California’s Oil and Gas Regulation District Rules 2260 and 3156
COGR/2260 Requirements

General

• Goals
  – Provide background for the COGR Regulation
  – Explain the requirements
    • Administrative
    • Applied
  – Clarify delineation from District requirements
  – Explain the District’s role with inspections
COGR/2260 Requirements
General

• As part of implementing AB32, on March 23, 2017, CARB adopted a regulation to reduce greenhouse gas/methane emissions from oil and gas facilities
• 70 - 80% of the affected facilities are located in the San Joaquin Valley
• Affected facilities already subject to District VOC rules and permits
• Affected facilities
  – Crude oil or natural gas production
  – Crude oil, condensate, and produced water separation and storage
  – Natural gas underground storage
  – Natural gas processing plants
  – Natural gas transmission and compressor stations
COGR/2260 Requirements
General (cont’d)

• District staff actively participated in CARB regulation development process
  – Secured changes to state regulation to minimize and mitigate increases in NOx and toxic emissions
  – Common sense exemption for tanks operated by small producers consistent with District requirements

• CARB and affected facilities agree that the District is better able to implement the regulation
  – District has extensive permitting and inspection infrastructure in place for decades
  – District staff familiar with affected facilities and regulated equipment
  – District implementation will result in more effective and expeditious implementation at lower cost
In order to implement CARB regulation District adopted Rules 2260 and 3156 in December 2017
  - Rule 2260 establishes and requires registration of equipment subject to CARB regulation
  - Rule 3156 establishes a fee schedule, to be used only if CARB does not fund the program.
• The CARB regulation and Rule 2260 make several requirements of subject facilities, including:
  - Administrative Requirements
  - Applied Requirements
COGR/2260 Requirements
Administrative

• Application for Registration
  – Specific to this regulation, separate from District permitting
  – Application in “Spreadsheet” format, link on last slide
  – Application due (per 2260) March 1, 2018
  – Update as equipment is modified (online portal in process)

• Inventory Submission
  – Part of state requirement
  – Inventory uses same “Spreadsheet” format as registration
  – Inventory due (per 2260) July 1, 2018
  – Update annually, due March 1, 2019 onward
• Reporting Requirements – Electronic to ARB (oil&gas@arb.ca.gov)
  – Tank Flash Analysis Testing
  – Natural Gas Compressors
    • Reciprocating – LDAR and Flow Rates
    • Centrifugal – LDAR and Flow Rates
  – Natural Gas Powered Pneumatic Devices
    • LDAR and Flow Rates
  – Natural Gas Well Liquid Unloading (measured or calculated gas release)
  – Open Well Casing Vents (annual flow test for each well’s vents)
  – Underground Natural Gas Storage (very detailed requirements)
• Leak Detection and Repair
  • Results of quarterly inspections
  • Initial and final leak concentrations
• Most reports annual (July 1), Flash Testing is 90 days
• Recordkeeping Requirements (must be available on request)
  – Separator and Tank Systems
    • Flash Analysis Results and Throughput (DOGGR Form 110s)
  – Circulation Tanks for Well Stimulation
    • BMP plan
  – Natural Gas Compressors
    • Flow measurements
    • Operation hours
    • Parts/Service Orders (for LDAR)
  – Natural Gas Powered Pneumatic Devices
    • Emissions flow measurements
COGR/2260 Requirements
Administrative (cont’d)

• Recordkeeping Requirements (must be available on request)
  – Liquids Unloading of Natural Gas Wells
    • Measured or calculated gas venting volume
  – Open Well Casing Vents
    • Flow rates from each well normally operating with open vents
  – Underground Natural Gas Storage
    • Very detailed records required
  – Leak Detection and Repair
    • Inspection Records
    • Leak and Repair Records
    • Proof of Parts/Services ordered
COGR/2260 Requirements Applied Per Section 95668

• Separator and Tank Systems
  – Tank Flash Analysis Testing (annually 3 years, then every 5 years)
    • Test to determine if annual emissions are > 10 Tons CH$_4$
    • Tanks over 10 Tons CH$_4$ must install Vapor Recovery System (requires District ATC)
  – Key Exemptions
    • Produced oil tanks with throughput < 50 BOPD
    • Produced water tanks with throughput < 200 BWPD in gas production
    • Tanks controlled (VRS or Gas Blanket)
    • Low use and Temporary Tanks
    • Gauge Tanks (< 100 Bbls.)
COGR/2260 Requirements  
Applied Per Section 95668 (cont’d)

- Reciprocating Natural Gas Compressors (production facilities)
  - Perform Leak Detection and Repair per Section 95669 (including Rod-packing seals)
  - Rod Packing Vent Stacks must be controlled with VRS or repaired per LDAR (1/1/2019)
- Reciprocating NG Compressors (gas proc., trans., boosting facilities)
  - Perform Leak Detection and Repair per Section 95669 (except Rod-packing seals)
  - Flow Rate from Rod Packing Vent Stacks must be measured annually
  - Rod Packing Vent Stacks must be controlled with VRS or repaired per LDAR if > 2 scfm (1/1/2019)
- Exemption
  - Compressors that operate < 200 Hours/Year
• Centrifugal Natural Gas Compressors (all facilities)
  – Perform Leak Detection and Repair per Section 95669 on Wet and Dry Seals
  – Flow Rate from Wet Seals must be measured annually
  – Vent Stacks must be controlled with VRS or repaired per LDAR if > 3 scfm
    (1/1/2019)
• Exemption
  – Compressors that operate < 200 Hours/Year
• Natural Gas Powered Pneumatic Devices and Pumps
  – By 1/1/2019 Continuous Bleed NG Pneumatic Devices must not vent gas and must comply with Leak Detection and Repair
    • These devices installed before 1/1/2016 may be used provided:
      – They are measured annually to prove they vent < 6scf/h (or repaired), tagged, and reported
  – Intermittent Bleed NG Pneumatic Devices must comply with Leak Detection and Repair as of 1/1/2018 when the device idle and not venting
  – By 1/1/2019 NG Pneumatic Pumps shall not vent NG and shall comply with Leak Detection and Repair
  – Continuous Bleed NG Powered Pneumatic Devices or Pumps requiring replacement or retrofit shall either:
    • Collect vented gas to a Vapor control system, or,
    • Use compressed air to operate
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95668 (cont’d)

• Well Casing Vents
  – Beginning 1/1/2018 operators must measure the gas flow volume from each well that operates with open casing vents. These measurements are to be submitted annually and records kept
  – This is not a control requirement

• Circulation Tanks for Well Stimulation Treatments (Not registered in 2260)
  – By 1/1/2018, each operator shall submit a Best Management Practices Plan to reduce methane emissions from well stimulation practices. The plan is to be reviewed by CARB. The District has no role in this approval. We may ask if your plan has been approved during the inspection
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95668 (cont’d)

• Liquids Unloading of Natural Gas Wells (not registered by Rule 2260)
  – By 1/1/18 collect all vented NG to a control system, or
  – Measure the volume of the vented NG, or
  – Calculate the volume of the vented NG
  – Annually Report volumes vented, or calculated, and venting method to CARB

• Natural Gas Underground Storage Facility Monitoring Requirements
  – These facilities are registered and will be inspected annually
  – Extensive monitoring requirements included in plan submitted to and approved by CARB. The District does not have authority over the plan, but will ask if it is being followed during our inspection.

• Control Devices If Required
  – Sales, fuel, disposal well (DOGGR), VR. New must be non-destructive or Low NOx, and will require a District permit
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95669 - LDAR

• By 1/1/18 all subject components, including those found on tanks, separators, wells, and pressure vessels, shall be inspected and repaired according to the timelines specified
  – All components, including hatches, PRVs, well casings, stuffing boxes, and pump seals shall be inspected audio-visually daily (if site visited daily), or weekly (at sites not visited daily). Inspect unsafe to monitor or inaccessible components annually
  – Leaks detected this way must be repaired, or inspected according to EPA Method 21 within 24 hours (by the end of the next business day if detected after hours, on a weekend or holiday)
  – Leaks detected via M 21 shall be repaired according to regulation timelines
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95669 – LDAR (cont’d)

• By 1/1/18 all subject components, including those found on tanks, separators, wells, and pressure vessels, shall be inspected and repaired according to the timelines specified
  – All components must be inspected on a quarterly basis using EPA M 21 (in ppm)
  – You may not use a PID for this work
  – You may use Optical Gas Imaging (such as a FLIR Camera) as a screening device, but this not in lieu of quarterly inspections with EPA M 21. Leaks detected by OGI shall be inspected via EPA M 21 within 2 calendar days of detection (14 calendar days for inaccessible or unsafe to monitor)
  – Leaks detected via M 21 shall be repaired according to regulation timelines
  – Inaccessible and Unsafe to Monitor must be inspected annually via EPA M 21
  – OEL must be capped or sealed in 14 days. If leaking, repair per timelines
Key Exemptions

- Components specifically subject to District LDAR (Rules 4401, 4409, 4623), as of 1/1/2018
  - Exemptions to District LDAR mean subject to CARB LDAR (4401)
- Components, including those found on tanks, separators, wells, and pressure vessels used exclusively for the production of crude (and associated water) with gravity < 20° API
  - This exemption does not apply to gas lines coming from tanks that move the gas to sales, as fuel, or to disposal, and TEOR systems
- Buried components (this exemption does not include well casings)
- Open casing vents (subject to testing under 95668)
- Closed casing vents serving wells with gravity < 20° API
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95669 – LDAR (cont’d)

• Facility LDAR Requirements
  – Inspect all subject components as required (daily, weekly, quarterly, annually)
  – Repair leaks in timeframes specified
  – Keep records of LDAR inspections, record review part of inspection
  – Submit annual LDAR summary to CARB (Tables A4 and A5)

• Additional Repair Time
  – Repairs that require parts, equipment, or crews can be extended 30 days
    (where proof of ordering the parts, equipment, or crews is provided)
  – Components considered by CARB to be “Critical” have up to one year

• How Does This Affect Tanks?
  – Unless specifically exempt, tanks are subject. P/Vs per Rule 4623
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95669 – LDAR (cont’d)

Table 1 - Allowable Number of Leaks
January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leak Threshold</th>
<th>200 or Less Components</th>
<th>More than 200 Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10,000-49,999 ppmv</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2% of total inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,000 ppmv or greater</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1% of total inspected</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2 - Repair Time Periods
January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leak Threshold</th>
<th>Repair Time Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10,000-49,999 ppmv</td>
<td>14 calendar days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,000 ppmv or greater</td>
<td>5 calendar days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Components and Critical Process Units</td>
<td>Next scheduled shutdown or within 12 months, whichever is sooner</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Per components inspected, tagged leaks found during facility inspection not counted in District inspection
Table 3 - Allowable Number ofLeaks
On or After January 1, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leak Threshold</th>
<th>200 or Less Components</th>
<th>More than 200 Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,000-9,999 ppmv</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2% of total inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000-49,999 ppmv</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1% of total inspected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,000 ppmv or greater</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4 - Repair Time Periods
On or After January 1, 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leak Threshold</th>
<th>Repair Time Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,000-9,999 ppmv</td>
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<td>5 calendar days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,000 ppmv or greater</td>
<td>2 calendar days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Components</td>
<td>Next scheduled shutdown or within 12 months, whichever is sooner</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For facility inspections the requirements are:
- Conduct LDAR as required
- Repair leaks per timelines
- Keep records (5 years)
- Report annually

CARB/District will not enforce > allowable leaks found during operator inspection, even during 4th Quarter

> Allowable leaks is enforceable during CARB/District inspection
COGR/2260 Requirements
Applied Per Section 95669 - LDAR (cont’d)

• The CARB regulation overlaps existing District Rules and this makes it difficult to determine which components are subject

• Key considerations:
  – Produced Oil Gravity
  – If LDAR is required by District as of 1/1/2018
    • This does not include 2201, or other agency requirements, the exemption is based on having to perform LDAR for a District Rule, 4401 is example
  – Definition of Component – **Subject to LDAR unless specifically exempt**
    • Valve, fitting, flange, threaded-connection, process drain, stuffing box, pressure-vacuum valve, pressure-relief device, pipes, seal fluid system, diaphragm, hatch, sight glass, meter, open-ended line, well casing, natural gas powered pneumatic device and pump, or reciprocating compressor rod packing or seal
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Required – Well Flowchart

Wells, Fluid Lines, Casing gas

What is the API Gravity of Oil?

LDAR required by Rule 4401?

- Yes: Rule 4401 (Gas)
- No: COGR (Gas)

COGR (Fluid and Gas)

LDAR required by Rule 4409?

- Yes: Rule 4409 (Fluid and Gas)
- No: COGR (Fluid and Gas)
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Required – Tank Flowchart

Tanks and TVR

LDAR required by Rule 4623? (Voluntary tank inspection program as of 1/1/18)

- Yes
  - Rule 4623 (Fluid and Gas)

- No
  - What is the API Gravity of Oil?
    - <20
      - COGR (Gas collection)
    - ≥20
      - COGR (Fluid and Gas)
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Simplified Diagrams - Wells

To Tank

Closed Vents
< 20° Exempt from CARB LDAR
May be subject to Rule 4401
> 20° Subject to CARB LDAR
> 30° Subject to Rule 4409
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Simplified Diagrams - Wells

Vent Ducted into Production At Wellhead
< 20° API Exempt COGR LDAR
May be Subject to District Rule 4401
≥ 20° API < 30° Subject to COGR LDAR
> 30° API Subject to District Rule 4409
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Simplified Diagrams - Wells

To Tank

Open Vents Not Subject to CARB LDAR
Must Test Flow Annually
Vents May be Subject to District Rules 4401 or 4409
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Simplified Diagrams - Wells

Gas Line Subject to CARB LDAR

To Tank

Heater
COGR/2260 Requirements
LDAR Simplified Diagrams - Wells

To Tank

Open Vent to CVR
System Subject to
Either CARB LDAR or
District Rule 4401
Idle Wells Not Exempt From CARB LDAR
Or District LDAR Requirements
< 20° API All Gas Lines Subject to CARB LDAR
> 20° API Gas Lines, Flowlines, and Tanks are Subject to CARB LDAR
< 20° API All Gas Line Components Subject to CARB LDAR
≥ 20° API Gas Line, Flowline, and Tank Components are Subject to CARB LDAR

Do CARB LDAR or EPA M 21 apply to sumps? Not defined in Method, not defined in components, you do not have to sniff sumps. OEL do not have to be sealed during times requiring liquid flow.
Unless subject to Rule 4409, all gas production equipment subject to CARB LDAR Water tank may be subject to Flash Testing if > 200 BWPD
COGR/2260
District Inspections

• Purpose
  – To determine compliance with these new requirements as well as associated permitted operations

• Format
  – Each inspection will include record review (tests, flow rates, LDAR)
  – Each inspection will include equipment subject to the registration. Based on the registrations to date, this is primarily LDAR. We will check a portion for leaks using EPA M 21 (we may use a FLIR Camera for screening)

• Timing
  – To save facility time, to the extent possible, these inspections will coincide with facility inspections
District Website, COGR Page, Includes registration/inventory forms, A COGR FAQ document, and links to CARB regulation

EPA Method 21

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