3020-11 A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>42.00</td>
<td>42.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>2,000 GALLON CONVAULT ABOVEGROUND GASOLINE STORAGE TANK SERVED BY OPW PHASE I VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM WITH ONE GASOLINE DISPENSING NOZZLE SERVED BY OPW COAXIAL PHASE II VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (G-70-116).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-2-2</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL-RAND MODEL XVG #1 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV506. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR LOCATED AT THE &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-3-2</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL RAND MODEL XVG #2 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV453. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR AT THE &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. <strong>DELETED 9/7/00 BY SR</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-4-1</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL RAND MODEL XVG #3 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV468. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR LOCATED AT CHEVRON'S &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. <strong>DELETED PER LETTER RECEIVED 01/28/97 FROM J.P. OIL - CC</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-5-2</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL RAND MODEL XVG #4 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV567. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR LOCATED AT THE &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. <strong>DELETED 9/7/00 BY SR</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-6-2</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL RAND MODEL XVG #6 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV532. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR LOCATED AT THE &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. <strong>DELETED 9/7/00 BY SR</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-7-5</td>
<td>80 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>80 HP AJAX MODEL DP-80 NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-8-1</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL RAND MODEL XVG NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV569. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR LOCATED AT CHEVRON'S &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. *** CANCELLED PER 01/31/85 LETTER FROM OPERATOR ***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-9-1</td>
<td>300 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>300 HP INGERSOLL RAND MODEL XVG NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 8BV570. THE ENGINE DRIVES A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR LOCATED AT CHEVRON'S &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. *** CANCELLED PER 01/31/85 LETTER FROM APPLICANT ***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-10-0</td>
<td>95 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>95 HP FORD MODEL #300 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN K8103. THE ENGINE DRIVES A WATER PUMP AT CHEVRON'S &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-11-0</td>
<td>95 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>95 HP FORD MODEL #300 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN K8104. THE ENGINE DRIVES A WATER PUMP AT CHEVRON'S &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERMIT NUMBER</td>
<td>FEE DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>FEE RULE</td>
<td>QTY</td>
<td>FEE AMOUNT</td>
<td>FEE TOTAL</td>
<td>PERMIT STATUS</td>
<td>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-12-0</td>
<td>95 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>95 HP FORD MODEL #300 NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE (NO SERIAL NUMBER). THE ENGINE DRIVES A WATER PUMP AT CHEVRON'S &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-13-1</td>
<td>85 HP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>98.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>85 HP FORD FLATHEAD MODEL NATURAL GAS-FIRED ENGINE, SN 6457. THE ENGINE DRIVES AN AIR COMPRESSOR AT THE &quot;11P&quot; BOOSTER PLANT. <strong>DELETED 9/7/00 BY SR</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-14-1</td>
<td>360 HP NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>360 HP AJAX MODEL DPC-360LE NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-15-1</td>
<td>360 hp ic engine</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>360 HP AJAX MODEL DPC-360LE NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-16-1</td>
<td>360 hp ic engine</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>360 HP AJAX MODEL DCP-360LE NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-18-3</td>
<td>326 bhp IC engine</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>326 BHP AJAX MODEL DPC-2802LE LEAN-BURN NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR (ENGINE #3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-19-3</td>
<td>326 bhp IC engine</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>326 BHP AJAX MODEL DPC-2802LE LEAN-BURN NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR (ENGINE #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-20-3</td>
<td>326 bhp IC engine</td>
<td>3020-10 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>290.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>326 BHP AJAX MODEL DPC-2802LE LEAN-BURN NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR (ENGINE #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-21-1</td>
<td>misc.</td>
<td>3020-06</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATION WITH A PERMIT-EXEMPT REBOILER (LESS THAN 5 MMBTU/HR), HEAT EXCHANGER, GLYCOL PUMP, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEM (SHARED WITH UNITS C-273-22 AND -23), AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-22-1</td>
<td>misc.</td>
<td>3020-06</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATION WITH A PERMIT-EXEMPT REBOILER (LESS THAN 5 MMBTU/HR), HEAT EXCHANGER, GLYCOL PUMP, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEM (SHARED WITH UNITS C-273-22 AND -23), AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-23-1</td>
<td>misc.</td>
<td>3020-06</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATION WITH A PERMIT-EXEMPT REBOILER (LESS THAN 5 MMBTU/HR), HEAT EXCHANGER, GLYCOL PUMP, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEM (SHARED WITH UNITS C-273-22 AND -23), AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-24-1</td>
<td>532 bhp IC Engine</td>
<td>3020-10 D</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>577.00</td>
<td>577.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>TRANSPORTABLE TIER 3 CERTIFIED DIESEL-FIRED IC ENGINE UP TO 532 BHP FOR MECHANICAL PUMPING, COMPRESSION, OR POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-32-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #1, BANK #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERMIT NUMBER</td>
<td>FEE DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>FEE RULE</td>
<td>QTY</td>
<td>FEE AMOUNT</td>
<td>FEE TOTAL</td>
<td>PERMIT STATUS</td>
<td>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-33-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #2, BANK #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-34-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #3, BANK #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-35-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #4, BANK #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-36-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #5, BANK #1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-37-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #6, BANK #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-38-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #7, BANK #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-39-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #8, BANK #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-40-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #9, BANK #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-41-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #10, BANK #2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERMIT NUMBER</td>
<td>FEE DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>FEE RULE</td>
<td>QTY</td>
<td>FEE AMOUNT</td>
<td>FEE TOTAL</td>
<td>PERMIT STATUS</td>
<td>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-42-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MM BTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE  #11, BANK  #3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-43-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MM BTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE  #12, BANK  #3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-44-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MM BTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE  #13, BANK  #3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-45-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MM BTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE  #14, BANK  #3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-46-0</td>
<td>200 kW electric generation</td>
<td>3020-08A A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>312.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>2.28 MM BTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE  #15, BANK  #3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-47-0</td>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>3020-06</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>GAS PROCESSING PLANT CONSISTING OF AMINE SWEETENING AND GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATIONS WITH ELECTRICALLY HEATED GLYCOL AND AMINE REBOILERS, HEAT EXCHANGERS, GLYCOL AND AMINE PUMPS, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEMS, AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-48-0</td>
<td>26,800 gallons storage tank</td>
<td>3020-05 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>165.00</td>
<td>165.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>26,800 GALLON LPG/NGL STORAGE TANK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-49-0</td>
<td>26,800 gallons storage tank</td>
<td>3020-05 C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>165.00</td>
<td>165.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>26,800 GALLON LPG/NGL STORAGE TANK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-273-50-0</td>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>3020-06</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>128.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>LPG/NGL TRUCK LOADING RACK WITH ONE LIQUID/VAPOR LOADING CONNECTIONS WITH VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM, ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT, AND LACT UNIT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Facilities Reported: 1
Attachment B

Current District Permits to Operate
Permit to Operate

FACILITY: C-273
LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP.
MAILING ADDRESS: 900 OLD RIVER RD
BAKERSFIELD, CA 93311
FACILITY LOCATION: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT
KINGS COUNTY, CA
FACILITY DESCRIPTION: NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

The Facility’s Permit to Operate may include Facility-wide Requirements as well as requirements that apply to specific permit units.

This Permit to Operate remains valid through the permit expiration date listed above, subject to payment of annual permit fees and compliance with permit conditions and all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. This permit is valid only at the location specified above, and becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or location. Any modification of the equipment or operation, as defined in District Rule 2201, will require prior District approval. This permit shall be posted as prescribed in District Rule 2010.

Samir Sheikh
Executive Director / APCO

Arnaud Marjollet
Director of Permit Services
FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. In lieu of identifying Permittee equipment numbers in the equipment descriptions contained in this permit, each piece of equipment shall be clearly, prominently, and permanently labeled with the corresponding District permit unit number. [District Rule 1070]

2. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1]

3. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0]

4. The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0]

5. Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020. [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020]

6. The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal. [District Rules 2070; and 2080]

7. A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031]

8. Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (Permits Required) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040]

9. The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 1070 and 1081]

10. The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 2 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 1080]

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
11. If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 1130]

12. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 1110]

13. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rules 2070 and 2080]

14. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit. [District Rule 1070]

15. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 3010]

16. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 1070]

17. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 1070]

18. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 1070]

19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 1070]

20. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101, by using EPA method 9. If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101]

21. No person shall supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating, except specialty coatings, that contains more than 250 grams of VOC per liter of coating (less water and exempt compounds, and excluding any colorant added to tint bases), or manufacture, blend, or repackage such coating with more than 250 grams of VOC per liter (less water and exempt compounds, and excluding any colorant added to tint bases) for use within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1]

22. Specialty Coating Limitations: No person shall apply, sell, solicit, or offer for sale any architectural coating listed in the Tables of Standards (District Rule 4601, Table 1 and Table 2), nor manufacture, blend, or repackage such coating for use within the District, which contains VOCs in excess of the specified limits after the corresponding date listed in Table 1 (grams of VOC per liter of coating as applied less water and exempt compounds, excluding any colorant added to tint bases) and in Table 2 (grams of VOC per liter of material), except as provided in Section 5.3 of Rule 4601. [District Rule 4601, 5.2]

23. All VOC-containing materials shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. In use includes, but is not limited to: being accessed, filled, emptied, maintained or repaired. [District Rule 4601, 5.4]

24. A person shall not use VOCs for the cleanup of spray equipment unless equipment for collection of the cleaning compounds and minimizing its evaporation to the atmosphere is used. [District Rule 4601, 5.5]

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP.
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGS COUNTY, CA
C-273-0-1: Feb 27 2000 11:32AM - MAILCHEST
25. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.2. [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.2]

26. If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F]

27. If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F]

28. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or water mining activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in SJVUAPCD District Rule 8020 unless specifically exempted under section 4 of Rule 8020. [District Rule 8020]

29. Outdoor handling and storage of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of SJVUAPCD Rule 8030, unless specifically exempted under section 4 of Rule 8030. [District Rule 8030]

30. Any paved road over 3 miles in length, and any unpaved roads over half a mile in length, constructed after December 10, 1993 shall use the design criteria and dust control measures of, and comply with the administrative requirements of, SJVUAPCD Rule 8060 unless specifically exempted under section 4 of Rule 8060. [District Rule 8060]

31. Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M]

32. When a term is not defined in a permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a permit shall apply. [District Rule 1020]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-18-3
EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
326 BHP AJAX MODEL DPC-2802LE LEAN-BURN NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS
COMPRESSOR (ENGINE #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. While dormant, the fuel line shall be physically disconnected from the unit. [District Rule 2080]

2. Permittee shall submit written notification to the District upon designating the unit as dormant or active. [District Rule 2080]

3. While dormant, normal source testing shall not be required. [District Rule 2080]

4. Upon recommencing operation of this unit, normal source testing shall resume. [District Rule 2080]

5. Any source testing required by this permit shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of this unit, regardless of whether the unit remains active or is again designated as dormant. [District Rule 2080]

6. Records of all dates and times that this unit is designated as dormant or active, and copies of all corresponding notices to the District, shall be maintained, retained for a period of at least five years, and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070]

7. If this unit has become dormant because it does not comply with District Rules, or if the unit becomes out of compliance with District Rules while it is dormant, operation of the unit is not authorized until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits and permit changes required to comply with the respective District Rules. [District Rule 2010]

8. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]

11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801]

12. This unit shall be fired on natural gas with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 1 gr-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201]

13. The sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201]

14. The sulfur content of the natural gas being fired in the engine shall be determined using ASTM method D 1072, D 3031, D 4084, D 3246, or grab sample analysis by double GC. [District Rule 2201]

15. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 64 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.893 g-NOx/hp-hr), 0.011 g-PM10/hp-hr, 0.0365 g-PM10/hp-hr, 455 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 3.863 g-
CO/hp-hr), or 212 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 1.029 g-VOC/hp-hr). [District Rules 2201 and 4702]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
16. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions shall be measured (source tested) not less than once every 24 months. [District Rule 4702]

17. Emissions source testing shall be conducted with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate [District Rule 4702]

18. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC emissions shall be reported as methane. VOC, NOx, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15% oxygen. [District Rule 4702]

19. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A, 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081 and 4702]

20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081]

21. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]

22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once a month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the engine is not in operation, i.e. the engine need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the engine unless monitoring has been performed within the last month if on a monthly monitoring schedule, or within the last quarter if on a quarterly monitoring schedule. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rule 4702]

23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emission concentration, the permittee shall notify the District within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 8 hours after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 8 hours, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 4702]

24. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit to operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 4702]

25. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 4702]

26. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702]

27. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition per the manufacturer's requirements as specified on the Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) plan submitted to the District. [District Rule 4702]
28. The permittee shall update the I&M plan for this engine prior to any planned change in operation. The permittee must notify the District no later than seven days after changing the I&M plan and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the engine's operating log. For modifications, the revised I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit to Operate. The permittee may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. [District Rule 4702]

29. The permittee shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4702]

30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702]
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-19-3
EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
326 BHP AJAX MODEL DPC-2802LE LEAN-BURN NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR (ENGINE #2)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. While dormant, the fuel line shall be physically disconnected from the unit. [District Rule 2080]
2. Permittee shall submit written notification to the District upon designating the unit as dormant or active. [District Rule 2080]
3. While dormant, normal source testing shall not be required. [District Rule 2080]
4. Upon recommencing operation of this unit, normal source testing shall resume. [District Rule 2080]
5. Any source testing required by this permit shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of this unit, regardless of whether the unit remains active or is again designated as dormant. [District Rule 2080]
6. Records of all dates and times that this unit is designated as dormant or active, and copies of all corresponding notices to the District, shall be maintained, retained for a period of at least five years, and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070]
7. If this unit has become dormant because it does not comply with District Rules, or if the unit becomes out of compliance with District Rules while it is dormant, operation of the unit is not authorized until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits and permit changes required to comply with the respective District Rules. [District Rule 2010]
8. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801]
12. This unit shall be fired on natural gas with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 1 gr-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201]
13. The sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201]
14. The sulfur content of the natural gas being fired in the engine shall be determined using ASTM method D 1072, D 3031, D 4084, D 3246, or grab sample analysis by double GC. [District Rule 2201]
15. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 64 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.893 g-NOx/hp-hr), 0.011 g-SOx/hp-hr, 0.0365 g-PM10/hp-hr, 455 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 3.863 g-CO/hp-hr), or 212 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 1.029 g-VOC/hp-hr). [District Rules 2201 and 4702]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
16. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions shall be measured (source tested) not less than once every 24 months. [District Rule 4702]

17. Emissions source testing shall be conducted with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate [District Rule 4702]

18. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC emissions shall be reported as methane. NOx, CO, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15% oxygen. [District Rule 4702]

19. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A, 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081 and 4702]

20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081]

21. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]

22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once a month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the engine is not in operation, i.e. the engine need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the engine unless monitoring has been performed within the last month if on a monthly monitoring schedule, or within the last quarter if on a quarterly monitoring schedule. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rule 4702]

23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emission concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 8 hours after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 8 hours, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 4702]

24. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 4702]

25. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rules 4701 and 4702]

26. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702]

27. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition per the manufacturer's requirements as specified on the Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) plan submitted to the District. [District Rule 4702]
28. The permittee shall update the I&M plan for this engine prior to any planned change in operation. The permittee must notify the District no later than seven days after changing the I&M plan and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the engine's operating log. For modifications, the revised I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit to Operate. The permittee may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. [District Rule 4702]  

29. The permittee shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4702]  

30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. While dormant, the fuel line shall be physically disconnected from the unit. [District Rule 2080]
2. Permittee shall submit written notification to the District upon designating the unit as dormant or active. [District Rule 2080]
3. While dormant, normal source testing shall not be required. [District Rule 2080]
4. Upon recommencing operation of this unit, normal source testing shall resume. [District Rule 2080]
5. Any source testing required by this permit shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of this unit, regardless of whether the unit remains active or is again designated as dormant. [District Rule 2080]
6. Records of all dates and times that this unit is designated as dormant or active, and copies of all corresponding notices to the District, shall be maintained, retained for a period of at least five years, and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070]
7. If this unit has become dormant because it does not comply with District Rules, or if the unit becomes out of compliance with District Rules while it is dormant, operation of the unit is not authorized until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits and permit changes required to comply with the respective District Rules. [District Rule 2010]
8. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801]
12. This unit shall be fired on natural gas with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 1 gr-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201]
13. The sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201]
14. The sulfur content of the natural gas being fired in the engine shall be determined using ASTM method D 1072, D 3031, D 4084, D 3246, or grab sample analysis by double GC. [District Rule 2201]
15. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 64 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.893 g-NOx/hp-hr), 0.011 g-Sox/hp-hr, 0.0365 g-PM10/hp-hr, 455 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 3.863 g-CO/hp-hr), or 212 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 1.029 g-VOC/hp-hr). [District Rules 2201 and 4702]
16. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions shall be measured (source tested) not less than once every 24 months. [District Rule 4702]

17. Emissions source testing shall be conducted with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate [District Rule 4702]

18. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC emissions shall be reported as methane. VOC, NOx, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15% oxygen. [District Rule 4702]

19. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A, 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081 and 4702]

20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081]

21. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days thereafter. [District Rule 1081]

22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once a month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the engine is not in operation, i.e. the engine need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the engine unless monitoring has been performed within the last month if on a monthly monitoring schedule, or within the last quarter if on a quarterly monitoring schedule. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rule 4702]

23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emission concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 8 hours after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 8 hours, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 4702]

24. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 4702]

25. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 4702]

26. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702]

27. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition per the manufacturer's requirements as specified on the Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) plan submitted to the District. [District Rule 4702]
28. The permittee shall update the I&M plan for this engine prior to any planned change in operation. The permittee must notify the District no later than seven days after changing the I&M plan and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the engine's operating log. For modifications, the revised I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit to Operate. The permittee may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. [District Rule 4702]

29. The permittee shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4702]

30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702]
PERMIT UNIT: C-273-21-1

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. Emissions from the glycol dehydration operation shall not exceed 155.0 lb-VOC/day including equipment shared with permit units C-273-22 and C-273-23. [District Rule 2201]

4. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

5. The VOC content of the gas shall not exceed 50% by weight. [District Rule 2201]

6. Operator shall conduct quarterly gas sampling for fugitive components. If gas samples are equal to or less than 50% VOC by weight for 8 consecutive quarterly samplings, sampling frequency shall only be required annually. [District Rule 2201]

7. VOC content of the gas shall be measured using ASTM D1945, EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 18 referenced as methane. [District Rule 2201]

8. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

9. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppmv of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

10. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

11. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

12. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]
13. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409]

14.Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

15.Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit [District Rule 4409]

16. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

17. A minor liquid leak exist when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409]

18. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

19. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

20. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409]

21. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

22. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

23. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]
24. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

25. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409]

26. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409]

27. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

28. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409]

29. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409]

30. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

31. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409]

32. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

33. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

34. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

35. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409]

36. The permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409]

37. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409]
38. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

39. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409]

40. The operator, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

41. The operator shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409]

42. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

43. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409]

44. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409]
45. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1e) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]

46. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]

47. The operator shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409]

48. By January 30th of each year the operator shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409]

49. The operator shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409]

50. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409]
51. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409]

52. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409]

53. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409]

54. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

55. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409]

56. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409]

57. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409]

58. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408]

59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. Emissions from the glycol dehydration operation shall not exceed 31.0 lb-VOC/day not including equipment shared with permit units C-273-21 and C-273-22. [District Rule 2201]

4. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

5. The VOC content of the gas shall not exceed 50% by weight. [District Rule 2201]

6. Operator shall conduct quarterly gas sampling for fugitive components. If gas samples are equal to or less than 25% VOC by weight for 8 consecutive quarterly samplings, sampling frequency shall only be required annually. [District Rule 2201]

7. VOC content of the gas shall be measured using ASTM D1945, EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 18 referenced as methane. [District Rule 2201]

8. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

9. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppmv of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

10. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

11. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

12. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]
13. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409]

14. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

15. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit [District Rule 4409]

16. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

17. A minor liquid leak exist when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409]

18. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

19. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

20. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409]

21. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 0.1% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

22. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

23. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]
24. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

25. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409]

26. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409]

27. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

28. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409]

29. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409]

30. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

31. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409]

32. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

33. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

34. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

35. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409]

36. The permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409]

37. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409]
38. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

39. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409]

40. The operator, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

41. The operator shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has a overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409]

42. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

43. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409]

44. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409]
45. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409]

46. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]

47. The operator shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409]

48. By January 30th of each year the operator shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409]

49. The operator shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409]

50. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409]
51. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409]

52. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409]

53. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409]

54. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

55. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409]

56. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409]

57. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409]

58. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408]

59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Permittee shall provide written notification to the District within 48 hours of operating an engine under this permit (if an engine is located onsite longer than 24 hours). Such notification shall include the date the unit was brought onsite, the manufacturer, model number, maximum rating, and emissions information that documents that the unit meets the emission limits and requirements specified in the permit. [District Rule 1070]

2. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

3. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

4. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]

5. Any engine used by this permit shall be equipped with a non-resettable hour meter with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours, unless the District determines that a non-resettable hour meter with a different minimum display capability is appropriate in consideration of the historical use of the engine and the owner or operator's compliance history. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

6. Any engine utilized by this permit shall not be operated within 1,500 feet of the nearest receptor or any K-12 school. [District Rule 4102 and CH &EC 42301.6]

7. Any engine utilized by this permit shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702]

8. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight shall be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801 and 17 CCR 93116]

9. Any engine utilized by this permit shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702]

10. Any nonroad transportable engine utilized by this permit shall not be operated at one location for more than 12 consecutive months and shall meet all the requirements of a nonroad transportable engine, per CFR Title 40 Part 89. [CCR, Title 17 and District Rule 4701]

11. Operation of the engine shall not exceed 200 hours per year, as determined by an operational nonresettable elapsed operating time meter or other APCO approved alternative. The operator shall maintain records of the cumulative hours of operation on a 12 month rolling average. These records shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rules 2201 and 4702]

12. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

13. Emissions from any engine utilized by this permit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 2.85 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 2.61 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.15 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 220117 CCR 93116]
14. The PM10 emissions rate from any engine utilized by this permit shall not exceed 0.15 g/hp-hr based on US EPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102]

15. During periods of operation, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702]

16. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A or 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081, 4701, and 4702]

17. Permittee shall maintain a permit operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 2201 and 4702]

18. Permittee shall maintain records of each location where the permit unit is operated, including dates and duration of residency at each location, and shall update those records each time any IC engine utilized by this permit is moved. [District Rule 2201 and 17 CCR 93116]

19. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsfc. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e., the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT: C-273-33-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #2, BANK #1)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]
4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]
6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]
7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months thereafter. [District Rule 2201]
8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]
9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months thereafter, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]
10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dscf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-35-0

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200
KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME
STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #4, BANK #1)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper
ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]
4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three
minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2
(equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2
(equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District
Rules 2201 and 4201]
6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10
grain/100 dsfc. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]
7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least
once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]
8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for
H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]
9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a
portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in
operation, i.e., the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]
10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the
allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as
possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed
the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District
within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of
conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The
permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring
procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee
may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition.
[District Rule 2201]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to OPERATE.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 scf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper okay), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 scf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dscf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT: C-273-39-0

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #8, BANK #2)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb- SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsce. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 ds cf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT: C-273-42-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #11, BANK #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dscc. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-43-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KILOWATT GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #12, BANK #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-NOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dscf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsce. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e., the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOX/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsfe. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 scf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801]

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201]

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201]

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201]
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201]

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201]

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201]

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201]
San Joaquin Valley  
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-47-0  
EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:  
GAS PROCESSING PLANT CONSISTING OF AMINE SWEETENING AND GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATIONS  
WITH ELECTRICALLY HEATED GLYCOL AND AMINE REBOILERS, HEAT EXCHANGERS, GLYCOL AND AMINE  
PUMPS, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEMS, AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. VOC fugitive emissions from the components in gas service associated with this unit shall not exceed 4.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

4. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201]

5. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rule 4408]

6. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rule 4408]

7. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppmv of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408]

8. Any leak of dripping rate of more than three (3) drops per minute of liquid containing VOC or as a reading of methane, in excess of 100 ppmv above background (for valves and connectors) and 500 ppmv (for compressor and pump seals) when measured with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21, shall be repaired in a manner consistent with the procedures specified in Rule 4409. This requirement shall not apply to inaccessible or unsafe-to-access components as identified in the Operator Management Plan required by Rule 4409. [District Rules 2201, 4102, and 4409]

9. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

10. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. For pressure relief devices, a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

12. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409]

13. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

14. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

15. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

16. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409]

17. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

18. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

19. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409]

20. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

21. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]
22. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

23. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

24. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409]

25. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409]

26. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

27. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409]

28. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409]

29. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

30. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409]

31. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

32. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

33. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

34. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409]

35. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409]
36. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409]

37. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator’s mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

38. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409]

39. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

40. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has a overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409]

41. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

42. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05% of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409]

43. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409]
44. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, or is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two years after the date of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409]

45. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]

46. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409]

47. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409]

48. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409]

49. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409]
50. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409]

51. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409]

52. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 øF (150 øC) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409]

53. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

54. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409]

55. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409]

56. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409]

57. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408]

58. The permittee shall keep records, for the life of the operation, of all analysis demonstrating that the facility's design capacity is less than 2 Long Tons per day (LT/D) of H2S expressed as sulfur (Long Ton will be equal to 2,240 pounds). Such records must be updated annually for a continued exemption. [40 CFR Subpart OOOOa §60.5423a(c)]

59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. Fugitive VOC emissions from the components in gas service associated with this unit shall not exceed 0.3 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

4. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201]

5. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

6. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

7. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

8. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409]

9. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

10. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]
11. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

12. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409]

13. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

14. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

15. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409]

16. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

17. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

18. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

19. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

20. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409]

21. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409]

22. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409]

24. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409]

25. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

26. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409]

27. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

28. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

29. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

30. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409]

31. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409]

32. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409]

33. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

34. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409]

35. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409]
36. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has a overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409]

37. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

38. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409]

39. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

40. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such as the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed ball or valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than four years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409]

41. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]
42. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409]

43. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409]

44. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409]

45. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409]

46. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409]

47. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409]

48. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201 and 4409]
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-49-0
EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
26,800 GALLON LPG/NGL STORAGE TANK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. Fugitive VOC emissions from the components in gas service associated with this unit shall not exceed 0.3 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

4. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201]

5. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

6. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

7. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

8. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409]

9. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

10. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP.
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGS COUNTY, CA
11. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

12. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409]

13. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

14. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

15. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409]

16. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

17. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

18. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

19. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

20. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409]

21. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409]

22. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]
23. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409]

24. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409]

25. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

26. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409]

27. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

28. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

29. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

30. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409]

31. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409]

32. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409]

33. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

34. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409]

35. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409]
36. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has a overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409]

37. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

38. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for major gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409]

39. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

40. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409]

41. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
42. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409]

43. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409]

44. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector’s name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409]

45. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409]

46. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer’s instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409]

47. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409]

48. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201 and 4409]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall not exceed 0.7 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

4. The maximum number of liquid hose disconnects performed by the loading operation shall not exceed 16 disconnects/day. [District Rule 2201]

5. The maximum number of vapor hose disconnects performed by the loading operation shall not exceed 16 disconnects/day. [District Rule 2201]

6. Maximum VOC emissions from loading liquid/vapor hose disconnects shall not exceed 0.3 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

7. The maximum liquid spillage/leaks from each hose disconnect shall not exceed 10 milliliters. [District Rules 2201 and 4624]

8. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201]

9. For this Class 1 organic liquid transfer operation, the emission of VOC from the transfer operation shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid transferred. [District Rule 4624]

10. The vapors collected from the loading rack shall be routed to the gas processing plant (permit unit C-273-47), thus constituting a closed VOC emission control system. [District Rule 4624]

11. The organic liquid loading operation shall be bottom loaded. [District Rule 4624]

12. When utilizing a closed VOC emission control system to meet the emission control requirements of this permit, the transfer operation shall demonstrate compliance by complying with the leak inspection requirements of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]

13. Transfer rack shall be maintained and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, and operated such that there are no leaks or excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections as defined in Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
14. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, a leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. Any liquid or gas coming from a component undergoing repair or replacement, or during sampling of process fluid from equipment into a container is not considered a leak provided such activities are accomplished as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4624]

15. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, permittee shall inspect the loading rack for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21 or alternative method approved in writing by the APCO and EPA. [District Rule 4624]

16. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, all equipment found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replaced equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624]

17. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, an operator may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency required by Rule 4624 from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during inspections required under provisions of Sections 5.9.1 and 5.9.2 of Rule 4624 during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection the frequency shall revert back to quarterly and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624]

18. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

19. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

20. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409]

21. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409]

22. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

23. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

24. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]
25. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409]

26. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

27. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

28. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409]

29. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

30. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

31. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

32. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409]

33. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409]

34. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409]

35. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

36. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409]

37. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409]

38. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

39. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
40. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409]

41. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409]

42. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]

43. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409]

44. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409]

45. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409]

46. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator’s mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

47. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409]

48. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409]

49. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
50. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

51. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409]

52. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409]

53. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409]

54. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409]

55. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409]

56. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409]
57. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409]

58. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409]

59. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409]

60. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409]

61. Permittee shall keep records of daily loading rack throughput, number of liquid and vapor disconnects, and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rules 2201 and 4624]

62. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201, 4409, and 4624]
Attachment C

Draft Initial Title V Operating Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: C-273-0-2
EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. In lieu of identifying Permittee equipment numbers in the equipment descriptions contained in this permit, each piece of equipment shall be clearly, prominently, and permanently labeled with the corresponding District permit unit number. [District Rule 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. {4363} The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. {4364} The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. {4365} Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. {4366} The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.13.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. {4367} A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. {4368} Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. {4369} The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. {4370} The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGS COUNTY, CA

C-273-0-2: Mar 4 2020 11:03PM - MASLOWST
10. {4371} The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. {4372} Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. {4373} If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. {4374} It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. {4375} The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. {4376} The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. {4377} The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. {4378} The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. {4379} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. {4380} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. {4381} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. {4382} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP.
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGS COUNTY, CA

Facility-wide Requirements continue on next page.
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
22. {4383} No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and County Rules 401 (in all eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. {4384} No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in Table of Standards 1 effective until 12/30/10 or Table of Standards 2 effective on and after 1/1/11 of District Rule 4601 (12/17/09) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. {4385} All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. {4386} The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (12/17/09). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. {4387} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. {4388} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. {4389} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to the all applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. {4390} Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8021] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. {4391} Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. {4392} An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8041] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. {4393} Whenever open areas are disturbed, or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8051] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. {4394} Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8061] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. {4395} Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 50 Average annual daily Trips (AADT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 150 vehicle trips per day (VDT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. On each day that 25 or more VDT with 3 or more axles will occur on an unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.3 of District Rule 8071. On each day when a special event will result in 1,000 or more vehicles that will travel/park on an unpaved area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.4 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rules 8011 and 8071] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. {4396} Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. {4397} The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. {4398} The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. {4399} When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. {4400} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 401 (Madera, Fresno, Kern, Kings, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare and Merced), Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings), and Rule 202 (Fresno, Kern, Tulare, Kings, Madera, Stanislaus, Merced, San Joaquin). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. {4401} Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (2/17/05); 4601 (12/17/09); 8021 (8/19/2004); 8031 (8/19/2004); 8041 (8/19/2004); 8051 (8/19/2004); 8061 (8/19/2004); and 8071 (9/16/2004). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

42. On [Month, Date, Year], the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin March 1 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-18-4

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
326 BHP AJAX MODEL DPC-2802LE LEAN-BURN NATURAL GAS-FIRED IC ENGINE POWERING A NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR (ENGINE #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. While dormant, the fuel line shall be physically disconnected from the unit. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Permittee shall submit written notification to the District upon designating the unit as dormant or active. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. While dormant, normal source testing shall not be required. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Upon recommencing operation of this unit, normal source testing shall resume. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Any source testing required by this permit shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of this unit, regardless of whether the unit remains active or is again designated as dormant. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Records of all dates and times that this unit is designated as dormant or active, and copies of all corresponding notices to the District, shall be maintained, retained for a period of at least five years, and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. If this unit has become dormant because it does not comply with District Rules, or if the unit becomes out of compliance with District Rules while it is dormant, operation of the unit is not authorized until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits and permit changes required to comply with the respective District Rules. [District Rule 4100] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. This unit shall be fired on natural gas with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 1 gr-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP.
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGS COUNTY, CA
Permit Unit Requirements for C-273-18-4 (continued)

13. The sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The sulfur content of the natural gas being fired in the engine shall be determined using ASTM method D 1072, D 3031, D 4084, D 3246, or grab sample analysis by double GC. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 64 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.893 g-NOx/hp-hr), 0.011 g-Sox/hp-hr, 0.0365 g-PM10/hp-hr, 455 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 3.863 g-CO/hp-hr), or 212 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 1.029 g-VOC/hp-hr). [District Rules 2201 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions shall be measured (source tested) not less than once every 24 months. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Emissions source testing shall be conducted with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC emissions shall be reported as methane. VOC, NOx, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15% oxygen. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A, 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once a month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the engine is not in operation, i.e. the engine need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the engine unless monitoring has been performed within the last month if on a monthly monitoring schedule, or within the last quarter if on a quarterly monitoring schedule. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emission concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 8 hours after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 8 hours, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition per the manufacturer's requirements as specified on the Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) plan submitted to the District. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. The permittee shall update the I&M plan for this engine prior to any planned change in operation. The permittee must notify the District no later than seven days after changing the I&M plan and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the engine's operating log. For modifications, the revised I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit to Operate. The permittee may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. The permittee shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. While dormant, the fuel line shall be physically disconnected from the unit. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Permittee shall submit written notification to the District upon designating the unit as dormant or active. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. While dormant, normal source testing shall not be required. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Upon recommencing operation of this unit, normal source testing shall resume. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any source testing required by this permit shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of this unit, regardless of whether the unit remains active or is again designated as dormant. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Records of all dates and times that this unit is designated as dormant or active, and copies of all corresponding notices to the District, shall be maintained, retained for a period of at least five years, and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. If this unit has become dormant because it does not comply with District Rules, or if the unit becomes out of compliance with District Rules while it is dormant, operation of the unit is not authorized until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits and permit changes required to comply with the respective District Rules. [District Rule 4100] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This unit shall be fired on natural gas with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 1 gr-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
13. The sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The sulfur content of the natural gas being fired in the engine shall be determined using ASTM method D 1072, D 3031, D 4084, D 3246, or grab sample analysis by double GC. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 64 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.893 g-NOx/hp-hr), 0.011 g-SOx/hp-hr, 0.0365 g-PM10/hp-hr, 455 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 3.863 g-CO/hp-hr), or 212 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 1.029 g-VOC/hp-hr). [District Rules 2201 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions shall be measured (source tested) not less than once every 24 months. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Emissions source testing shall be conducted with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC emissions shall be reported as methane. VOC, NOx, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15% oxygen. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A, 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once a month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the engine is not in operation, i.e. the engine need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the engine unless monitoring has been performed within the last month if on a monthly monitoring schedule, or within the last quarter if on a quarterly monitoring schedule. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emission concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 8 hours after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 8 hours, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition per the manufacturer's requirements as specified on the Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) plan submitted to the District. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. The permittee shall update the I&M plan for this engine prior to any planned change in operation. The permittee must notify the District no later than seven days after changing the I&M plan and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the engine's operating log. For modifications, the revised I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit to Operate. The permittee may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. The permittee shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-20-4

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. While dormant, the fuel line shall be physically disconnected from the unit. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Permittee shall submit written notification to the District upon designating the unit as dormant or active. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. While dormant, normal source testing shall not be required. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Upon recommencing operation of this unit, normal source testing shall resume. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Any source testing required by this permit shall be performed within 60 days of recommencing operation of this unit, regardless of whether the unit remains active or is again designated as dormant. [District Rule 2080] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Records of all dates and times that this unit is designated as dormant or active, and copies of all corresponding notices to the District, shall be maintained, retained for a period of at least five years, and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. If this unit has become dormant because it does not comply with District Rules, or if the unit becomes out of compliance with District Rules while it is dormant, operation of the unit is not authorized until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits and permit changes required to comply with the respective District Rules. [District Rule 4102] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
9. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. This unit shall be fired on natural gas with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 1 gr-S/100 scf. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. The sulfur content of each fuel source shall be tested weekly except that if compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit has been demonstrated for 8 consecutive weeks for a fuel source, then the testing frequency shall be quarterly. If a test shows noncompliance with the sulfur content requirement, the source must return to weekly testing until eight consecutive weeks show compliance. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The sulfur content of the natural gas being fired in the engine shall be determined using ASTM method D 1072, D 3031, D 4084, D 3246, or grab sample analysis by double GC. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 64 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.893 g-NOx/hp-hr), 0.011 g-SOx/hp-hr, 0.0365 g-PM10/hp-hr, 455 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 3.863 g-CO/hp-hr), or 212 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 1.029 g-VOC/hp-hr). [District Rules 2201 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. NOx, CO, and VOC emissions shall be measured (source tested) not less than once every 24 months. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Emissions source testing shall be conducted with the engine operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. For emissions source testing, the arithmetic average of three 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two of three runs are above an applicable limit, the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit. VOC emissions shall be reported as methane. VOC, NOx, and CO concentrations shall be reported in ppmv, corrected to 15% oxygen. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A, 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Source testing shall be conducted using the methods and procedures approved by the District. The District must be notified at least 30 days prior to any compliance source test, and a source test plan must be submitted for approval at least 15 days prior to testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The results of each source test shall be submitted to the District within 60 days. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. The permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once a month (in which a source test is not performed) using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the engine is not in operation, i.e. the engine need not be started solely to perform monitoring. Monitoring shall be performed within 5 days of restarting the engine unless monitoring has been performed within the last month if on a monthly monitoring schedule, or within the last quarter if on a quarterly monitoring schedule. Records must be maintained of the dates of non-operation to validate extended monitoring frequencies. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emission concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 8 hours after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 8 hours, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour, and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. All alternate monitoring parameter emission readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the permit-to-operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The permittee shall maintain records of: (1) the date and time of NOx, CO, and O2 measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition per the manufacturer's requirements as specified on the Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) plan submitted to the District. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. The permittee shall update the I&M plan for this engine prior to any planned change in operation. The permittee must notify the District no later than seven days after changing the I&M plan and must submit an updated I&M plan to the APCO no later than 14 days after the change for approval. The date and time of the change to the I&M plan shall be recorded in the engine's operating log. For modifications, the revised I&M plan shall be submitted to and approved by the APCO prior to issuance of the Permit to Operate. The permittee may request a change to the I&M plan at any time. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. The permittee shall maintain an engine operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-21-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 08/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATION WITH A PERMIT-EXEMPT REBOILER (LESS THAN 5 MMBTU/HR), HEAT EXCHANGER, GLYCOL PUMP, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEM (SHARED WITH UNITS C-273-22 AND C-273-23), AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Emissions from the glycol dehydration operation shall not exceed 155.0 lb-VOC/day including equipment shared with permit units C-273-22 and C-273-23. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. The VOC content of the gas shall not exceed 50% by weight. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Operator shall conduct quarterly gas sampling for fugitive components. If gas samples are equal to or less than 50% VOC by weight for 8 consecutive quarterly samplings, sampling frequency shall only be required annually. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. VOC content of the gas shall be measured using ASTM D1945, EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 18 referenced as methane. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppm of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
12. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. A minor liquid leak exist when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

36. The permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

37. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

38. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

39. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

40. The operator, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

41. The operator shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit

42. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] FederallyEnforceableThroughTitleVP ermit
43. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer’s nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The operator shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. By January 30th of each year the operator shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. The operator shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compounds to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

57. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

58. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period of periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Emissions from the glycol dehydration operation shall not exceed 155.0 lb-VOC/day including equipment shared with permit units C-273-22 and C-273-23. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. The VOC content of the gas shall not exceed 50% by weight. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Operator shall conduct quarterly gas sampling for fugitive components. If gas samples are equal to or less than 50% VOC by weight for 8 consecutive quarterly samplings, sampling frequency shall only be required annually. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. VOC content of the gas shall be measured using ASTM D1945, EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 18 referenced as methane. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppm of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Permitee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
12. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non- Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. The permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. The operator, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. The operator shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gasses or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05% of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are >10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The operator shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. By January 30th of each year the operator shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
49. The operator shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

57. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

58. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-23-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 08/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
GLYCOL DEHYDRATION OPERATION WITH A PERMIT-EXEMPT REBOILER (LESS THAN 5 MM BTU/HR), HEAT EXCHANGER, GLYCOL PUMP, LIQUID KNOCKOUT SYSTEM (SHARED WITH UNITS C-273-21 AND -22), AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Emissions from the glycol dehydration operation shall not exceed 155.0 lb-VOC/day including equipment shared with permit units C-273-22 and C-273-23. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The VOC content of the gas shall not exceed 50% by weight. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Operator shall conduct quarterly gas sampling for fugitive components. If gas samples are equal to or less than 50% VOC by weight for 8 consecutive quarterly samplings, sampling frequency shall only be required annually. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. VOC content of the gas shall be measured using ASTM D1945, EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 18 referenced as methane. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppm of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate,
12. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. A minor liquid leak exist when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
35. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. The permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator’s mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. The operator, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. The operator shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05% of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The operator shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. By January 30th of each year the operator shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
49. The operator shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

57. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

58. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District, ARB, and EPA inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-24-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
TRANSPORTABLE TIER 3 CERTIFIED DIESEL-FIRED IC ENGINE UP TO 532 BHP FOR MECHANICAL PUMPING, COMPRESSION, OR POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Permitee shall provide written notification to the District within 48 hours of operating an engine under this permit (if an engine is located onsite longer than 24 hours). Such notification shall include the date the unit was brought onsite, the manufacturer, model number, maximum rating, and emissions information that documents that the unit meets the emission limits and requirements specified in the permit. [District Rule 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

3. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any engine used by this permit shall be equipped with a non-resettable hour meter with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours, unless the District determines that a non-resettable hour meter with a different minimum display capability is appropriate in consideration of the historical use of the engine and the owner or operator's compliance history. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93116] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Any engine utilized by this permit shall not be operated within 1,500 feet of the nearest receptor or any K-12 school. [District Rule 4102 and CH&SC 42301.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Any engine utilized by this permit shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight shall be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801 and 17 CCR 93116] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Any engine utilized by this permit shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Any nonroad transportable engine utilized by this permit shall not be operated at one location for more than 12 consecutive months and shall meet all the requirements of a nonroad transportable engine, per CFR Title 40 Part 89. [District Rule 4701 and 17 CCR 93116] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Operation of the engine shall not exceed 200 hours per year, as determined by an operational nonresettable elapsed operating time meter or other APCO approved alternative. The operator shall maintain records of the cumulative hours of operation on a 12 month rolling average. These records shall be updated at least monthly. [District Rules 2201 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
12. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Emissions from any engine utilized by this permit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 2.85 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 2.61 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.15 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 2201 and 17 CCR 93116] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The PM10 emissions rate from any engine utilized by this permit shall not exceed 0.15 g/ hp-hr based on US EPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During periods of operation, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The following test methods shall be used: NOx (ppmv) - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, CO (ppmv) - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, stack gas oxygen - EPA Method 3 or 3A or ARB Method 100, and VOC (ppmv) - EPA Method 18, 25A or 25B, or ARB Method 100. [District Rules 1081, 4701, and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Permittee shall maintain a permit operating log to demonstrate compliance. The engine operating log shall include, on a monthly basis, the following information: total hours of operation, type of fuel used, maintenance or modifications performed, monitoring data, compliance source test results, and any other information necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rules 2201 and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. Permittee shall maintain records of each location where the permit unit is operated, including dates and duration of residency at each location, and shall update those records each time any IC engine utilized by this permit is moved. [District Rule 2201 and 17 CCR 93116] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb- SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-33-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #2, BANK #1)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 ds cf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
   Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 scf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT: C-273-37-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200
KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME
STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #6, BANK #2)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. (98) No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. (1898) The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap
(flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three
minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2
(equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-Sox/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2
(equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District
Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10
grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as HS2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least
once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for
H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a
portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in
operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable
Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the
allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as
possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed
the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District
within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of
conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The
permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring
procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee
may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition.
[District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-38-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #7, BANK #2)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. (98) No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. (1898) The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201]

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201]

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 ds cf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP.
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGSDOWN, CA
C-273-40-1: Mar 4 2020 10:17AM - MASCOUST

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-41-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 6/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200
KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME
STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #10, BANK #2)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsfc. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-42-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #11, BANK #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. (98) No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. (1898) The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: CALIFORNIA RESOURCES PRODUCTION CORP
Location: KETTLEMAN NORTH DOME UNIT, KINGS COUNTY, CA
C-273-42-1 · Mar 4 2020 10:17AM · MABLOWST

DRAFT
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-43-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #12, BANK #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 ds cf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dsf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e., the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permitee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permitee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-45-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2.28 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS/FIELD GAS-FIRED CAPSTONE MODEL C200 MICRO TURBINE POWERING A 200 KW ELECTRICAL GENERATOR OPERATED AT VARIOUS UNSPECIFIED LOCATIONS WITHIN THE SAME STATIONARY SOURCE C-273 (CAPSTONE #14, BANK #3)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a fuel sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dscf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. \{98\} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. \{1898\} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This micro turbine shall not operate closer than 804 meters from the property boundary. [District Rule 4102]

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Emissions from the natural gas-fired unit shall not exceed any of the following limits: 9 ppmvd NOx @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.033 lb-NOx/MMBtu); 0.0285 lb-SOx/MMBtu; 0.0076 lb-PM10/MMBtu; 40 ppmvd CO @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.09 lb-CO/MMBtu); or 7 ppmvd VOC @ 15% O2 (equivalent to 0.009 lb-VOC/MMBtu). [District Rules 2201 and 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The turbine shall only burn produced gas and/or PUC quality gas with a sulfur concentration not exceeding 10 grain/100 dry scf. [District Rules 2201 and 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall measure and record fuel gas sulfur content (as H2S) upon any change in the gas fuel source and at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall determine sulfur content of gas consumed by the turbine using ASTM method D3246 or double GC for H2S and mercaptans. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall monitor and record the stack concentration of NOx, CO, and O2 at least once every 12 months, using a portable emission monitor that meets District specifications. Monitoring shall not be required if the unit is not in operation, i.e. the unit need not be started solely to perform monitoring. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. If either the NOx or CO concentrations corrected to 15% O2, as measured by the portable analyzer, exceed the allowable emissions concentration, the permittee shall return the emissions to within the acceptable range as soon as possible, but no longer than 1 hour of operation after detection. If the portable analyzer readings continue to exceed the allowable emissions concentration after 1 hour of operation after detection, the permittee shall notify the District within the following 1 hour and conduct a certified source test within 60 days of the first exceedance. In lieu of conducting a source test, the permittee may stipulate a violation has occurred, subject to enforcement action. The permittee must then correct the violation, show compliance has been re-established, and resume monitoring procedures. If the deviations are the result of a qualifying breakdown condition pursuant to Rule 1100, the permittee may fully comply with Rule 1100 in lieu of the performing the notification and testing required by this condition. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All emission monitoring readings shall be taken with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate. The analyzer shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations or a protocol approved by the APCO. Emission readings taken shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15 consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings, evenly spaced out over the 15 consecutive-minute period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Permittee shall maintain the following records: (1) the date and time of O2 and NOx measurements, (2) the O2 concentration in percent and the measured NOx concentration corrected to 15% O2, (3) make and model of exhaust gas analyzer, (4) exhaust gas analyzer calibration records, and (5) a description of any corrective action taken to maintain the emissions within the acceptable range. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Permittee shall maintain an accurate record of each location where this turbine is operated and the sulfur content (as H2S) of the gas from each fuel source. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. VOC fugitive emissions from the components in gas service associated with this unit shall not exceed 4.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Glycol dehydration vent VOC emissions shall be condensed and returned to the natural gas or crude oil production line. [District Rule 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Condensate handling shall be conducted in closed systems resulting in fugitive component emissions only and no evaporation of VOCs. [District Rule 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. All piping, valves, and other fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. "Leak-free" shall be defined as emitting no more than 20,000 ppm of methane measured from the potential source with an instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. A reading in excess of 20,000 ppm above background is a violation of this permit, unless it is repaired as otherwise provided in this permit. [District Rules 2201 and 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Any leak of dripping rate of more than three (3) drops per minute of liquid containing VOC or as a reading of methane, in excess of 100 ppmv above background (for valves and connectors) and 500 ppmv (for compressor and pump seals) when measured with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21, shall be repaired in a manner consistent with the procedures specified in Rule 4409. This requirement shall not apply to inaccessible or unsafe-to-access components as identified in the Operator Management Plan required by Rule 4409. [District Rules 2201, 4102, and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
21. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio- or visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio- or visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio- or visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 12 months after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the next turnaround or not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

57. Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of gas dehydrated, type of glycol used, description of any installed VOC control systems, flow diagram of dehydrator and any VOC controls, and maintenance records of the VOC control system. [District Rule 4408] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
58. The permittee shall keep records, for the life of the operation, of all analysis demonstrating that the facility's design capacity is less than 2 Long Tons per day (LT/D) of H2S expressed as sulfur (Long Ton will be equal to 2,240 pounds). Such records must be updated annually for a continued exemption. [40 CFR Subpart OOOOa §60.5423a(c)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

59. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 1070, 4408, and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: C-273-48-1

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
26,800 GALLON LPG/NGL STORAGE TANK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Fugitive VOC emissions from the components in gas service associated with this unit shall not exceed 0.3 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]
10. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non- Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
46. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201 and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Fugitive VOC emissions from the components in gas service associated with this unit shall not exceed 0.3 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leakage components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted toward determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409]
10. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non- Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator's mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05% of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than two years after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period, whichever comes first. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
46. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201 and 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT: C-273-50-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 06/30/2023

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
LPG/NGL TRUCK LOADING RACK WITH ONE LIQUID/VAPOUR LOADING CONNECTIONS WITH VAPOUR RECOVERY SYSTEM, ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT, AND LACT UNIT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Fugitive VOC emissions from component leaks shall not exceed 0.7 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. The maximum number of liquid hose disconnects performed by the loading operation shall not exceed 16 disconnects/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. The maximum number of vapor hose disconnects performed by the loading operation shall not exceed 16 disconnects/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Maximum VOC emissions from loading liquid/vapor hose disconnects shall not exceed 0.3 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. The maximum liquid spillage/leaks from each hose disconnect shall not exceed 10 milliliters. [District Rules 2201 and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall maintain accurate component count for this operation according to CAPCOA's "California Implementation Guidelines for Estimating Mass Emissions of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Leaks at Petroleum Facilities", Table IV-2c (Feb 1999), Screening Value Range emission factors < 10,000 ppmv. Permittee shall update such records when new components are approved and installed. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. For this Class 1 organic liquid transfer operation, the emission of VOC from the transfer operation shall not exceed 0.08 pounds per 1,000 gallons of organic liquid transferred. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. The vapors collected from the loading rack shall be routed to the gas processing plant (permit unit C-273-47), thus constituting a closed VOC emission control system. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. The organic liquid loading operation shall be bottom loaded. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. When utilizing a closed VOC emission control system to meet the emission control requirements of this permit, the transfer operation shall demonstrate compliance by complying with the leak inspection requirements of Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
13. Transfer rack shall be maintained and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, and operated such that there are no leaks or excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections as defined in Rule 4624. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, a leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute; or for organic liquids other than gasoline, the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of VOC greater than 1,000 ppmv above a background as methane when measured using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. Any liquid or gas coming from a component undergoing repair or replacement, or during sampling of process fluid from equipment into a container is not considered a leak provided such activities are accomplished as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, permittee shall inspect the loading rack for leaks during transfer at least once every calendar quarter using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21 or alternative method approved in writing by the APCO and EPA. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, all equipment found leaking shall be repaired or replaced within 72 hours. If the leaking component cannot be repaired or replaced within 72 hours, the component shall be taken out of service until such time the component is repaired or replaced. The repaired or replaced equipment shall be reinspected the first time the equipment is in operation after the repair or replacement. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Except for components subject to Rule 4409, an operator may apply for a written approval from the APCO to change the inspection frequency required by Rule 4624 from quarterly to annually provided no leaks were found during inspections required under provisions of Sections 5.9.1 and 5.9.2 of Rule 4624 during five consecutive quarterly inspections. Upon identification of any leak during an annual inspection the frequency shall revert back to quarterly and the operator shall contact the APCO in writing within 14 days. [District Rule 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. Permittee shall not use any components that leak in excess of the applicable leak standards as specified in this permit. Components that have been found leaking in excess of the applicable leak standards of this rule may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or are awaiting re-inspection after being repaired, within the applicable time period specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. For valves, threaded connections, flanges, pipes, pumps, compressors, and other components not specified in this permit; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 1,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 2,000 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. For pressure relief devices; a major gas leak is a detection of > 10,000 ppmv as methane; a minor gas leak is a detection of 200 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in liquid service; a minor gas leak is a detection of 400 to 10,000 ppmv as methane when the component is in gas/vapor service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections shall not be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409 provided the leaking components are repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this permit. Leaks detected during quarterly operator inspections that are not repaired, replaced, or removed from operation as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in this rule shall be counted towards determination of compliance with the provisions of Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Leaking components at this facility detected during annual operator inspections, as required by Rule 4409 for a specific component type, that exceed the leak standards specified in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this rule. This violation is regardless of whether or not the leaking components are repaired, replaced, or removed from operation within the allowable repair time frame specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. An open-ended line, or a valve located at the end of the line, that is not sealed with either a blind flange, a plug, a cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended line is a leak. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. This type of leak is a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. A minor liquid leak exists when more than three drops of liquid per minute, that is not seal lubricant and is not a major liquid leak, leaks from the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. A major liquid leak from the component is considered a leak for Rule 4409 purposes. A major liquid leak from a component is when a visible mist or a continuous flow of liquid, that is not seal lubricant, leaks from the component. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Gas leaks greater than 50,000 ppmv, as methane are violations of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. When compressors, pressure relief devices, or other components not listed in this permit are inspected, a leak from these components is when more than one component has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. When 200 or fewer pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than two pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 pumps are inspected, a leak from a pump is when more than 1.0 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the pumps have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. When 200 or fewer flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than one flange has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 flanges are inspected, a leak from a flange is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the flanges have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. When 200 or fewer threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than one threaded connection has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 threaded connections are inspected, a leak from a threaded connection is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the threaded connections have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. When 200 or fewer valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than one valve has a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. When greater than 200 valves are inspected, a leak from a valve is when more than 0.5 % (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the valves have a minor liquid leak, a minor gas leak, or a gas leak > 10,000 ppmv and < or equal to 50,000 ppmv. This type of leak shall be a violation of this permit during annual operator inspection or District inspection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. For manned facilities, all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once every 24 hours except when operators do not report to the facility during a 24 hour period. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. For unmanned facilities all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, shall be audio-visually inspected for leaks at least once per calendar week. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. All accessible operating pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, in service, that are found to be leaking by audio-visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking component shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. Except for inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, or pipes, all components, in service, shall be tested for leaks at least once every calendar quarter. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. All new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections shall be tested for leaks immediately after being placed into service. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. All inaccessible components shall be tested for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. All unsafe-to-monitor components shall be tested for leaks during each turnaround. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. All pipes shall be visually inspected for leaks at least once every 12 months. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. All pipes, in service, that are found to be leaking by visual inspection shall be attempted to be repaired immediately. The leaking pipe shall then be tested within 24 hours and, if found leaking again, shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the timeframe specified in this permit. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. The annual pipe inspection required by either the Department of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) pursuant to California Code of Regulation Title 14, Division 2, Subchapter 2, Section 1774 (Oilfield Facilities and Equipment Maintenance), or by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) pursuant to 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 112 (Oil Prevention and Response: Non-Transportation-Related Onshore and Offshore Facilities) can be used as the annual pipe inspection required by District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. Except for pumps, compressors, and pressure relief devices, the permittee may apply for written approval from the District to change the inspection frequency of accessible components from quarterly to annually for a specific component type provided the following two qualifying requirements are met. During the previous five consecutive quarterly inspections, for the specific component type, there shall be no more leaks than as allowed by this permit. The permittee also shall not have received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the District during the previous 12 months for violating any provisions of District Rule 4409 for the specific component type. If these two qualifying requirements have not been met, then the inspection frequency shall revert back to quarterly. The written request shall include pertinent documentation to demonstrate that the operator has successfully met the two qualifying requirements. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. Permittee shall notify the District in writing within five calendar days after changing the inspection frequency for a specific component type. The written notification shall include the reason(s) and date of change to a quarterly inspection frequency. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. A pressure relief device that releases to the atmosphere shall be inspected by the permittee for leaks as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the time of the release. The permittee shall reinspect the pressure relief device for leaks not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the date of the initial release. If the pressure relief device is found by the permittee to be leaking during either inspection, the pressure relief device leak shall be treated as if the leak was found during the required quarterly operator inspections. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. District inspections shall not be counted as an operator inspection required by District Rule 4409. Any attempt by an operator to count such District inspections as part of the operator’s mandatory inspections is considered a willful circumvention of the rule and is a violation of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. Except for pressure relief devices, a component shall be inspected for leaks not later than 15 calendar days after repairing the leak or replacing the component. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. Permittee, upon detection of a leaking component, shall affix to that component a weatherproof, readily visible tag, bearing the date and time when the leak was detected and the date and time of the leak measurement. For gaseous leaks, the tag shall indicate the leak concentration in ppmv. For liquid leaks, the tag shall indicate whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. The tag shall indicate, when applicable, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired or replaced and reinspected and found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. Permittee shall minimize all component leaks immediately, to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere. If the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards specified in this permit, the operator shall do one of the following within the timeframes specified within this permit: 1) repair or replace the leaking component; 2) vent the leaking component to a closed vent system; 3) or remove the leaking component from operation. A closed vent system is a District approved system that is not open to the atmosphere. It is composed of hard-piping, ductwork connections and, if necessary, flow inducing devices that transport gas or vapor from a piece or pieces of equipment to a District approved control device that has an overall VOC collection and destruction or removal efficiency of at least 95%, or that transports gases or vapors back to a process system. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Except for essential and critical components, the operator shall repair minor gas leaks within seven days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, within three days. The operator shall repair major gas leaks, which are > 50,000 ppmv, within two days. The operator shall repair minor liquid leaks within three days. The operator shall repair major liquid leaks within two days. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period. The start of the repair period shall be the time of the initial leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. For each calendar quarter, the operator may extend the repair period for a total number of leaking components, not to exceed 0.05 % of the number of components inspected, by type, rounded upward to the nearest whole number. The repair period for minor gas leaks can be extended by seven additional days. The repair period for major gas leaks, which are > 10,000 ppmv but < or equal to 50,000 ppmv, can be extended by two additional days. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. If a leaking component is an essential component or a critical component and which cannot be shut down immediately for repairs, the operator shall do the following: 1) minimize the leak within one hour after detection of the leak; 2) and if the leak has been minimized, but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standards of Rule 4409 as specified in this permit, the essential component or critical component shall be repaired or replaced to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround. The repair shall occur no later than one year from the date of the original leak detection. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
53. For any component that has incurred five repair actions for major gas leaks or major liquid leaks, or a combination of major gas leaks and major liquid leaks within a continuous 12-month period, the operator shall do one of the following four options. Options 1a through 1f require written notification to the District, option 2 requires written notification to the District and written District approval, options 3 and 4 do not require written notification to the District: 1a) For compressors replace the existing seal with either a dual mechanical seal, an oil film seal, a gas seal, or a face-type seal; 1b) for pumps replace the pump with a seal-less pump or replace the seal with a dual mechanical seal; 1c) for pressure relief devices replace the pressure relief device and install a rupture disc in the line which precedes the pressure relief device such that the pressure relief device is in series with and follows the rupture disc; 1d) for valves replace the valve with a sealed bellows valve, or for seal rings install graphite or Teflon chevron seal rings in a live-loaded packing gland; 1e) for threaded connections weld the connections or replace threaded connections with flanges; 1f) for sampling connections replace the sampling connection with a closed-loop sampling system; 2) Replace the component with Achieved-in-Practice Best Available Control Technology (BACT) equipment; 3) Vent the component to a District approved closed-vent system; 4) Remove the component from operation. For any component that is accessible, is not unsafe-to-monitor, is not an essential component, or is not a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than twelve months after the date of detection of the fifth major leak within a continuous 12-month period. For any component that is inaccessible, is unsafe-to-monitor, is essential, or is a critical component, the operator shall comply with these requirements as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. All major components and critical components shall be physically identified clearly and visibly for inspection, repair, and recordkeeping purposes. The physical identification shall consist of labels, tags, manufacturer's nameplate identifier, serial number, or model number, or other system approved by the District that enables an operator or the District to locate each individual component. The operator shall replace physical identifications that become missing or unreadable as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after discovery. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. Permittee shall keep a copy of the District approved Operator Management Plan (OMP) at the facility and make it available to the District, ARB, and EPA upon request. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. By January 30th of each year the permittee shall submit to the District for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to the existing OMP on file at the District. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

57. Permittee shall maintain an inspection log that has been signed and dated by the facility operator responsible for the inspection, certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. The inspection log shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information: 1) The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component types; 2) The location, type, name or description of each leaking component and the description of any unit where the leaking component is found; 3) Date of the leak detection and method of the leak detection; 4) For gaseous leaks, record the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak; 5) The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of the leaking component(s); 6) The identification and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes first; 7) The method(s) used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier; 8) The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced; 9) The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

58. Records shall be maintained of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components. The records shall include a copy of the current calibration gas certification from the vendor of the calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, the concentration of calibration gas, the instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, the instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, the calibration gas expiration date, and the calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
59. All measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instructions not more than 30 days prior to its use. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

60. The VOC content by weight percent shall be determined using ASTM D-1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 for liquids. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

61. The percent by volume liquid evaporated at 302 °F (150 °C) shall be determined using ASTM D-86. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

62. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D-323, and converting the RVP to TVP at the maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix A of District Rule 4409. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

63. The API gravity of crude oil or petroleum distillate shall be determined by using ASTM D-287 or ASTM 1298. Sampling for API gravity shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D-4057. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

64. The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

65. Halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4409] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

66. Permitee shall keep records of daily loading rack throughput, number of liquid and vapor disconnects, and the results of any required leak inspections. [District Rules 2201 and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

67. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a period of at least 5 years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 2201, 4409, and 4624] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit