AUG 09 2010

Maynard Adams
Rio Bravo Poso
16608 Porterville Highway
Bakersfield, CA 93308

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Title V Permit Renewal
District Facility # S-883
Project # S-1091460

Dear Mr. Adams:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Rio Bravo Poso for its electrical generating facility, 16608 Porterville Highway, Bakersfield, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

[Signature]
David Warner
Director of Permit Services

Attachments
C: Juscelino Siongco, Permit Services Engineer
AUG 09 2010

Gerardo C. Rios, Chief
Permits Office (AIR-3)
U.S. EPA - Region IX
75 Hawthorne St.
San Francisco, CA 94105

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision – Title V Permit Renewal
District Facility # S-883
Project # S-1091460

Dear Mr. Rios:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Rio Bravo Poso for its electrical generating facility, 16608 Porterville Highway, Bakersfield, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 45-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

Attachments
C: Juscelino Siongco, Permit Services Engineer

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Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

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www.valleyair.org  www.healthyairliving.com
AUG 09 2010

Mike Tollstrup, Chief
Project Assessment Branch
Air Resources Board
P O Box 2815
Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Title V Permit Renewal
District Facility # S-883
Project # S-1091460

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District’s analysis of the application to renew the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for Rio Bravo Poso for its electrical generating facility, 16608 Porterville Highway, Bakersfield, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

Attachments
C: Juscelino Siongco, Permit Services Engineer
Bakersfield Californian

NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION
FOR THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF
THE FEDERALLY MANDATED OPERATING PERMIT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed renewal of the Federally Mandated Operating Permit to Rio Bravo Poso for its electrical generating facility, 16608 Porterville Highway, Bakersfield, California.

The District's analysis of the legal and factual basis for this proposed action, project #S-1091460, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. There are no emission changes associated with this proposed action. This will be the public's only opportunity to comment on the specific conditions of the proposed renewal of the Federally Mandated Operating permit. If requested by the public, the District will hold a public hearing regarding issuance of this renewed permit. For additional information, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900. Written comments on the proposed renewed permit must be submitted within 30 days of the publication date of this notice to DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 1990 E. GETTYSBURG AVE, FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93726-0244.
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TITLE V PERMIT RENEWAL EVALUATION

Electrical Generation Facility

Engineer: Juscelino Siongco
Date: August 3, 2010

Facility Number: S-883
Facility Name: Rio Bravo Poso
Mailing Address: 16608 Porterville Highway
                 Bakersfield, CA 93308

Contact Name: Maggie Estrada
Phone: (949) 425-4756

Responsible Official: William Rossiter
Title: Vice President and Plant Manager

Project #: S-1091460
Deemed Complete: March 24, 2009

I. PROPOSAL

Rio Bravo Poso was issued a Title V permit on April 14, 2000. As required by District Rule 2520, the applicant is requesting a permit renewal. The existing Title V permit shall be reviewed and modified to reflect all applicable District and federal rules updated, removed, or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

The purpose of this evaluation is to provide the legal and factual basis for all updated applicable requirements and to determine if the facility will comply with these updated requirements. It also specifically identifies all additions, deletions, and/or changes made to permit conditions or equipment descriptions.

II. FACILITY LOCATION

Rio Bravo Poso is located at 16608 Porterville Highway, Bakersfield, California.
III. **EQUIPMENT LISTING**

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is included as Attachment D.

IV. **GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE**

The applicant does not propose to use any model general permit templates.

V. **SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW**

Certain segments of the proposed Renewed Operating Permit are based on model general permit templates that have been previously subject to EPA and public review. The terms and conditions from the model general permit templates are included in the proposed permit and are not subject to further EPA and public review.

For permit applications utilizing model general permit templates, public and agency comments on the District's proposed actions are limited to the applicant's eligibility for model general permit template, applicable requirements not covered by the model general permit template, and the applicable procedural requirements for issuance of Title V Operating Permits.

The applicant is not requesting any model general permit templates. Therefore, all federally enforceable conditions in this current Title V permit will be subject to EPA and public review.

VI. **FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE REQUIREMENTS**

A. **Rules Updated**

- District Rule 2020, **Exemptions**
  (amended September 21, 2006 ⇒ amended December 20, 2007)

- District Rule 2201, **New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule**
  (amended September 21, 2006 ⇒ amended December 18, 2008)

- District Rule 4101, **Visible Emissions**
  (amended November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended February 17, 2005)
• District Rule 4352, Solid Fuel Fired Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters
  (amended October 19, 1995 ⇒ amended May 18, 2006)

• District Rule 4401, Steam-Enhanced Crude Oil Production Wells

• District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings
  (amended October 31, 2001 ⇒ amended December 17, 2009)

• District Rule 4623, Storage of Organic Liquids
  (amended December 20, 2001 ⇒ amended May 19, 2005)

• District Rule 4624, Transfer of Organic Liquid
  (amended December 17, 1992 ⇒ amended December 20, 2007)

• District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines—Phase 2
  (amended April 20, 2006 ⇒ amended January 18, 2007)

• District Rule 8011, General Requirements

• District Rule 8021, Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities

• District Rule 8031, Bulk Materials

• District Rule 8041, Carryout and Trackout

• District Rule 8051, Open Areas

• District Rule 8061, Paved and Unpaved Roads

• District Rule 8071, Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Areas
  (adopted November 15, 2001 ⇒ amended September 16, 2004)
• 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da, Standards of Performance for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units for Which Construction is Commenced After September 18, 1978 (amended January 28, 2009)


• 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Stratospheric Ozone (amended November 9, 2007)

• 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, Stratospheric Ozone (amended June 8, 2008)

B. Rules Added

• District Rule 4311, Flares (amended July 20, 2002 ⇒ amended June 18, 2009)

C. Rules Not Updated

• District Rule 1080, Stack Monitoring (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 1081, Source Sampling (amended December 16, 1993)

• District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 1160, Emission Statements (adopted November 18, 1992)

• District Rule 2010, Permits Required (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 2040, Applications (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits (amended June 21, 2001)
• District Rule 4201, Particulate Matter Concentration (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 4202, Particulate Matter - Emission Rate (amended December 17, 1992)

• District Rule 4701, Internal Combustion Engines—Phase 1 (amended August 21, 2003)

• District Rule 4801, Sulfur Compounds (amended December 17, 1992)

• 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

• 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos

• 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart A, Acid Rain Program General Provisions

• 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, Stratospheric Ozone

VII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permits. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility’s Title V permit are designated as “Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.”

For this facility, the following are not federally enforceable and will not be discussed in further detail:

A. District Rule 4102 - Nuisance

1. S-883-0-3 Facility-Wide Requirements
   • Condition 44 of the proposed permit is based on this rule.

B. District Rule 7012 - Hexavalent Chromium - Cooling Towers

2. S-883-29-6 Cooling Tower
   • Condition 1 of the proposed permit is based on this rule.
VIII. PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

The purpose of this evaluation is to review changes to federally enforceable requirements; therefore, this compliance section will only address rules that have been amended or added since the issuance of the initial Title V permit.

A. District Rule 2020 - Exemptions

District Rule 2020 lists equipment which are specifically exempt from obtaining permits and specifies recordkeeping requirements to verify such exemptions. The amendments to this rule do not have any affect on current permit requirements and will therefore not be addressed in this evaluation.

B. District Rule 2201 - New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

District Rule 2201 has been amended since this facility's initial Title V permit was issued. This Title V permit renewal does not constitute a modification per section 3.26, defined as an action including at least one of the following items:

1) Any change in hours of operation, production rate, or method of operation of an existing emissions unit, which would necessitate a change in permit conditions.
2) Any structural change or addition to an existing emissions unit which would necessitate a change in permit conditions. Routine replacement shall not be considered to be a structural change.
3) An increase in emissions from an emissions unit caused by a modification of the Stationary Source when the emissions unit is not subject to a daily emissions limitation.
4) Addition of any new emissions unit which is subject to District permitting requirements.
5) A change in a permit term or condition proposed by an applicant to obtain an exemption from an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject.

Therefore, the updated requirements of this rule are not applicable at this time.

C. District Rule 4101 - Visible Emissions

This rule prohibits the discharge of any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 1 on the Ringelmann Chart; or is of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree equal to or greater than
the smoke described in Section 5.1 of Rule 4101. The rule was amended in February 17, 2005.

1. **S-883-0-3 – Facility-Wide Requirements**
   - Condition 22 on the proposed permit ensures compliance with this rule.

2. **S-883-3-17 – 36.0 MW Solid Fuel Fired Circulating Bed Combustor Cogeneration Unit**
   - Condition 17 on the proposed permit ensures compliance with this rule.

3. **S-883-4-8 – Ash Handling and Loadout Operation**
   - Conditions 6 and 7 on the proposed permit ensure compliance with this rule.

D. **District Rule 4311 - Flares**

This rule limits the emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC), oxides of nitrogen (NO\textsubscript{x}), and sulfur oxides (SO\textsubscript{x}) from the operation of flares.

The rule was amended in June 18, 2009 but had not been SIP approved. The stringency analysis in Attachment C shows that the amended rule is as stringent as the SIP approved version of the rule that was adopted in June 20, 2002.

1. **S-883-11-4 – Truck Transfer Rack with Vapor Recovery Including Flare**
   - Conditions 17 through 21 on the proposed permit were added to ensure compliance with this rule.

E. **District Rule 4352 - Solid Fuel Fired Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters**

This rule limits the emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO\textsubscript{x}) and carbon monoxide (CO) from solid fuel fired boilers, steam generators and process heaters. The rule was amended in May 18, 2006.
1. **S-883-3-17 – 36.0 MW Solid Fuel Fired Circulating Bed Combustor Cogeneration Unit**

   - Conditions 20, 27, 31, 32, and 36 on the proposed permit ensure compliance with this rule.

F. **District Rule 4401 - Steam-Enhanced Crude Oil Production Well Vents**

   This rule limits the VOC emissions from steam-enhanced crude oil production wells.

   The rule was amended in December 14, 2006 but had not been SIP approved. The stringency analysis in Attachment C shows that the amended rule is as stringent as the SIP approved version of the rule (January 15, 1998)

1. **S-883-15-2 – Six Steam Drive Wells with Closed Casing Vents**

   - Conditions 2 through 7 on the current PTO were replaced with updated conditions 2 through 42 on the proposed permit.

G. **District Rule 4601 - Architectural Coatings**

   This rule limits the emissions of VOCs from architectural coatings. It requires limiting the application of any architectural coating to no more than what is listed in the Table of Standards (Section 5.0). The rule was amended in December 17, 2009. Since the following changes included in the latest rule amendment did not result in adding new requirements and/or revising current requirements in the facility-wide permit, no further evaluation is needed.

   **Section 2.0 – Applicability**
   The phrase “blends or repackages” was added to rule language to extend the applicability of rule language to facilities involved in those activities.

   **Section 3.0 – Definitions**
   Numerous definitions were added, deleted or modified in order to make the amended rule harmonize with definitions and rule requirements presented in the California Air Resources Board (ARB) Suggested Control Measures (SCM).

   **Section 4.0 – Exemptions**
   A reporting requirement was added for any architectural coating that is sold in a container with a volume of one liter or less. The exemption for architectural coatings was further defined by adding “coatings that are
supplied and offered for sale" to current language, in order to make the rule consistent with the ARB SCM.

Section 5.0 – Requirements

The amended rule implements the recommended VOC limits per the ARB SCM. The following changes were as follows: 15 coating categories were eliminated, ten were added, nineteen coatings categories remained unchanged, and the VOC content limits for 19 categories were lowered.

Section 6.0 – Administrative Requirements

Section 6.1 – Labeling Requirements
Labeling requirements were updated to add new labeling standards consistent with new coatings categories per the SCM.

Section 6.2 – Reporting Requirements
A new section was added to include reporting requirements per the SCM. The SCM contains a new requirement to submit sales data. Collection of this data is authorized in the California Health and Safety Code which requires submission of data to estimate emissions.

Section 6.3 – Test Methods
New sections were added to coincide with new coating categories pursuant to the ARB SCM.

Section 7.0 – Compliance Schedule
This section was updated to account for the new amendments to rule language by adding the phrase “the dates specified within the text of the rule.”

Section 8.0 – Averaging Compliance Option
This section was deleted in its entirety.

The following permit requirements were added and/or revised to ensure compliance with this rule:

1. S-883-0-3 – Facility-Wide Requirements
   - Conditions 23, 24, and 25 ensure compliance with the revised requirements of this rule.
H. District Rule 4623 - Storage of Organic Liquids

This rule limits volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from the storage of organic liquids. It applies to any tank with a capacity of 1,100 gallons or greater in which any organic liquid is placed, held, or stored. The rule was amended in May 19, 2005.

Section 5.1 requires that no organic liquid shall be placed, held, or stored in any tank unless the tank is equipped with a VOC control system identified in Table 1.

Section 5.2 requires that pressure-vacuum relief valve shall be set to within ten (10) percent of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank. The valves shall be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings.

Section 5.6 requires that fixed roof tanks shall be fully enclosed and shall be maintained in a leak-free condition. The approved vapor recovery system shall consist of a closed system that collects all VOCs from the storage tank, and a VOC control device. This section also specifies the applicable VOC control device.

Section 5.7 states that only operators who elect to participate in the voluntary tank preventive inspection and maintenance, and tank interior cleaning program shall be allowed to use the provisions specified in Tables 3 to 5 and Section 5.7.5.

Section 6.2 requires initial and periodic TVP testing of each uncontrolled fixed roof tank.

Section 6.3 requires that tank subject to the requirements of this rule shall keep an accurate record of each organic liquid stored in each tank, including its storage temperature, TVP, and API gravity, except for fixed roof tanks equipped with a vapor recovery system.

Section 6.4 addresses the test methods approved by the APCO and EPA.

1. S-883-12-4 – 63,000 Gallon Fixed Roof Wash Tank with Vapor Recovery

- Condition 2 from the current PTO was revised to replace the term "loading" with "transfer" to comply with current Rule 4624 language and was included as condition 2 in the proposed permit.
• Conditions 4 and 5 on the current PTO were revised to replace the term "gas-tight" with "leak-free" to comply with current rule language and included as conditions 4 and 5 on the proposed permit.

• Condition 6 from the current PTO was revised to replace the definition of gas-tight with the definition of leak-free and included as condition 6 of the proposed permit.

• Conditions 25 and 26 from the current PTO were replaced with current rule requirements and included as condition 25 of the proposed permit.

• Condition 30 from the current PTO was revised to replace the term "gas-tight" with "leak-free" to comply with current rule language and included as condition 29 of the proposed permit.

2. S-883-13-4 – 42,000 Gallon Fixed Roof Petroleum Storage Tank with Vapor Recovery

• Condition 2 from the current PTO was revised to replace the term "loading" with "transfer" to comply with current Rule 4624 language and was included as condition 2 in the proposed permit.

• Conditions 4 and 5 on the current PTO were revised to replace the term "gas-tight" with "leak-free" to comply with current rule language and included as conditions 4 and 5 on the proposed permit.

• Condition 6 from the current PTO was revised to replace the definition of gas-tight with the definition of leak-free and included as condition 6 of the proposed permit.

• Conditions 25 and 26 from the current PTO were replaced with current rule requirements and included as condition 25 of the proposed permit.

• Condition 30 from the current PTO was revised to replace the term "gas-tight" with "leak-free" to comply with current rule language and included as condition 29 of the proposed permit.

3. S-883-14-4 – 42,000 Gallon Fixed Roof Petroleum Storage Tank with Vapor Recovery

• Condition 2 from the current PTO was revised to replace the term "loading" with "transfer" to comply with current Rule 4624 language and was included as condition 2 in the proposed permit.

• Conditions 4 and 5 on the current PTO were revised to replace the term "gas-tight" with "leak-free" to comply with current rule language and included as conditions 4 and 5 on the proposed permit.

• Condition 6 from the current PTO was revised to replace the definition of gas-tight with the definition of leak-free and included as condition 6 of the proposed permit.
• Conditions 25 and 26 from the current PTO were replaced with current rule requirements and included as condition 25 of the proposed permit.
• Condition 30 from the current PTO was revised to replace the term "gas-tight" with "leak-free" to comply with current rule language and included as condition 29 of the proposed permit.

I. District Rule 4624 - Transfer of Organic Liquids

The purpose of this rule is to limit VOC emissions from the transfer of organic liquids. The rule was amended in December 20, 2007. A summary of the changes are as follows.

The amended rule included unloading operations and resulted in the use of the term "transfer" in place of "loading." In Section 5.0, language specifying the requirements for facilities to be equipped with a VOC control and collection systems was modified. Language was added that would allow operators to route VOC to a control and collection system or container subject to control requirements of District Rule 4623 (Storage of Organic Liquids). Additionally, Class 2 facilities were required to utilize a vapor collection and control system. The rule allowed facilities with closed systems to show compliance with emission limits by complying with the leak provisions in Section 5.0 (Requirements). In the current rule, there are no requirements to inspect for leaks. Quarterly leak inspection requirements allowing 72 hours to repair the leak was added. The rule would also allow facilities, if unable to repair leaking components in this time, to take components out of VOC service. Provisions were provided for returning repaired components to service and reducing leak inspections to annually, if five consecutive quarterly inspections are passed.

1. S-883-11-4 – Truck Transfer Rack with Vapor Recovery Including Flare

• Conditions 3, 5, and 8 from the current PTO were revised to replace the term "loading" with the term "transfer" to comply with the amended rule and included as conditions 3, 5, and 8 on the proposed permit.
• Condition 13 from the current PTO was revised to update test procedures to comply with the amended rule and included as condition 13 on the proposed permit.

J. District Rule 4702 - Internal Combustion Engines—Phase 2

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines. The rule was amended in January 18, 2007 to address the following. The definition of Certified Compression-Ignited
Engine was modified to include a Code of Federal Regulation citation. Exemption was added for engines used in retracting arresting gear cables used to stop military naval aircraft after landing. A compliance deadline for engines used exclusively in agricultural operation was extended for one year. Engines operated with an APCO certified exhaust control system were exempted from submitting an emission control plan. Certified compression ignition engines were exempted from compliance testing. A portable NOx analyzer was allowed for Agriculture Operation (AO) spark-ignited engines to initially show compliance with the emission standards until a source test can be arranged. Representative testing for spark-ignited engines were allowed. A District certification program was established to verify the control efficiency of exhaust control systems.

The following permit requirements ensure compliance with this rule:

1. **S-883-25-6 - 195 bhp Detroit Diesel Emergency IC Engine Powering a Firewater Pump**
   - Conditions 1, 7, 8, 9, and 11 ensure compliance with the revised requirements of this rule.

2. **S-883-26-4 - 112 bhp Waukesha Diesel-Fired Emergency IC Engine Powering a Feedwater Pump**
   - Conditions 7 through 12 ensure compliance with the revised requirements of this rule.

3. **S-883-30-5 - 435 bhp Cummins Model NTA-855 Diesel-Fired Emergency Standby IC Engine Powering an Air Compressor**
   - Conditions 2 and 11 through 16 ensure compliance with the revised requirements of this rule.

**K. District Rule 8011 - General Requirements**

The purpose of Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) is to reduce ambient concentrations of fine particulate matter (PM10) by requiring actions to prevent, reduce or mitigate anthropogenic fugitive dust emissions. The Rules contained in this Regulation have been developed pursuant to United States Environmental Protection Agency guidance for Serious PM10 Nonattainment Areas. The rules are applicable to specified anthropogenic fugitive dust sources. Fugitive dust contains PM10 and particles larger than PM10. Controlling fugitive dust missions when visible emissions are detected
will not prevent all PM10 emissions, but will substantially reduce PM10 emissions.

The provisions of this rule are applicable to specified outdoor fugitive dust sources. The definitions, exemptions, requirements, administrative requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and test methods set forth in this rule are applicable to all Rules under Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) of the Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District.

Conditions 29 through 34 of permit unit S-883-0-3 ensure compliance.

L. District Rule 8021 - Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities.

This rule applies to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities, including, but not limited to, land clearing, grubbing, scraping, travel on site, and travel on access roads to and from the site. This rule also applies to the construction of new landfill disposal sites or modification to existing landfill disposal sites prior to commencement of landfilling activities.

Section 5.0 requires that no person shall perform any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities unless the appropriate requirements in sections 5.1 and 5.2 are sufficiently implemented to limit VDE to 20% opacity. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

Condition 29 of permit unit S-883-0-3 ensures compliance.

M. District Rule 8031 - Bulk Materials

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from the outdoor handling, storage, and transport of bulk materials.

This rule applies to the outdoor handling, storage, and transport of any bulk material.

Section 5.0 requires that no person shall perform any outdoor handling, storage, and transport of bulk materials unless the appropriate requirements
in Table 8031-1 of this rule are sufficiently implemented to limit VDE to 20% opacity or to comply with the conditions for a stabilized surface as defined in Rule 8011. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

Condition 30 of permit unit -0-3 ensures compliance.

N. District Rule 8041 - Carryout and Trackout

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from carryout and trackout.

This rule applies to all sites that are subject to Rules 8021 (Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and other Earthmoving Activities), 8031 (Bulk Materials), and 8071 (Unpaved Vehicle and Equipment Traffic Areas) where carryout or trackout has occurred or may occur.

Section 5.0 requires that an owner/operator shall sufficiently prevent or cleanup carryout and trackout as specified in sections 5.1 through 5.8. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII. The use of blower devices, or dry rotary brushes or brooms, for removal of carryout and trackout on public roads is expressly prohibited. The removal of carryout and trackout from paved public roads does not exempt an owner/operator from obtaining state or local agency permits which may be required for the cleanup of mud and dirt on paved public roads.

Condition 31 of permit unit S-883-0-3 ensures compliance.

O. District Rule 8051 - Open Areas

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from open areas.

This rule applies to any open area having 3.0 acres or more of disturbed surface area, that has remained undeveloped, unoccupied, unused, or vacant for more than seven days.

Section 5.0 requires that whenever open areas are disturbed or vehicles are used in open areas, the owner/operator shall implement one or a combination of control measures indicated in Table 8051-1 to comply with the conditions of a stabilized surface at all times and to limit VDE to 20% opacity. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.
P. District Rule 8061 - Paved and Unpaved Roads

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from paved and unpaved roads by implementing control measures and design criteria.

This rule applies to any new or existing public or private paved or unpaved road, road construction project, or road modification project.

Condition 33 of permit unit S-883-0-3 ensures compliance.

Q. District Rule 8071 - Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Area

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from unpaved vehicle and equipment traffic areas by implementing control measures and design criteria.

This rule applies to any unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area of 1.0 acre or larger.

Condition 34 of permit unit S-883-0-3 ensures compliance.

R. 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Da—Standard of Performance for Electric Utility Steam Generating Units for Which Construction is Commenced After September 18, 1978

Subpart Da applies to each electric utility steam generating unit that is capable ofcombusting more than 73 megawatts (250 MMBtu/hr) heat input of fossil fuel (either alone or in combination with any other fuel); and for which construction, modification, or reconstruction is commenced after September 18, 1978.

This subpart was amended in January 28, 2009 to add compliance alternatives for owners/operators of certain affected sources, to eliminate the opacity standard for certain facilities voluntarily using PM CEMS, and to correct technical and editorial errors.

1. S-883-3-17 – 36 MW Solid Fuel Fired Circulating Bed Combustor Cogeneration Unit (389 MMBtu/hr Combustor)

   • Conditions 22 through 27, 34, 38, 39, 43, 44, 45, and 46 ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.
S. 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III—Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

This subpart applies to owners and operators of stationary compression ignition (CI)-internal combustion engines (ICE) that commences construction, modify, or reconstruct their stationary CI ICE after July 11, 2005.

The facility does not have any CI ICE subject to this subpart.


These regulations apply to demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141. 40 CFR Section 61.150 of this Subpart was amended September 18, 2003, and condition 35 of S-883-0-3 assures compliance with the requirements.


This subpart establishes national emission limitations and operating limitations for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) located at major and area sources of HAP emissions.

The facility is not a major or area source of HAP emissions and is not subject to this subpart.

V. 40 CFR Part 64—Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)

40 CFR Part 64 requires Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for units that meet the following three criteria:

1) the unit must have an emission limit for the pollutant;
2) the unit must have add-on controls for the pollutant; these are devices such as flue gas recirculation (FGR), baghouses, and catalytic oxidizers; and
3) the unit must have a pre-control potential to emit of greater than the major source thresholds.
1. S-883-1-10 – Fuel Receiving and Storage Operation

This emissions unit is not subject to CAM for PM10. There is a PM10 limit, and it does have add-on controls in the form of a fabric collector. However, as shown below, the pre-control potential to emit is not greater than the major source threshold of 140,000 pounds PM10/year.

*The controlled emission factor for this unit is 0.032 lb/hr. Assuming a 99% control efficiency provided by the fabric filter, the uncontrolled emission factor will be 0.032/(1-.99) = 3.2 lb/hr. The maximum operating schedule for this unit is 300 hours/month.*

\[
300 \text{ hr/month } \times 3.2 \text{ lb PM10/hr } \times 12 \text{ months/year } = 11,520 \text{ lbs PM10/year}
\]

2. S-883-2-8 – Limestone Receiving and Storage Operation

This emissions unit is not subject to CAM for PM10. There is a PM10 limit, and it does have add-on controls in the form of a fabric collector. However, as shown below, the pre-control potential to emit is not greater than the major source threshold of 140,000 pounds PM10/year.

*The controlled emission factor for this unit is 0.02 lb/hr. Assuming a 99% control efficiency provided by the fabric filter, the uncontrolled emission factor will be 0.02/(1-.99) = 2 lb/hr.*

\[
2 \text{ lb PM}_{10}/\text{hr} \times 8760 \text{ hr/yr} = 17,520 \text{ lbs PM10/year}
\]

3. S-883-3-17 – 36.0 MW Solid Fuel Fired Circulating Bed Combustor Cogeneration Unit

This emissions unit is subject to CAM for NOx, SO2, and PM10 and the requirements are satisfied by conditions 14 and 39-49 of the current permit conditions which limit opacity and require a CEMs to be installed, calibrated, maintained, and require the data to be reported. This emissions unit is not subject to CAM for CO and VOC since it is not equipped with any add-on controls for these pollutants.

4. S-883-4-8 – Ash Handling and Loadout Operation

This emissions unit is not subject to CAM for PM10. There is a PM10 limit, and it does have add-on controls in the form of a fabric collector. However, as shown below, the pre-control potential to emit is not greater than the major source threshold of 140,000 pounds PM10/year.
The controlled emission factor for this unit is 0.01 lb/day. Assuming a 99% control efficiency provided by the fabric filter, the uncontrolled emission factor will be $0.01/(1-.99) = 1.0$ lb/day. The maximum operating schedule for this unit is 365 days/year.

$365 \text{ days/year} \times 1.0 \text{ lb PM10/day} = 365 \text{ lbs PM10/year}$

5. **S-883-11-4 – Fuel Transfer Rack with Vapor Recovery**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have an emissions limit.

6. **S-883-12-4 – 63,000 Gallon Fixed Roof Wash Tank with Vapor Recovery**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have an emissions limit.

7. **S-883-13-4 – 42,000 Gallon Fixed Roof Petroleum Storage Tank with Vapor Recovery**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have an emissions limit.

8. **S-883-14-4 – 42,000 Gallon Fixed Roof Petroleum Storage Tank with Vapor Recovery**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have an emissions limit.

9. **S-883-16-3 – Six Steam Drive Wells with Closed Casing Vents**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have an emissions limit.

10. **S-883-25-6 – 195 bhp Detroit Diesel Emergency IC Engine Powering a Firewater Pump**

    This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.
11. **S-883-26-4 – 112 bhp Waukesha Diesel-Fired Emergency IC Engine Powering a Feedwater Pump**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.

12. **S-883-29-6 – 23,150 gpm 1375 hp Cooling Tower**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.

13. **S-883-25-6 – 195 Bhp Detroit Diesel Emergency IC Engine Powering a Firewater Pump**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.

14. **S-883-30-5 – 435 bhp Cummins Diesel-Fired Emergency Standby IC Engine Powering an Air Compressor**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM because it does not have add-on controls.

15. **S-883-31-3 – 450 Ton (15,000 ft³) Capacity Refinery Coke Storage Silo Equipped with Vent Filter Baghouse**

   This emissions unit is not subject to CAM for PM10. There is a PM10 limit, and it does have add-on controls in the form of a fabric collector. However, as shown below, the pre-control potential to emit is not greater than the major source threshold of 140,000 pounds PM10/year.

   *The controlled emission factor for this unit is 0.02 gr/scf. Assuming a 99% control efficiency provided by the fabric filter, the uncontrolled emission factor will be 0.02/(1-.99) = 2.0 gr/scf. The maximum ventilation rate to the coke storage silo is based on the coke loading rate (10 tons/hr) and the coke density and a 1.5 safety factor as follows:*

   \[
   \frac{(10 \text{ tons/hr} \times 2000 \text{ lb/ton})/(53.8 \text{ lb/ft}^3 \times 60 \text{ min/hr}) \times 1.5 \text{ (safety factor)}}{\text{ft}^3/\text{min}} = 9.3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}
   \]

   *Therefore the PM$_{10}$ emission from the operation are calculated as follows:*

   \[
   2.0 \text{ gr/ft}^3 \times 9.3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min} \times 60 \text{ min/hr} \times 24 \text{ hr/day} \times 365 \text{ day/yr} /7000 \text{ gr/lb} = 1,397 \text{ lb PM10/yr}
   \]
W. 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B and F–Stratospheric Ozone

These regulations apply to servicing motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC). Sections of this regulation were amended in 2004 and 2008, and conditions 27 and 28 of S-883-0-3 assure compliance with the requirements.

IX. PERMIT SHIELD

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

The applicant does not propose to use any model general permit templates.

B. Obsolete Permit Shields From Existing Permit Requirements

The current permits did not contain any permit shields.

X. PERMIT CONDITIONS

See Attachment A - Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit.

XI. ATTACHMENTS

A. Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit
B. Previous Title V Operating Permit
C. District Rules 4311 and 4401 Stringency Analysis
D. Detailed Facility List
ATTACHMENT A

Draft Renewed Title V Operating Permit
1. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District’s satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; Kern County Rule 111; PSD ATC 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; Kern County Rule 111; PSD ATC 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. {4364} The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. {4365} Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. {4366} The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.9.1 and 9.13.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031 and PSD ATC SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. {4368} Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. {4369} The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.
9. The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2 and CFR 60.52Da] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. If any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and Kern County Rule 401] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. \{4384\} No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in Table of Standards 1 effective until 12/30/10 or Table of Standards 2 effective on and after 1/1/11 of District Rule 4601 (12/17/09) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. \{4385\} All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. \{4386\} The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (12/17/09). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. \{4387\} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. \{4388\} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. \{4389\} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. \{4390\} Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8021 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. \{4391\} Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8031 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. \{4392\} An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8041 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. \{4393\} Whenever open areas are disturbed, or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8051 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. \{4394\} Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8061 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. \{4395\} Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 50 Average annual daily Trips (AADT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 150 vehicle trips per day (VDT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. On each day that 25 or more VDT with 3 or more axles will occur on an unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.3 of District Rule 8071. On each day when a special event will result in 1,000 or more vehicles that will travel/park on an unpaved area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.4 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8071 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
35. {4396} Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. {4397} The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. {4398} The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. {4399} When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permit shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Equipment covered by this permit shall at all times be maintained in good working order and be operated as efficiently as possible so to minimize air pollutant emissions. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. In the event of changes in control or ownership, this Operating Permit shall be binding on new owners and operators. The applicant shall notify successor of the existence of this Operating Permit and its conditions in writing and forward a copy to the District, California Air Resources Board, and EPA. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. The applicant shall construct and operate the facility in compliance with all other applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 52, 60 and 61 and all other applicable Federal, State and District air quality regulations. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Should additional guidance related to the June 3, 1986 PSD remand be developed, Rio Bravo shall provide to EPA any such analysis, data or demonstration of compliance with other requirements within the time required by such guidance. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. All correspondence as required by this Operating Permit shall be forwarded to: the District; Director, Air & Toxics Div. (Attn: A-3-3), EPA Region 9, 75 Hawthorne St. San Francisco, CA 94105. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

45. All permits issued to Rio Bravo Poso (S-883) and Rio Bravo Jasmin (S-1751) are included in the same heavy oil central stationary source. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. When applicable to 40 CFR Part 68, a subject facility shall submit to the proper authority a Risk Management Plan when mandated by the regulation. [40 CFR Part 68] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin April 28 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Two 30 ft. diam. by 80 ft. tall fuel storage silos shall each vent to a fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Coal/petroleum coke truck receiving shall be fully enclosed during entire fuel unloading operation. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity at any time from truck receiving hopper enclosure, fuel conveyors, conveyor transfer points, fuel storage silos or any fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Coal/coke shall not be received, conveyed, or transferred into storage silos unless ventilation systems and fabric collectors are operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. All collected fines shall be returned to the fuel system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Coal/coke receiving shall not operate more than 300 hours per month. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. PM10 emissions rate from both fuel silo fabric collectors shall not exceed 0.032 lb/hr. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. All roadways, driveways, and vehicular work areas shall be surfaced with slow cure asphalt paving. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results quarterly. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
13. The records of hours of operation of fuel receiving system shall be maintained on monthly basis. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Limestone shall not be transferred into silo unless fabric collectors are operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Collected fines shall be returned to limestone system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Silo fabric collector particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate shall not exceed 0.02 lb/hr and 0.0033 gr/scf. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Visible emissions from the dust collector serving the limestone unloading operation shall not equal or exceed 5% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in one hour. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results annually. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
Permit Unit Requirements

1. Permittee shall comply in full with all applicable Rule 4001 requirements (New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart Da). [District Rule 4001] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Fuel collecting conveyor, two fuel crushers, two bucket elevators, two boiler feed conveyors, fuel feed bin, fuel feeder, and limestone conveyor-feeder shall be totally enclosed and ventilated to fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Operation shall be equipped with pneumatic limestone feed system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Operation shall be equipped with primary and secondary combustion air blowers and air preheater with ash hopper. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Operation shall be equipped with fabric collector with ash hopper serving fuel/limestone handling equipment and combustor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The main exhaust stack shall be equipped with permanent provisions to allow collection of stack gas samples using approved EPA test methods. [District Rule 1081; 3.0; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Combustor shall be fired only on coal or petroleum coke. Propane or natural gas may be used as start-up fuel. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. No more than 835,520 lb (on a dry basis) of solid fuel per day of no more than 4.0% by weight sulfur shall be introduced into the combustor. [District NSR Rule & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Limestone shall be capable of being directly injected into the combustor at a minimum of 0.042 lb limestone per lb of fuel introduced into the combustor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Peak temperature of combustor shall not exceed 1800 degrees F. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Unit shall be operated as staged-combustion device by introducing sub-stoichiometric amount of combustion air in primary combustion zone. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Ash shall be removed from combustion system only by means authorized by ash handling and loadout operation (Permit No. S-883-4). [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Fuel feed and combustion air supply shall be automatically shutdown whenever fabric collector is shutdown. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

Permit Unit Requirements continue on next page.

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
 Permit Unit Requirements for S-883-3-17 (continued)  

14. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity at any time from fuel conveyors, crusher, feed bin, feeder, and fabric collector. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 64] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. All combustor exhaust gas shall pass through fabric collector prior to emission to atmosphere. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Ammonia injection system shall be capable of delivering at least 2.0 moles of NH3 for each mole of NOx. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Soot-blowing shall not result in visible emissions of greater than Ringelmann 1 or equivalent 20% opacity, excluding uncombined water vapor, except for aggregate periods of less than 3 minutes in any one hour period. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. At least 5% of annual energy output shall be in the form of useful thermal energy which shall be used for thermally enhanced oil recovery in the Heavy Oil Central Stationary Source. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Permittee shall maintain accurate daily records of energy output and useful thermal energy output and shall annually demonstrate compliance with minimum percentage requirement for thermal energy output set forth above. [District Rule 1070, 4.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Combustor start-up is defined as any period, not exceeding 96 hours, during which the combustor is set in operation and heated from a lower temperature to a steady state operating temperature. [District Rule 4352] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Combustor shutdown is defined as any period, not exceeding 6 hours, during which the combustor is cooled from its steady state operating temperature to a lower temperature followed by cessation of operation within the 6 hour period. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. Particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate shall not exceed 4.31 lb/hr, 0.0111 lb/MMBtu and 0.007 grains/dscf. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.42 (a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. Except during periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, sulfur oxide emissions (as SO2) shall not exceed 15.47 lb/hr and 0.0398 lb/MM Btu. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.43 (a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Except during periods of startup or shutdown, sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 30% of the potential combustion concentration (70% reduction in potential emissions of sulfur dioxide based on sulfur analysis of "as-fired" fuel). [40CFR60 Subpart Da] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. During periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, sulfur oxide emissions (as SO2) shall not exceed 0.11 lb/MMBtu, calculated on a daily basis. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. Sulfur oxide emissions (as SO2) shall not exceed the following quarterly amounts: 1st Qtr., 33,415 lb; 2nd Qtr., 33,786 lb; 3rd Qtr., 34,158 lb; and 4th Qtr., 34,158 lb. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.43Da] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Except during periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, nitrogen oxides emissions (as NO2) shall not exceed 38.90 lb/hr and 0.1000 lb/MMBtu. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.42 (a)(1), (2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. During periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, nitrogen oxide emissions (as NO2) shall not exceed 0.20 lb/MMBtu, calculated on a daily basis. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Nitrogen oxide emissions (as NO2) shall not exceed the following quarterly amounts: 1st Qtr., 84,024 lb; 2nd Qtr., 84,958 lb; 3rd Qtr., 85,891 lb; and 4th Qtr., 85,891 lb. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Volatile organic compound (VOC) emission rate shall not exceed 6.03 lb/hr and 0.0155 lb/MMBtu. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
31. Carbon monoxide (CO) emission rate shall not exceed 105.10 lb/hr (3-hour average) and 0.2701 lb/MMBtu. [District NSR Rule & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. Performance testing shall be conducted annually for NOx, SOx, CO, VOCs, and PM(10) at the maximum operating capacity using following test methods; for NOx EPA Methods 1-4 and 7 or ARB Method 100; for SOx EPA Methods 1-4 and 8 or ARB Method 100; for CO EPA Method 1-4 and 10 or ARB Method 100; for VOCs EPA Method 25 or 18; and for PM(10) EPA Method 201A in combination with EPA Method 202. [District Rule 4352, 6.4; District Rule 2520, 9.3.2; PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. The District and EPA must be notified 30 days prior to any performance testing and a test plan shall be submitted for District approval 15 days prior to such testing. [District Rule 1081, 7.1 & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. Performance testing shall be witnessed or authorized District personnel and EPA. Test results must be submitted to the District within 60 day of performance testing. [District Rule 1081, 7.2, 7.3; 40 CFR 60.51Da (a) & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. Quarterly, start-up, and shutdown NOx and SOx emissions shall be measured by maintaining CEM, fuel use and fuel Btu content records, and such records shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070, 4.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. Permittee shall maintain an operating log containing type and quantity of fuel used and higher heating value of such fuels on daily basis. [District NSR Rule; District Rule 4352, 6.2; PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. All wells producing from strata steamed by this unit shall be connected to a District approved emissions control system, have District approved closed casing vents, or be District approved uncontrolled cyclic wells. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. Sulfur fuel of the each type of fuel shall be measured and recorded on monthly basis using current ASTM Methods or shall be certified by supplier for each shipment. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2; 40 CFR 60.51Da (a) & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Operator shall install, operate, and maintain in calibration a system which continuously measures and records control system operating parameters; elapsed time of operation; and exhaust gas opacity, NOx, SO2, and O2 (or CO) concentrations. [District NSR Rule; District Rule 1080; 40 CFR 60.49Da(b); 40 CFR 64; & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. The continuous emissions monitoring system shall meet the performance specification requirements in 40 CFR 60, Appendix B; 40 CFR 60, Appendix F; and 40 CFR 51, Appendix P, or shall meet equivalent specifications established by mutual agreement of the District, the ARB, and the EPA. [District Rule 1080, 6.5; 40 CFR 64; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. Operator shall install, operate, and maintain in calibration a system which continuously measures and records stack gas volumetric flow rates meeting the performance specifications of 40 CFR Part 52, Appendix E. [40 CFR 64 and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Results of continuous emissions monitoring must be reduced according to the procedure established in 40 CFR, Part 51, Appendix P, paragraphs 5.0 through 5.3.3, or by other methods deemed equivalent by mutual agreement with the District, the ARB, and the EPA. [District Rule 1080, 7.2 and 40 CFR 64] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. Records shall be maintained and shall contain: the occurrence and duration of any start-up, shutdown or malfunction, performance testing, evaluations, calibrations, checks, adjustments, maintenance of any CEMs that have been installed pursuant to District Rule 1080, and emission measurements. [District Rule 1080, 7.3; 40 CFR 60.52Da; 40 CFR 64; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. The permittee shall maintain hourly, daily, and 30-day rolling average records of NOx and SOx emissions and of the percentage SOx reduction. [40 CFR 60.48Da (f), (g), 60.43Da (a), 60.51Da (b), and 40 CFR 64] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
45. The permittee shall obtain emission data from the CEMS for at least 22 out of 30 successive boiler operating days for compliance determination. If this minimum data requirement cannot be met with the CEMS, the permittee shall supplement the emission data with other monitoring systems approved by the APCO or with the reference methods and procedures described in 40 CFR 60.49(h). [40 CFR 60.49Da(f) and 40 CFR 64] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. Permittee shall submit a CEMS written report for each calendar quarter to the District and to EPA. The report is due on the 30th day following the end of the calendar quarter. [District Rule 1080, 8.0; 40 CFR 60.51Da (a); 40 CFR 64; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. Quarterly report shall include: time intervals, data and magnitude of excess emissions, nature and cause of excess (if known), corrective actions taken and preventive measures adopted; averaging period used for data reporting corresponding to the averaging period specified in the emission test period used to determine compliance with an emission standard; applicable time and date of each period during which the CEM was inoperative (except for zero and span checks) and the nature of system repairs and adjustments; and a negative declaration when no excess emissions occurred. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1; Rule 1080, 8.0; 40 CFR 64; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. Any violation of emission standards, as indicated by the CEM, shall be reported by the operator to the APCO within 96 hours. Excess emissions shall be defined as any three-hour period during which emissions of SOx or NOx as measured by CEM system exceeds the SOx and NOx maximum emission limits set forth for each of the pollutants in this permit. [District Rule 1080, 9.0; 40 CFR 64; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. Operator shall notify the District no later than eight hours after the detection of a breakdown of the CEM. The operator shall inform the District of the intent to shut down the CEM at least 24 hours prior to the event. [District Rule 1080, 10.0, and 40 CFR 64] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere SO2 in excess of the more stringent of 14.0 lb/hr or 20 ppm at 3% O2 (3-hour average) from stack venting from the combustion unit except during periods of startup and shutdown. [PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere NOx in excess of the more stringent of 38.9 lb/hr or 78 ppm at 3% O2 (3-hour average) from stack venting from the combustion unit except during periods of startup and shutdown. [PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. During startup or shutdown, permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere SO2 in excess of 0.11 lb/MMBtu averaged over a 24-hour period. [PSD ATC SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. During startup and shutdown, permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere NOx in excess of 0.20 lb/MMBtu averaged over a 24-hour period. [PSD ATC SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-683-4-8
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E

ASH HANDLING AND LOADOUT OPERATION INCLUDING ENCLODED CONVEYING SYSTEM FROM COMBUSTION CHAMBER AND FABRIC COLLECTOR HOPPERS, ASH STORAGE SILO AND DRY ASH LOADOUT WITH CO-AXIAL SPOUT VENTED TO FABRIC COLLECTOR, AND ENCLODED PUG MILL - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Ash silo shall be dust-tight and shall vent only to fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Fabric collector shall have maximum air-to-cloth ratio of 4.5 cfm/sq. ft. filter area. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Fabric collector shall be equipped with automatically activated reverse pulse jet cleaning mechanism. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Fabric collector shall be equipped with operational differential pressure indicator, one for each compartment. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Fabric collector shall be equipped with dust-tight provisions to return collected material to ash silo. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Ash shall be sufficiently wetted to prevent visible emissions (as defined in Rule 4101) during loadout. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Dry ash shall be loaded through co-axial telescoping spout vented to fabric collector such that visible emissions are prevented (as defined in Rule 4101). [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Trucks shall be completely covered by tarps before being moved. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Ash shall not be transferred into silo or loaded into trucks unless fabric collector is operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate (fabric collector exhaust and fugitive emissions) shall not exceed 0.01 lb/day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results monthly. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

This terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

[Signature]
14. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley  
Air Pollution Control District  

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-8-4  
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E  
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:  
SAND RECEIVING AND STORAGE OPERATION INCLUDING ONE PNEUMATICALLY-FILLED STORAGE SILO WITH FABRIC COLLECTOR  

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS  

1. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
2. Sand shall not be transferred into silo unless fabric filter baghouse is operating and functioning properly. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
3. Collected fines shall be returned to sand system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
4. Sand receiving shall not exceed 48 hr/month. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
5. Silo fabric filter baghouse particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate shall not exceed 0.141 lb/hr and 0.02 gr/scf. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
6. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
7. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
8. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results annually. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
9. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  
10. The records of hours of operation of sand receiving system shall be maintained on monthly basis. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit  

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Flare pilot shall be adjusted such that flame extends beyond pilot tube into main combustion chamber. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Flare combustion air ports shall be locked in an open position supplying sufficient air to prevent smoking at all loading rates. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The transfer rack shall be equipped with a system to prevent the release to the atmosphere of at least 95 percent by weight of the volatile organic compounds displaced during the loading of tanker trucks, trailers, or railroad cars. [District Rule 4624, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. The vapor collection and control system shall operate such that the pressure in the delivery tank being loaded does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure and six inches w.c. vacuum. [District Rule 4624, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. The transfer rack and vapor collection equipment shall be maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Only vapor control equipped, bottom loading, vapor-tight trucks shall be loaded at this facility. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. A "Notice of Operators" sign shall be posted at the transfer rack stating that only only bottom loading with vapor control is permitted and that loading must be discontinued if the flare is smoking. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Loading line shall be equipped with a shut-off valve immediately upstream of the 3" N.P.T. coupling. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Loading pump shall be electrically interlocked with vapor control check valve adaptor and flare pilot sensor to prevent loading of crude oil when the vapor control line is disconnected and/or the flare is not operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Propane gas shall be used as supplemental fuel and pilot fuel to the flare. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. The organic liquid loading shall not exceed 20,000 gallons in any one day. [District Rule 4624, 3.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: RIO BRAVO POSO
Location: 16608 PORTERVILLE HWY, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308
13. Compliance with vapor collection and control requirements shall be determined when inspection reveals conditions indicative of performance less effective than that during previous compliance determination(s), using 40 CFR 60.503 "Test Methods and Procedures" and EPA Methods 2A, 2B, 25A and 25B and ARB Method 422, or ARB Test Procedure TP-203.1. [District Rule 4624, 6.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The District must be notified by the permittee 30 days prior to source testing and the permittee shall submit a source test plan for District approval 15 days prior to source sampling. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Source test results must be submitted to the District within 60 days of the completion of field testing. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Visible emissions shall be checked at least monthly. If visible emissions are observed, an EPA Method 22 observation shall be made. A record containing results of observation shall be maintained including observer's name, affiliation, date, time, wind speed, wind direction, and observer's location relative to the sun. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Open flares (air-assisted, steam-assisted, or non-assisted) in which the flare gas pressure is less than 5 psig shall be operated in such a manner that meets the provisions of 40 CFR 60.18. [District Rule 4311] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. The outlet shall be equipped with an automatic ignition system, or, shall operate with a pilot flame present at all times when combustible gases are vented through the flare, except during purge periods for automatic-ignition equipped flares. [District Rule 4311, 5.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Except for flares equipped with a flow-sensing ignition system, a heat sensing device such as a thermocouple, ultraviolet beam sensor, infrared sensor, or an equivalent device, capable of continuously detecting at least one pilot flame or the flare flame is present shall be installed and operated. [District Rule 4311, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. (2332) Flares that use flow-sensing automatic ignition systems and which do not use a continuous flame pilot shall use purge gas for purging. [District Rule 4311, 5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The flame shall be present at all times when combustible gases are vented through the flare. [District Rule 4311, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-12-4
SECTION: SW28 TOWNSHIP: 27S RANGE: 27E
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
63,000 GALLON FIXED ROOF WASH TANK WITH VAPOR RECOVERY AND PRESSURE/VACUUM VENT - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor loss prevention system consisting of vapor and condensate collection systems capable of reducing VOC emissions by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.1 and 5.6.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Tank vapors shall vent only to vapor collection system and discharge only to flare serving truck transfer rack described in Permit No. S-883-11. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Pressure/vacuum vent shall be set to relieve at a pressure higher than required to activate vapor compressor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. All piping valves and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a leak-free cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background or the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permitee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Operator shall maintain records of tank cleaning activities for a period of 5 years and present said records to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.2, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. To facilitate connection to an external APCO-approved recovery system, a suitable tank fitting, such as a manway, may be temporarily removed for a period of time not to exceed 1 hour. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 56 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2020 and District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. All piping, fittings, and valves on this tank shall be inspected annually by the facility operator in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane, to ensure compliance with the leaking provisions of this permit. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. If any of the tank components are found to be leaking, operator shall immediately affix a tag and maintain records of gas leak detection readings, date/time leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon detection of any leaking components (having a gas leak >10,000 ppmv, measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane) operator shall: (a) Eliminate or minimize the leak within 8 hours after detection. (b) If the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices; and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after detection. (c) In no event that the total time to minimize and eliminate the leak shall exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Leaking tank components affixed to the tank or within five feet of the tank that have been discovered by the operator and that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the specified deadlines, shall not constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. However, leaking components discovered during inspections by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within specified deadlines, shall constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, then conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If a component type is found to have no leak after four consecutive quarterly inspections, then revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of the District Rule 4623, even if it is under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) Method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The control efficiency of any VOC destruction device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. US EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of US EPA Method 25 or US EPA Method 25A provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of the known analytes/compounds to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by ARB Method 422 "Exempt Halogenated VOCs in Gases September 12, 1990." [District Rule 4623]

26. The operator shall ensure that the vapor recovery system is functional and operating as designed at all the times. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Operator shall monitor vapor recovery compressor activation and shut off manometer pressures on quarterly basis to ensure that compressor activation pressure does not exceed pressure relief valve setting. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Operator shall inspect pressure relief valve for fugitive leaks annually in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings, properly maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in leak-free condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-13-4
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
42,000 GALLON FIXED ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK WITH VAPOUR RECOVERY AND PRESSURE/VACUUM VENT - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor loss prevention system consisting of vapor and condensate collection systems capable of reducing VOC emissions by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.1 and 5.6.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Tank vapors shall vent only to vapor collection system and discharge only to flare serving truck transfer rack described in Permit No. S-883-11. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Pressure/vacuum vent shall be set to relieve at a pressure higher than required to activate vapor compressor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. All piping valves and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a leak-free cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background or the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Operator shall maintain records of tank cleaning activities for a period of 5 years and present said records to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.2, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. To facilitate connection to an external APCO-approved recovery system, a suitable tank fitting, such as a manway, may be temporarily removed for a period of time not to exceed 1 hour. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2020 and District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. All piping, fittings, and valves on this tank shall be inspected annually by the facility operator in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane, to ensure compliance with the leaking provisions of this permit. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. If any of the tank components are found to be leaking, operator shall immediately affix a tag and maintain records of gas leak detection readings, date/time leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon detection of any leaking components (having a gas leak >10,000 ppmv, measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane) operator shall: (a) Eliminate or minimize the leak within 8 hours after detection. (b) If the leak can not be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices; and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after detection. (c) In no event that the total time to minimize and eliminate the leak shall exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Leaking tank components affixed to the tank or within five feet of the tank that have been discovered by the operator and that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the specified deadlines, shall not constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. However, leaking components discovered during inspections by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within specified deadlines, shall constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, then conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If a component type is found to have no leak after four consecutive quarterly inspections, then revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of the District Rule 4623, even if it is under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) Method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The control efficiency of any VOC destruction device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. US EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of US EPA Method 25 or US EPA Method 25A provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of the known analytes/compounds to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by ARB Method 422. "Exempt Halogenated VOCs in Gases September 12, 1990." [District Rule 4623]

26. The operator shall ensure that the vapor recovery system is functional and operating as designed at all the times. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Operator shall monitor vapor recovery compressor activation and shut off manometer pressures on quarterly basis to ensure that compressor activation pressure does not exceed pressure relief valve setting. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Operator shall inspect pressure relief valve for fugitive leaks annually in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings, properly maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in leak-free condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-14-4
SECTION: SW28 TOWNSHIP: 27S RANGE: 27E
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
42,000 GALLON FIXED ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK WITH VAPOUR RECOVERY AND PRESSURE/VACUUM VENT - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor loss prevention system consisting of vapor and condensate collection systems capable of reducing VOC emissions by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.1 and 5.6.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Tank vapors shall vent only to vapor collection system and discharge only to flare serving truck transfer rack described in Permit No. S-883-11. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Pressure/vacuum vent shall be set to relieve at a pressure higher than required to activate vapor compressor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. All piping valves and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a leak-free cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background or the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Operator shall maintain records of tank cleaning activities for a period of 5 years and present said records to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.2, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

11. To facilitate connection to an external APCO-approved recovery system, a suitable tank fitting, such as a manway, may be temporarily removed for a period of time not to exceed 1 hour. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

12. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

13. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

14. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

15. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

16. Permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

17. Permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2020 and District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

18. All piping, fittings, and valves on this tank shall be inspected annually by the facility operator in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane, to ensure compliance with the leaking provisions of this permit. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

19. If any of the tank components are found to be leaking, operator shall immediately affix a tag and maintain records of gas leak detection readings, date/time leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

20. Upon detection of any leaking components (having a gas leak >10,000 ppmv, measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane) operator shall: (a) Eliminate or minimize the leak within 8 hours after detection. (b) If the leak can not be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices; and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after detection. (c) In no event that the total time to minimize and eliminate the leak shall exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

21. Leaking tank components affixed to the tank or within five feet of the tank that have been discovered by the operator and that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the specified deadlines, shall not constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. However, leaking components discovered during inspections by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within specified deadlines, shall constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

22. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, then conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If a component type is found to have no leak after four consecutive quarterly inspections, then revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of the District Rule 4623, even if it is under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) Method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The control efficiency of any VOC destruction device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. US EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of US EPA Method 25 or US EPA Method 25A provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analytes/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of the known analytes/compounds to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by ARB Method 422 "Exempt Halogenated VOCs in Gases September 12, 1990." [District Rule 4623]

26. The operator shall ensure that the vapor recovery system is functional and operating as designed at all the times. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Operator shall monitor vapor recovery compressor activation and shut off manometer pressures on quarterly basis to ensure that compressor activation pressure does not exceed pressure relief valve setting. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Operator shall inspect pressure relief valve for fugitive leaks annually in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings, properly maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in leak-free condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-15-3
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
SIX STEAM DRIVE WELLS WITH CLOSED CASING VENTS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801, 3.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Gas and liquid leaks are as defined in Section 3.20 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 3.20] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. An operator shall not operate a steam-enhanced crude oil production well unless the operator complies with either of the following requirements: The steam-enhanced crude oil production well vent is closed and the front line production equipment downstream of the wells that carry produced fluids (crude oil or mixture of crude oil and water) is connected to a VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06), the well vent may be temporarily opened during periods of attended service or repair of the well provided such activity is done as expeditiously as possible with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere, or the steam-enhanced crude oil production well vent is open and the well vent is connected to a VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0 of Rule 4401. [District Rule 4401, 5.5.1 and 5.5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. An operator shall be in violation of this rule if any District inspection demonstrates or if any operator inspection conducted pursuant to Section 5.8 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06) demonstrates the existence of an open-ended line or a valve located at the end of the line that is not sealed with a blind flange, plug, cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations as defined by Section 5.6.2.1 of Rule 4401 requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended lines, a component with a major liquid leak, or a component with a gas leak greater than 50,000 ppmv. [District Rule 4401 5.6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. An operator shall be in violation of this rule if any District inspection demonstrates or if any operator inspection conducted pursuant to Section 5.8 of Rule 4401 demonstrates the existence of any combination of components with minor liquid leaks, minor gas leaks, or a gas leak greater than 10,000 ppmv up to 50,000 ppmv that totals more than number of leaks allowed by Table 3 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 5.6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. An operator shall not use any component with a leak as defined in Section 3.0 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06), or that is found to be in violation of the provisions of Section 5.6.2 of Rule 4401. However, components that were found leaking may be used provided such leaking components have been identified with a tag for repair, are repaired, or awaiting re-inspection after being repaired within the applicable time frame specified in Section 5.9 of Rule 4401. [District Rule 4401 5.7.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. {4277} Each hatch shall be closed at all times except during sampling or adding of process material through the hatch, or during attended repair, replacement, or maintenance operations, provided such activities are done as expeditiously as possible with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere. [District Rule 4401 5.7.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: RIO BRAVO POSO
Location: 16608 PORTERVILLE HWY, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308
8. An operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 6.7 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06) if there is any change in the description of major components or critical components. [District Rule 4401 5.7.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Except for pipes and unsafe-to-monitor components, an operator shall inspect all other components pursuant to the requirements of Section 6.3.3 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06) at least once every year. [District Rule 4401 5.8.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. An operator shall visually inspect all pipes at least once every year. Any visual inspection of pipes that indicates a leak that cannot be immediately repaired to meet the leak standards of this rule shall be inspected within 24 hours after detecting the leak. If a leak is found, the leak shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in Table 4 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 5.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. In addition to the inspections required by Section 5.8.1 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06), an operator shall inspect for leaks all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and PRDs in service as follows: An operator shall audio-visually (by hearing and by sight) inspect for leaks all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and PRDs in service at least once each calendar week. Any audio-visual inspection of an accessible operating pump, compressor, and PRD performed by an operator that indicates a leak that cannot be immediately repaired to meet the leak standards of this rule shall be inspected not later than 24 hours after conducting the audio-visual inspection. If a leak is found, the leak shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in Table 4 of Rule 4401. [District Rule 4401 5.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. In addition to the inspections required by Sections 5.8.1, 5.8.2 and 5.8.3 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06), operator shall perform the following: initially inspect a PRD that releases to the atmosphere as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours after the discovery of the release, re-inspect the PRD not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the initial inspection, inspect all new, replaced, or repaired fittings, flanges, and threaded connections within 72 hours of placing the component in service. Except for PRDs subject to the requirements of Section 5.8.4.1 of Rule 4401, an operator shall inspect a component that has been repaired or replaced not later than 15 calendar days after the component was repaired or replaced. [District Rule 4401 5.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. An operator shall inspect all unsafe-to-monitor components during each turnaround. [District Rule 4401 5.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. District inspection in no way fulfills any of the mandatory inspection requirements that are placed upon operators and cannot be used or counted as an inspection required of an operator. [District Rule 4401 5.8.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. An operator shall affix a readily visible weatherproof tag to a leaking component upon detection of the leak and shall include the following information on the tag: date and time of leak detection, date and time of leak measurement, for a gaseous leak, the leak concentration in ppmv, for a liquid leak, whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak, whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. [District Rule 4401 5.9.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. An operator shall keep the tag affixed to the component until an operator has met all of the following conditions: repaired or replaced the leaking component, re-inspected the component using the test method in Section 6.3.3, and 5.9.2.3 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06), or the component is found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. [District Rule 4401 5.9.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. An operator shall minimize a component leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere immediately to the extent possible, but not later than one (1) hour after detection of the leak. [District Rule 4401 5.9.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
18. Except for leaking critical components or leaking essential components subject to the requirements of Section 5.9.7 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06), if an operator has minimized a leak but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak limits as defined in Section 3.0 of Rule 4401, an operator shall comply with at least one of the following requirements as soon as practicable but not later than the time period specified in Table 4 of Rule 4401: Repair or replace the leaking component; or vent the leaking component to a VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0 of Rule 4401, or remove the leaking component from operation. [District Rule 4401 5.9.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. \{4289\} The repair period in calendar days shall not exceed 14 days for minor gas leaks, 5 days for major gas leaks less than or equal to 50,000 ppmv, 2 days for gas leak greater than 50,000 ppmv, 3 days for minor liquid leaks, 2 days for major liquid leaks. [District Rule 4401 5.9.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period specified in Table 4 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 5.9.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The time of the initial leak detection shall be the start of the repair period specified in Table 4 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 5.9.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. \{4292\} If the leaking component is an essential component or a critical component that cannot be immediately shut down for repairs, and if the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standard of this rule, the operator shall repair or replace the essential component or critical component to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround, but in no case later than one year from the date of the original leak detection, whichever comes earlier. [District Rule 4401 5.9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. \{4293\} The operator of any steam-enhanced crude oil production well shall maintain records of the date and well identification where steam injection or well stimulation occurs. [District Rule 4401 6.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. An operator of any steam-enhanced crude oil production well shall keep source test records which demonstrate compliance with the control efficiency requirements of the VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 6.1.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. \{4296\} The results of source tests conducted pursuant to Section 4.6.2 of Rule 4401 shall be submitted to the APCO within 60 days after the completion of the source test. [District Rule 4401 6.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. Operator of any steam-enhanced crude oil production well shall keep an inspection log maintained pursuant to Section 6.4 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 6.1.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. \{4298\} Records of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components, including a copy of current calibration gas certification from the vendor of said calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, concentration of calibration gas, instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, calibration gas expiration date, and calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration shall be maintained. [District Rule 4401 6.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. An operator shall maintain copies at the facility of the training records of the training program operated pursuant to Section 6.5 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06). [District Rule 4401 6.1.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. \{4300\} Operator shall keep a copy of the APCO-approved Operator Management Plan at the facility. [District Rule 4401 6.1.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Operator shall submit to the APCO a list of all gauge tanks, as defined in Section 3.17. The list shall contain the size, identification number, the location of each gauge tank and specify whether the gauge tank is upstream of all front line production equipment. [District Rule 4401 6.1.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
31. (4302) The results of gauge tank TVP testing conducted pursuant to Section 6.2.5 shall be submitted to the APCO within 60 days after the completion of the testing. [District Rule 4401 6.1.10] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. (4303) An operator that discovers that a PRD has released shall record the date that the release was discovered, and the identity and location of the PRD that released. An operator shall submit such information recorded during the calendar year to the APCO no later than 60 days after the end of the calendar year. [District Rule 4401 6.1.11] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. (4304) An operator shall source test annually all vapor collection and control systems used to control emissions from steam-enhanced crude oil production well vents to determine the control efficiency of the device(s) used for destruction or removal of VOC. Compliance testing shall be performed annually by source testers certified by ARB. Testing shall be performed during June, July, August, or September of each year if the system's control efficiency is dependent upon ambient air temperature. [District Rule 4401 6.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. (4305) If approved by EPA, ARB, and the APCO, an operator need not comply with the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 if all uncondensed VOC emissions collected by a vapor collection and control system are incinerated in fuel burning equipment, an internal combustion engine or in a smokeless flare. [District Rule 4401 6.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. (4306) If approved by EPA, ARB, and the APCO, an operator need not comply with the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 for a vapor control system which does not have a VOC destruction device. [District Rule 4401 6.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. (4307) An operator seeking approval pursuant to Section 6.2.2 or Section 6.2.3 shall submit a written request and supporting information to the APCO. The District shall evaluate the request and if approved by the APCO, the District shall provide EPA and ARB with a copy of the evaluation and shall request EPA and ARB approval. The District evaluation and the APCO request shall be deemed approved unless EPA or ARB objects to such approval in writing within 45 days of the receipt of the APCO request. [District Rule 4401 6.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. An operator shall comply with the following requirements for each gauge tank, as defined in Section 3.17 of Rule 4401 (amended 12/14/06): Conduct an initial TVP testing of the produced fluid in each gauge tank not later than June 14, 2007. Thereafter, an operator shall conduct periodic TVP testing of each gauge tank at least once every 24 months during summer (July - September), and whenever there is a change in the source or type of produced fluid in the gauge tank. The TVP testing shall be conducted at the actual storage temperature of the produced fluid in the gauge tank using the applicable TVP test method specified in Section 6.4 of Rule 4623 (Storage of Organic Liquids). The operator shall submit the TVP testing results to the APCO as specified in Section 6.1.10 of Rule 4401. [District Rule 4401 6.2.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. (4308) The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case EPA Method 25a may be used. EPA Method 18 may be used in lieu of EPA Method 25 or EPA Method 25a provided the identity and approximate concentrations of the analyte/compounds in the sample gas stream are known before analysis with the gas chromatograph and the gas chromatograph is calibrated for each of those known analyte/compound to ensure that the VOC concentrations are neither under- or over-reported. [District Rule 4401 6.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. (4310) VOC content shall be analyzed by using the latest revision of ASTM Method E168, E169, or E260 as applicable. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be performed by using ARB Method 432. [District Rule 4401 6.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. {4311} Leak inspection, other than audio-visual, and measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer's instruction, as appropriate, not more than 30 days prior to its use. The operator shall record the calibration date of the instrument. Where safety is a concern, such as measuring leaks from compressor seals or pump seals when the shaft is rotating, a person shall measure leaks by placing the instrument probe inlet at a distance of one (1) centimeter or less from the surface of the component interface. [District Rule 4401 6.3.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. {4312} The VOC content by weight percent (wt.%) shall be determined using American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 or the latest revision of ASTM Method E168, E169 or E260 for liquids. [District Rule 4401 6.3.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. {4313} Operator shall maintain an inspection log in which an operator records, at a minimum, all of the following information for each inspection performed: The total number of components inspected, total number and percentage of leaking components found by component type, location, type, and name or description of each leaking component and description of any unit where the leaking component is found, date of leak detection and the method of leak detection. For gaseous leaks, the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak, the date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of leaking components, identify and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier, methods used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier, the date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced, the inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number, date and signature of the facility operator responsible for the inspection and repair program certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log. [District Rule 4401 6.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-25-6
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
SECTION: SW28 TOWNSHIP: 27S RANGE: 27E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
195 BHP DETROIT DIESEL MODEL DDFP-08GT4371 EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIREWATER PUMP

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 4.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The engine shall be equipped with a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. The engine shall be operated with the timing retarded four degrees from the manufacturer's standard recommended timing. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District NSR Rule, 4801, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. {2414} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201, 3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. For testing purposes, the engine shall only be operated the number of hours necessary to comply with the testing requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 25 - "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems", 1998 edition. Total hours of operation for all maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 100 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 4.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, and the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.). For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rules 4702, 6.2, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 4702, 6.2, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT: S-883-26-4

SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
112 BHP WAUKESHA DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FEEDWATER PUMP

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The engine shall be equipped with a non-resettable elapsed-time meter indicating total hours of operation. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The engine shall be equipped with a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. The engine shall be operated with the timing retarded four degrees from the manufacturer's standard recommended timing. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.05% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District NSR Rule and Rule 4801 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This engine shall be equipped with an operational nonresettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 20 hours per year. [District NSR Rule and Rules 4701, 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. The permittee shall maintain records of hours of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the date, the number of hours of operation, the purpose of the operation (e.g., load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.), the type of fuel used, and records of operational characteristics monitoring. Such records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 4701, and 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
12. An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]
Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No hexavalent chromium containing compounds shall be added to cooling tower circulating water. [District Rule 7612]

2. Cooling tower drift shall not exceed 0.005%. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Total dissolved solids (TDS) in cooling tower water shall not exceed 4 g/l. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Recirculating water flow rate shall not exceed 23,150 gallons per minute. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Compliance with TDS limit shall be determined by cooling water sample analysis by independent laboratory within 60 days of initial operation and monthly thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Records of the cooling tower recirculating water flow rate and cooling tower water TDS shall be kept at the facility and made readily available for District inspection upon request for 5 years. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 4.2.1 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

6. The diesel engine shall be operated with an initial injection timing setting of 16 degrees BTDC (Before Top Dead Center) or less. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. This IC engine shall be equipped with a catalytic particulate filter. [District NSR Rule and 4102] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District NSR Rule, 4801, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 7.9 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 0.8 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.31 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District NSR Rule, 13 CCR 2423, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.075 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District NSR Rule, 4102, 13 CCR 2423, and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702, 5.7.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
13. During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702, 5.7.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702, 6.2.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702, 6.2.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-31-3
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
450 TON (15,000 FT3) CAPACITY REFINERY COKE STORAGE SILO EQUIPPED WITH BHA MODEL SPI-24-X4B8BV VENT FILTER BAGHOUSE, FEED AND TRUCK LOADING PNEUMATIC CONVEYOR SYSTEMS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Coke storage silo loading rate from trucks shall not exceed 240 tons/day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Concentration of PM10 in coke storage silo baghouse exhaust shall not exceed 0.02 gr/scf. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. There shall be no visible emissions during unloading of coke from silo to boiler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere from coke storage silo baghouse exhaust for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is dark or darker than Ringelmann 1/4 or equivalent to 5% opacity. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Daily records of coke storage silo loading rate in tons/day shall be maintained, retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District NSR Rule and 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The bin vent filter located on top of the coke silo shall be inspected weekly during silo loading for any visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action shall be taken to eliminate visible emissions prior to further loading. Corrective action shall eliminate visible emissions before next loading event. The result of inspection shall be kept in a record and shall be made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall perform a complete vent filter inspection during each calendar quarter. Vent filters shall be inspected thoroughly for tears, scuffs, abrasions, holes, or any evidence of particulate matter leaks and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Records of vent filter maintenance, inspections, and repair shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of the equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of the individual performing the inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. (2426) The permittee shall maintain, and make available for District inspection, all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
ATTACHMENT B

Previous Title V Operating Permit
Permit to Operate

FACILITY: S-883

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: RIO BRAVO POSO
MAILING ADDRESS: 19100 VON KARMAN, STE 570
IRVINE, CA 92612

FACILITY LOCATION: 16608 PORTERVILLE HWY
BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

FACILITY DESCRIPTION: ELECTRIC SERVICES

The Facility's Permit to Operate may include Facility-wide Requirements as well as requirements that apply to specific permit units.

This Permit to Operate remains valid through the permit expiration date listed above, subject to payment of annual permit fees and compliance with permit conditions and all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. This permit is valid only at the location specified above, and becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or location. Any modification of the equipment or operation, as defined in District Rule 2201, will require prior District approval. This permit shall be posted as prescribed in District Rule 2010.

Seyed Sadredin
Executive Director / APCO

David Warner
Director of Permit Services
FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings); and PSD ATC 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings); and PSD ATC 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (3/21/02). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and are grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.12.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031 and PSD ATC SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: RIO BRAVO POSO
Location: 16608 PORTERVILLE HWY, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

S-883-0-2: Aug 2 2010 4:28PM - SONG00U
9. The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2 and CFR 60.52Da] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District, the ARB, or EPA to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4 and PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
22. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (11/15/01), by using EPA Method 9. If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and County Rules 401 (in all eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards of District Rule 4601 (10/31/01) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. All VOC-containing materials for architectural coatings subject to Rule 4601 (10/31/01) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (10/31/01). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8021 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8031 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8041 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. Whenever open areas are disturbed or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8051 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8061 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 75 vehicle trips per day shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 100 vehicle trips per day shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (11/15/01) or Rule 8011 (11/15/01). [District Rule 8071 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Equipment covered by this permit shall at all times be maintained in good working order and be operated as efficiently as possible so to minimize air pollutant emissions. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. In the event of changes in control or ownership, this Operating Permit shall be binding on new owners and operators. The applicant shall notify successor of the existence of this Operating Permit and its conditions in writing and forward a copy to the District, California Air Resources Board, and EPA. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. The applicant shall construct and operate the facility in compliance with all other applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 52, 60 and 61 and all other applicable Federal, State and District air quality regulations. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Should additional guidance related to the June 3, 1986 PSD remand be developed, Rio Bravo shall provide to EPA any such analysis, data or demonstration of compliance with other requirements within the time required by such guidance. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. All correspondence as required by this Operating Permit shall be forwarded to: the District; Director, Air & Toxics Div. (Attn: A-3-3), EPA Region 9, 75 Hawthorne St. San Francisco, CA 94105. [PSD SJ 85-06] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

45. All permits issued to Rio Bravo Poso (S-883) and Rio Bravo Jasmin (S-1751) are included in the same heavy oil central stationary source. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. When applicable to 40 CFR Part 68, a subject facility shall submit to the proper authority a Risk Management Plan when mandated by the regulation. [40 CFR Part 68] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin April 28 of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley  
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-1-9  
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010

SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
FUEL RECEIVING AND STORAGE OPERATION INCLUDING ENCLOSED TRUCK RECEIVING STATION WITH FABRIC COLLECTOR AND WATER/SURFACTANT SPRAY SYSTEM, TWO FUEL SILOS WITH FABRIC COLLECTORS, AND ENCLOSED UNDERHOPPER CONVEYOR - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Two 30 ft. diam. by 80 ft. tall fuel storage silos shall each vent to a fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Coal/petroleum coke truck receiving shall be fully enclosed during entire fuel unloading operation. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity at any time from truck receiving hopper enclosure, fuel conveyors, conveyor transfer points, fuel storage silos or any fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Coal/coke shall not be received, conveyed, or transferred into storage silos unless ventilation systems and fabric collectors are operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. All collected fines shall be returned to the fuel system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Coal/coke receiving shall not operate more than 300 hours per month. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. PM10 emissions rate from both fuel silo fabric collectors shall not exceed 0.032 lb/hr. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. All roadways, driveways, and vehicular work areas shall be surfaced with slow cure asphalt paving. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results quarterly. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
13. The records of hours of operation of fuel receiving system shall be maintained on monthly basis. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-2-7
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
LIMESTONE RECEIVING AND STORAGE OPERATION INCLUDING ONE PNEUMATICALLY FILLED STORAGE SILO WITH FABRIC COLLECTOR - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Limestone shall not be transferred into silo unless fabric collectors are operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Collected fines shall be returned to limestone system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Silo fabric collector particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate shall not exceed 0.02 lb/hr and 0.0033 gr/scf. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Visible emissions from the dust collector serving the limestone unloading operation shall not equal or exceed 5% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in one hour. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results annually. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: RIO BRAVO POSO
Location: "16608 PORTERVILLE HWY, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308"
PERMIT UNIT: S-883-3-13

SECTION: SW28   TOWNSHIP: 27S   RANGE: 27E

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
36.0 MW SOLID FUEL FIRED CIRCULATING BED COMBUSTOR COGENERATION UNIT INCLUDING 389 MMBTU/HR COMBUSTOR WITH LOW-TEMPERATURE STAGED COMBUSTION, AMMONIA INJECTION, AND PULVERIZED LIMESTONE INJECTION - POZO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Permittee shall comply in full with all applicable Rule 4001 requirements (New Source Performance Standards, 40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart Da). [District Rule 4001] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Fuel collecting conveyor, two fuel crushers, two bucket elevators, two boiler feed conveyors, fuel feed bin, fuel feeder, and limestone conveyor/feeder shall be totally enclosed and ventilated to fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Operation shall be equipped with pneumatic limestone feed system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Operation shall be equipped with primary and secondary combustion air blowers and air preheater with ash hopper. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Operation shall be equipped with fabric collector with ash hopper serving fuel/limestone handling equipment and combustor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The main exhaust stack shall be equipped with permanent provisions to allow collection of stack gas samples using approved EPA test methods. [District Rule 1081, 3.0; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Combustor shall be fired only on coal or petroleum coke. Propane or natural gas may be used as start-up fuel. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. No more than 835,520 lb (on a dry basis) of solid fuel per day of no more than 4.0% by weight sulfur shall be introduced into the combustor. [District NSR Rule & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Limestone shall be capable of being directly injected into the combustor at a minimum of 0.042 lb limestone per lb of fuel introduced into the combustor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Peak temperature of combustor shall not exceed 1800 degrees F. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Unit shall be operated as staged-combustion device by introducing sub-stoichiometric amount of combustion air in primary combustion zone. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Ash shall be removed from combustion system only by means authorized by ash handling and loadout operation (Permit No. S-883-4). [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Fuel feed and combustion air supply shall be automatically shutdown whenever fabric collector is shutdown. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
14. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity at any time from fuel conveyors, crusher, feed bin, feeder, and fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. All combustor exhaust gas shall pass through fabric collector prior to emission to atmosphere. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Ammonia injection system shall be capable of delivering at least 2.0 moles of NH3 for each mole of NOx. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Soot-blowing shall not result in visible emissions of greater than Ringelmann 1 or equivalent 20% opacity, excluding uncombined water vapor, except for aggregate periods of less than 3 minutes in any one hour period. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. At least 5% of annual energy output shall be in the form of useful thermal energy which shall be used for thermally enhanced oil recovery in the Heavy Oil Central Stationary Source. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Permittee shall maintain accurate daily records of energy output and useful thermal energy output and shall annually demonstrate compliance with minimum percentage requirement for thermal energy output set forth above. [District Rule 1070, 4.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Combustor start-up is defined as any period, not exceeding 96 hours, during which the combustor is set in operation and heated from a lower temperature to a steady state operating temperature. [District Rule 4352, 3.13] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Combustor shutdown is defined as any period, not exceeding 6 hours, during which the combustor is cooled from its steady state operating temperature to a lower temperature followed by cessation of operation within the 6 hour period. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. Particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate shall not exceed 4.31 lb/hr, 0.0111 lb/MMBtu and 0.007 grains/scf. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.42 (a)(1)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. Except during periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, sulfur oxide emissions (as SO2) shall not exceed 15.47 lb/hr and 0.0398 lb/MM Btu. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.43 (a)(2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Except during periods of startup or shutdown, sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 30% of the potential combustion concentration (70% reduction in potential emissions of sulfur dioxide based on sulfur analysis of "as-fired" fuel). [40CFR 60 Subpart Da] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. During periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, sulfur oxide emissions (as SO2) shall not exceed 0.11 lb/MMBtu, calculated on a daily basis. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. Sulfur oxide emissions (as SO2) shall not exceed the following quarterly amounts: 1st Qtr., 33,415 lb; 2nd Qtr., 33,786 lb; 3rd Qtr., 34,158 lb; and 4th Qtr., 34,158 lb. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.43 Da] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. Except during periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, nitrogen oxides emissions (as NO2) shall not exceed 38.90 lb/hr and 0.1000 lb/MMBtu. [District NSR Rule and 40 CFR 60.42 (a)(1), (2)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. During periods of combustor start-up and shutdown, nitrogen oxide emissions (as NO2) shall not exceed 0.20 lb/MMBtu, calculated on a daily basis. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Nitrogen oxide emissions (as NO2) shall not exceed the following quarterly amounts: 1st Qtr., 84,024 lb; 2nd Qtr., 84,958 lb; 3rd Qtr., 85,891 lb; and 4th Qtr., 85,891 lb. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Volatile organic compound (VOC) emission rate shall not exceed 6.03 lb/hr and 0.0155 lb/MMBtu. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
31. Carbon monoxide (CO) emission rate shall not exceed 105.10 lb/hr (3-hour average) and 0.2701 lb/MMBtu. [District NSR Rule & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. Performance testing shall be conducted annually for NOx, SOx, CO, VOCs, and PM(10) at the maximum operating capacity using following test methods; for NOx EPA Methods 1-4 and 7 or ARB Method 100; for SOx EPA Methods 1-4 and 8 or ARB Method 100; for CO EPA Method 1-4 and 10 or ARB Method 100; for VOCs EPA Method 25 or 18; and for PM(10) EPA Method 201A in combination with EPA Method 202. [District Rule 4352, 6.4; District Rule 2520, 9.3.2; PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. The District and EPA must be notified 30 days prior to any performance testing and a test plan shall be submitted for District approval 15 days prior to such testing. [District Rule 1081, 7.1 & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. Performance testing shall be witnessed or authorized District personnel and EPA. Test results must be submitted to the District within 60 day of performance testing. [District Rule 1081, 7.2, 7.3; 40 CFR 60.51Da (a) & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. Quarterly, start-up, and shutdown NOx and SOx emissions shall be measured by maintaining CEM, fuel use and fuel Btu content records, and such records shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 1070, 4.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. Permittee shall maintain an operating log containing type and quantity of fuel used and higher heating value of such fuels on daily basis. [District NSR Rule; District Rule 4352, 6.2; PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. All wells producing from strata steamed by this unit shall be connected to a District approved emissions control system, have District approved closed casing vents, or be District approved uncontrolled cyclic wells. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. Sulfur fuel of the each type of fuel shall be measured and recorded on monthly basis using current ASTM Methods or shall be certified by supplier for each shipment. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2; 40 CFR 60.51Da (a) & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. Operator shall install, operate, and maintain in calibration a system which continuously measures and records control system operating parameters; elapsed time of operation; and exhaust gas opacity, NOx, SO2, and O2 (or CO) concentrations. [District NSR Rule; District Rule 1080; 40 CFR 60.49Da(b); & PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. The continuous emissions monitoring system shall meet the performance specification requirements in 40 CFR 60, Appendix B; 40 CFR 60, Appendix F; and 40 CFR 51, Appendix P, or shall meet equivalent specifications established by mutual agreement of the District, the ARB, and the EPA. [District Rule 1080, 6.5; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. Operator shall install, operate, and maintain in calibration a system which continuously measures and records stack gas volumetric flow rates meeting the performance specifications of 40 CFR Part 52, Appendix E. [PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. Results of continuous emissions monitoring must be reduced according to the procedure established in 40 CFR, Part 51, Appendix P, paragraphs 5.0 through 5.3.3, or by other methods deemed equivalent by mutual agreement with the District, the ARB, and the EPA. [District Rule 1080, 7.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. Records shall be maintained and shall contain: the occurrence and duration of any start-up, shutdown or malfunction, performance testing, evaluations, calibrations, checks, adjustments, maintenance of any CEMs that have been installed pursuant to District Rule 1080, and emission measurements. [District Rule 1080, 7.3; 40 CFR 60.52Da and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. The permittee shall maintain hourly, daily, and 30-day rolling average records of NOx and SOx emissions and of the percentage SOx reduction. [40 CFR 60.48Da (f), (g), 60.43Da (a), 60.51Da (b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
45. The permittee shall obtain emission data from the CEMS for at least 22 out of 30 successive boiler operating days for compliance determination. If this minimum data requirement cannot be met with the CEMS, the permittee shall supplement the emission data with other monitoring systems approved by the APCO or with the reference methods and procedures described in 40 CFR 60.49(h). [40 CFR 60.49Da(f)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. Permittee shall submit a CEMs written report for each calendar quarter to the District and to EPA. The report is due on the 30th day following the end of the calendar quarter. [District Rule 1080, 8.0; 40 CFR 60.51Da (a); and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. Quarterly report shall include: time intervals, data and magnitude of excess emissions, nature and cause of excess (if known), corrective actions taken and preventive measures adopted; averaging period used for data reporting corresponding to the averaging period specified in the emission test period used to determine compliance with an emission standard; applicable time and date of each period during which the CEM was inoperative (except for zero and span checks) and the nature of system repairs and adjustments; and a negative declaration when no excess emissions occurred. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1; Rule 1080, 8.0 and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. Any violation of emission standards, as indicated by the CEM, shall be reported by the operator to the APCO within 96 hours. Excess emissions shall be defined as any three-hour period during which emissions of SOx or NOx as measured by CEM system exceed the SOx and NOx maximum emission limits set forth for each the pollutants in this permit. [District Rule 1080, 9.0; and PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. Operator shall notify the District no later than eight hours after the detection of a breakdown of the CEM. The operator shall inform the District of the intent to shut down the CEM at least 24 hours prior to the event. [District Rule 1080, 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere SO2 in excess of the more stringent of 14.0 lb/hr or 20 ppm at 3% O2 (3-hour average) from stack venting from the combustion unit except during periods of startup and shutdown. [PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere NOx in excess of the more stringent of 38.9 lb/hr or 78 ppm at 3% O2 (3-hour average) from stack venting from the combustion unit except during periods of startup and shutdown. [PSD SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. During startup or shutdown, permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere SO2 in excess of 0.11 lb/MMBtu averaged over a 24-hour period. [PSD ATC SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. During startup and shutdown, permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere NOx in excess of 0.20 lb/MMBtu averaged over a 24-hour period. [PSD ATC SJ 85-07] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

54. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

55. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

56. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Ash silo shall be dust-tight and shall vent only to fabric collector. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Fabric collector shall have maximum air-to-cloth ratio of 4.5 cfm/sq. ft. filter area. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Fabric collector shall be equipped with automatically activated reverse pulse jet cleaning mechanism. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Fabric collector shall be equipped with operational differential pressure indicator, one for each compartment. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Fabric collector shall be equipped with dust-tight provisions to return collected material to ash silo. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Ash shall be sufficiently wetted to prevent visible emissions (as defined in Rule 4101) during loadout. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Dry ash shall be loaded through co-axial telescoping spout vented to fabric collector such that visible emissions are prevented (as defined in Rule 4101). [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Trucks shall be completely covered by tarps before being moved. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Ash shall not be transferred into silo or loaded into trucks unless fabric collector is operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate (fabric collector exhaust and fugitive emissions) shall not exceed 0.01 lb/day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results monthly. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
14. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-8-3
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
SAND RECEIVING AND STORAGE OPERATION INCLUDING ONE PNEUMATICALLY-FILLED STORAGE SILO WITH FABRIC COLLECTOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Sand shall not be transferred into silo unless fabric filter baghouse is operating and functioning properly. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Collected fines shall be returned to sand system. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Sand receiving shall not exceed 48 hr/month. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Silo fabric filter baghouse particulate matter (PM-10) emission rate shall not exceed 9.141 lb/hr and 0.02 gr/scf. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Fabric collection system shall be completely inspected annually while in operation for evidence of particulate matter breakthrough and shall be repaired as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Fabric collector filters shall be completely inspected annually while not in operation for tears, scuffs, abrasives or holes which might interfere with PM collection efficiency and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Visible emissions from storage silo shall be checked and record results annually. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action is required prior to further loading. Corrective action means that visible emissions are eliminated before next loading event. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Records of fabric collector filter maintenance, inspection, and repairs shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of individual performing inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. The records of hours of operation of sand receiving system shall be maintained on monthly basis. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-11-3
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
SECTION: SW28
TOWNSHIP: 27S
RANGE: 27E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
TRUCK LOADING RACK WITH VAPOR RECOVERY INCLUDING FLARE WITH NORTH AMERICAN 4018M GAS PILOT
FLAME SENSOR - POSO CREEK

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Flare pilot shall be adjusted such that flame extends beyond pilot tube into main combustion chamber. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Flare combustion air ports shall be locked in an open position supplying sufficient air to prevent smoking at all loading rates. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The loading rack shall be equipped with a system to prevent the release to the atmosphere of at least 95 percent by weight of the volatile organic compounds displaced during the loading of tanker trucks, trailers, or railroad cars. [District Rule 4624, 5.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The vapor collection and control system shall operate such that the pressure in the delivery tank being loaded does not exceed 18 inches water column pressure and six inches w.c. vacuum. [District Rule 4624, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The loading and vapor collection equipment shall be maintained and operated such that there are no leaks and no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnections. [District Rule 4624, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Visible emissions shall not exceed 1/4 Ringelmann or equivalent 5% opacity. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. Only vapor control equipped, bottom loading, vapor-tight trucks shall be loaded at this facility. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. A "Notice of Operators" sign shall be posted at the loading rack stating that only only bottom loading with vapor control is permitted and that loading must be discontinued if the flare is smoking. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Loading line shall be equipped with a shut-off valve immediately upstream of the 3" N.P.T. coupling. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Loading pump shall be electrically interlocked with vapor control check valve adaptor and flare pilot sensor to prevent loading of crude oil when the vapor control line is disconnected and/or the flare is not operating. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Propane gas shall be used as supplemental fuel and pilot fuel to the flare. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. The organic liquid loading shall not exceed 20,000 gallons in any one day. [District Rule 4624, 5.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: RIO BRAVO POSO
Location: 16608 PORTERVILLE HWY, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308
13. Compliance with vapor collection and control requirements shall be determined when inspection reveals conditions indicative of performance less effective than that during previous compliance determination(s), using 40 CFR 60.503 "Test Methods and Procedures" and EPA Reference Methods 2A, 2B, 25A and 25B and ARB Method 432, or ARB Method 2-4. [District Rule 4624, 6.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The District must be notified by the permittee 30 days prior to source testing and the permittee shall submit a source test plan for District approval 15 days prior to source sampling. [District Rule 1081]

15. Source test results must be submitted to the District within 60 days of the completion of field testing. [District Rule 1081]

16. Visible emissions shall be checked at least monthly. If visible emissions are observed, an EPA Method 22 observation shall be made. A record containing results of observation shall be maintained including observer's name, affiliation, date, time, wind speed, wind direction, and observer's location relative to the sun. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor loss prevention system consisting of vapor and condensate collection systems capable of reducing VOC emissions by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.1 and 5.6.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Tank vapors shall vent only to vapor collection system and discharge only to flare serving truck loading rack described in Permit No. S-883-11. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Pressure/vacuum vent shall be set to relieve at a pressure higher than required to activate vapor compressor. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. All piping valves and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a gas tight condition [District Rule 4623, 5.6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a gas-tight cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623, 5.6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Operator shall maintain records of tank cleaning activities for a period of 5 years and present said records to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.2, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. To facilitate connection to an external APCO-approved recovery system, a suitable tank fitting, such as a manway, may be temporarily removed for a period of time not to exceed 1 hour. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are located, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2020 and District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. All piping, fittings, and valves on this tank shall be inspected annually by the facility operator in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane, to ensure compliance with the leaking provisions of this permit. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. If any of the tank components are found to be leaking, operator shall immediately affix a tag and maintain records of gas leak detection readings, date/time leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon detection of any leaking components (having a gas leak >10,000 ppmv, measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane) operator shall: (a) Eliminate or minimize the leak within 8 hours after detection. (b) If the leak cannot be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices; and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after detection. (c) In no event that the total time to minimize and eliminate the leak shall exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Leaking tank components affixed to the tank or within five feet of the tank that have been discovered by the operator and that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the specified deadlines, shall not constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. However, leaking components discovered during inspections by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within specified deadlines, shall constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, then conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If a component type is found to have no leak after four consecutive quarterly inspections, then revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of the District Rule 4623, even if it is under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) Method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. Control efficiency shall be determined by a comparison of controlled emissions to those emissions which would occur from a fixed or cone roof tank in the same product service without a vapor recovery system. Emissions shall be determined based on tank emission factors in EPA Publication AP-42, component counts for fugitive emissions sources, recognized emission factors for fugitive emission sources and the efficiency of any VOC destruction device. [District Rule 4623, 6.4.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. The efficiency of any VOC destruction device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case Method 25a may be used, and analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4623, 6.4.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. The operator shall ensure that the vapor recovery system is functional and operating as designed at all the times. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Operator shall monitor vapor recovery compressor activation and shut off manometer pressures on quarterly basis to ensure that compressor activation pressure does not exceed pressure relief valve setting. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Operator shall inspect pressure relief valve for fugitive leaks annually in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings, properly maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in gas-tight condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor loss prevention system consisting of vapor and condensate collection systems capable of reducing VOC emissions by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.1 and 5.6.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Tank vapors shall vent only to vapor collection system and discharge only to flare serving truck loading rack described in Permit No. S-883-11. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Pressure/vacuum vent shall be set to relieve at a pressure higher than required to activate vapor compressor. [District NSR Rule and District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. All piping valves and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a gas tight condition [District Rule 4623, 5.6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a gas-tight cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623, 5.6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Operator shall maintain records of tank cleaning activities for a period of 5 years and present said records to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.2, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. To facilitate connection to an external APCO-approved recovery system, a suitable tank fitting, such as a manway, may be temporarily removed for a period of time not to exceed 1 hour. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2020 and District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. All piping, fittings, and valves on this tank shall be inspected annually by the facility operator in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane, to ensure compliance with the leaking provisions of this permit. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. If any of the tank components are found to be leaking, operator shall immediately affix a tag and maintain records of gas leak detection readings, date/time leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon detection of any leaking components (having a gas leak >10,000 ppmv, measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane) operator shall: (a) Eliminate or minimize the leak within 8 hours after detection. (b) If the leak can not be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices; and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after detection. (c) In no event that the total time to minimize and eliminate the leak shall exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Leaking tank components affixed to the tank or within five feet of the tank that have been discovered by the operator and that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the specified deadlines, shall not constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. However, leaking components discovered during inspections by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within specified deadlines, shall constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, then conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If a component type is found to have no leak after four consecutive quarterly inspections, then revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of the District Rule 4623, even if it is under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) Method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. Control efficiency shall be determined by a comparison of controlled emissions to those emissions which would occur from a fixed or cone roof tank in the same product service without a vapor recovery system. Emissions shall be determined based on tank emission factors in EPA Publication AP-42, component counts for fugitive emissions sources, recognized emission factors for fugitive emission sources and the efficiency of any VOC destruction device. [District Rule 4623, 6.4.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. The efficiency of any VOC destruction device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case Method 25a may be used, and analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4623, 6.4.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. The operator shall ensure that the vapor recovery system is functional and operating as designed at all the times. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Operator shall monitor vapor recovery compressor activation and shut off manometer pressures on quarterly basis to ensure that compressor activation pressure does not exceed pressure relief valve setting. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Operator shall inspect pressure relief valve for fugitive leaks annually in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings, properly maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in gas-tight condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The tank shall be equipped with a vapor loss prevention system consisting of vapor and condensate collection systems capable of reducing VOC emissions by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.1 and 5.6.1.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Tank vapors shall vent only to vapor collection system and discharge only to flare serving truck loading rack described in Permit No. S-883-11. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Pressure/vacuum vent shall be set to relieve at a pressure higher than required to activate vapor compressor. [District NSR Rule and District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. All piping valves and fittings shall be constructed and maintained in a gas tight condition [District Rule 4623, 5.6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Any tank gauging or sampling device on a tank vented to the vapor recovery system shall be equipped with a gas-tight cover which shall be closed at all times except during gauging or sampling. [District Rule 4623, 5.6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.9 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least three (3) days prior to performing tank degassing and interior tank cleaning activities. Written notification shall include the following: 1) the Permit to Operate number and physical location of the tank being degassed, 2) the date and time that tank degassing and cleaning activities will begin, 3) the degassing method, as allowed in this permit, to be used, 4) the method to be used to clean the tank, including any solvents to be used, and 5) the method to be used to dispose of any removed sludge, including methods that will be used to control emissions from the receiving vessel and emissions during transport. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Operator shall maintain records of tank cleaning activities for a period of 5 years and present said records to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.2, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This tank shall be degassed before commencing interior cleaning by exhausting VOCs contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system until the organic vapor concentration is 5,000 ppmv or less, or is 10 percent or less of the lower explosion limit (LEL), whichever is less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. During tank degassing, the operator shall discharge or displace organic vapors contained in the tank vapor space to an APCO-approved vapor recovery system. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. To facilitate connection to an external APCO-approved recovery system, a suitable tank fitting, such as a manway, may be temporarily removed for a period of time not to exceed 1 hour. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. This tank shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4623 at all times during draining, degassing, and refilling the tank with an organic liquid having a TVP of 0.5 psia or greater. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. While performing tank cleaning activities, operators may only use the following cleaning agents: diesel, solvents with an initial boiling point of greater than 302 degrees F, solvents with a vapor pressure of less than 0.5 psia, or solvents with 50 grams of VOC per liter or less. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Steam cleaning shall only be allowed at locations where wastewater treatment facilities are limited, or during the months of December through March. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During sludge removal, the operator shall control emissions from the sludge receiving vessel by operating an APCO-approved vapor control device that reduces emissions of organic vapors by at least 95%. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Permittee shall only transport removed sludge in closed, liquid leak-free containers. [District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. Permittee shall store removed sludge, until final disposal, in vapor leak-free containers, or in tanks complying with the vapor control requirements of District Rule 4623. Sludge that is to be used to manufacture roadmix, as defined in District Rule 2020, is not required to be stored in this manner. Roadmix manufacturing operations exempt pursuant to District Rule 2020 shall maintain documentation of their compliance with Rule 2020, and shall readily make said documentation available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 2020 and District Rule 4623, 5.7.5.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. All piping, fittings, and valves on this tank shall be inspected annually by the facility operator in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane, to ensure compliance with the leaking provisions of this permit. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. If any of the tank components are found to be leaking, operator shall immediately affix a tag and maintain records of gas leak detection readings, date/time leak was discovered, and date/time the component was repaired to a leak-free condition. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon detection of any leaking components (having a gas leak >10,000 ppmv, measured in accordance with EPA Method 21 by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument that is calibrated with methane) operator shall: (a) Eliminate or minimize the leak within 8 hours after detection. (b) If the leak can not be eliminated, then minimize the leak to the lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection by using best maintenance practices; and eliminate the leak within 48 hours after detection. (c) In no event that the total time to minimize and eliminate the leak shall exceed 56 hours after detection. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Leaking tank components affixed to the tank or within five feet of the tank that have been discovered by the operator and that have been immediately tagged and repaired within the specified deadlines, shall not constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. However, leaking components discovered during inspections by District staff that were not previously identified and/or tagged by the operator, and/or any leaks that were not repaired within specified deadlines, shall constitute a violation of the District Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. If a component type for a given tank is found to leak during an annual inspection, then conduct quarterly inspections of that component type on the tank or tank system for four consecutive quarters. If a component type is found to have no leak after four consecutive quarterly inspections, then revert to annual inspections. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
23. Any component found to be leaking on two consecutive annual inspections is in violation of the District Rule 4623, even if it is under the voluntary inspection and maintenance program. [District Rule 4623, 5.7 (Table 3)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. Operator shall maintain an inspection log containing the following 1) Type of component leaking; 2) Date and time of leak detection, and method of detection; 3) Date and time of leak repair, and emission level of recheck after leak is repaired; 4) Method used to minimize the leak to lowest possible level within 8 hours after detection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. Control efficiency shall be determined by a comparison of controlled emissions to those emissions which would occur from a fixed or cone roof tank in the same product service without a vapor recovery system. Emissions shall be determined based on tank emission factors in EPA Publication AP-42, component counts for fugitive emissions sources, recognized emission factors for fugitive emission sources and the efficiency of any VOC destruction device. [District Rule 4623, 6.4.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. The efficiency of any VOC destruction device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case Method 25a may be used, and analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422. [District Rule 4623, 6.4.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. The operator shall ensure that the vapor recovery system is functional and operating as designed at all the times. [District Rule 2520, 9.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Operator shall monitor vapor recovery compressor activation and shut off manometer pressures on quarterly basis to ensure that compressor activation pressure does not exceed pressure relief valve setting. [District Rule 2520, 9.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Operator shall inspect pressure relief valve for fugitive leaks annually in accordance with EPA Method 21, with the instrument calibrated with methane. [District Rule 2520, 9.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. This tank shall be equipped with a pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings, properly maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in gas-tight condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
SIX STEAM DRIVE WELLS WITH CLOSED CASING VENTS

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 2000 ppmv as SO2. [District Rule 4801, 3.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Well casing vents shall remain closed at all times except during periods of actual service or repair while wells are not producing. [District Rule 4401, 5.0, 4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The operator shall maintain monitoring records of the date and well identification where steam injection or well stimulation occurs. [District Rule 4401, 6.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. A leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppm when measured with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4401, 3.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Operator shall affix a readily visible tag bearing the date on which a leak is detected. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired. [District Rule 4401, 5.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Operator shall repair each leak within 15 days of detection. The APCO may grant a 10 day extension if the operator demonstrates that the necessary and sufficient actions have and are being taken to correct the leak. [District Rule 4401, 5.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. The source shall perform leak inspections at least annually, using a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. [District Rules 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 4.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. The engine shall be equipped with a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. The engine shall be operated with the timing retarded four degrees from the manufacturer's standard recommended timing. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201, 3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. For testing purposes, the engine shall only be operated the number of hours necessary to comply with the testing requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 25 - "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems", 1998 edition. Total hours of operation for all maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 100 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 4.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, and the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.). For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rules 4702, 6.2 and 2520, 9.4.2 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
11. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 4702, 6.2 and 2520, 9.4.2 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT: S-883-26-2
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
112 HP DIESEL-FIRED WAUKESHA EMERGENCY IC ENGINE DRIVING EMERGENCY FEEDWATER PUMP

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The engine shall be equipped with a non-resettable elapsed-time meter indicating total hours of operation. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The engine shall be equipped with a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. The engine shall be operated with the timing retarded four degrees from the manufacturer's standard recommended timing. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.05% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District NSR Rule and Rule 4801 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. During periods of maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emissions control system supplier (e.g. oil pressure, exhaust gas temperature, etc.). [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 20 hours per year. [District NSR Rule and Rules 4701, 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. The permittee shall maintain records of hours of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the date, the number of hours of operation, the purpose of the operation (e.g., load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.), the type of fuel used, and records of operational characteristics monitoring. Such records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 4701, 4702 and 2520 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-29-5
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
SECTION: SW28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
23,150 GPM 1375 H.P. COOLING TOWER-RIO BRAVO POSO COGENERATION PLANT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No hexavalent chromium containing compounds shall be added to cooling tower circulating water. [District Rule 7012] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Cooling tower drift shall not exceed 0.005%. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Total dissolved solids (TDS) in cooling tower water shall not exceed 4 g/l. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Recirculating water flow rate shall not exceed 23,150 gallons per minute. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Compliance with TDS limit shall be determined by cooling water sample analysis by independent laboratory within 60 days of initial operation and monthly thereafter. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Records of the cooling tower recirculating water flow rate and cooling tower water TDS shall be kept at the facility and made readily available for District inspection upon request for 5 years. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-883-30-4
SECTION: 28  TOWNSHIP: 27S  RANGE: 27E
EXPIRATION DATE: 01/31/2010
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
435 BHP CUMMINS MODEL NTA-855 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN AIR COMPRESSOR

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 4.2.1 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

8. The diesel engine shall be operated with an initial injection timing setting of 16 degrees BTDC (Before Top Dead Center) or less. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. This IC engine shall be equipped with a catalytic particulate filter. [District Rules 2201 and 4102] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 7.9 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 0.8 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.31 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 2201, 13 CCR 2423 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.075 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102 and 13 CCR 2423 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per year. [District Rule 4702, 5.1 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

Facility Name: RIO BRAVO POSO
Location: 16608 PORTERVILLE HWY, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308
14. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702, 5.7.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702, 5.7.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702, 6.2.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [17 CCR 93115]

18. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702, 6.2.3 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Coke storage silo loading rate from trucks shall not exceed 240 tons/day. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Concentration of PM10 in coke storage silo baghouse exhaust shall not exceed 0.02 gr/scf. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. There shall be no visible emissions during unloading of coke from silo to boiler. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere from coke storage silo baghouse exhaust for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is dark or darker than Ringelmann 1/4 or equivalent to 5% opacity. [District NSR Rule] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Daily records of coke storage silo loading rate in tons/day shall be maintained, retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District NSR Rule and 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. The bin vent filter located on top of the coke silo shall be inspected weekly during silo loading for any visible emissions. If visible emissions are observed, corrective action shall be taken to eliminate visible emissions prior to further loading. Corrective action shall eliminate visible emissions before next loading event. The result of inspection shall be kept in a record and shall be made available to the District upon request. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall perform a complete vent filter inspection during each calendar quarter. Vent filters shall be inspected thoroughly for tears, scuffs, abrasions, holes, or any evidence of particulate matter leaks and shall be replaced as needed. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Records of vent filter maintenance, inspections, and repair shall be maintained. The records shall include identification of the equipment, date of inspection, corrective action taken, and identification of the individual performing the inspection. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. The permittee shall maintain, and make available for District inspection, all records of required monitoring data and support information for inspection at any time for a period of five years. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
ATTACHMENT C

District Rule 4311 and 4401 Stringency Analysis
Comparison of the latest amended version (amended June 18, 2009) of District Rule 4311 and the current SIP approved version, adopted June 20, 2002

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District Rule 4311 Requirements</th>
<th>Adopted June 20, 2002</th>
<th>Amended June 18, 2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>APPLICABILITY</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This rule is applicable to operations involving the use of flares.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>DEFINITIONS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air-Assisted Flare: a combustion device where forced air is injected to promote turbulence for mixing and to provide combustion air.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO): as defined in Rule 1020 (Definitions)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Resources Board (ARB): as defined in Rule 1020 (Definitions).</td>
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<tr>
<td>British Thermal Unit (Btu): the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water from 59°F to 60°F at one atmosphere.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calendar Day: any day starting at twelve o'clock AM and ending at 11:59 PM.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coanda Effect Flare: A flare in which the high pressure flare gas flows along a curved surface inspiring air into the gas to promote combustion.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency: any situation or a condition arising from a sudden and reasonably unforeseeable event beyond the control of the operator. An emergency situation requires immediate corrective action to restore safe operation. A planned flaring event shall not be considered as an emergency.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency: any situation or a condition arising from a sudden and reasonably unforeseeable and unpreventable event beyond the control of the operator. Examples include, but are not limited to, not preventable equipment failure, natural disaster, act of war or terrorism, or external power curtailment, excluding a power curtailment due to an interruptible power service agreement from a utility. A flaring event due to improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, operator error or willful misconduct does not qualify as an emergency. An emergency situation requires immediate corrective action to restore safe operation. A planned flaring event shall not be considered as an emergency.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enclosed Flare: a flare composed of multiple gas burners that are grouped in an enclosure, and are staged to operate at a</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District Rule 4311 Requirements</td>
<td>Adopted June 20, 2002</td>
<td>Amended June 18, 2009</td>
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<td>wide range of flow rates.</td>
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<td>EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Feasible: Capable of being accomplished in a successful manner within a reasonable period of time, taking into account economic, environmental, legal, social, and technological factors.</td>
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<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flare: a direct combustion device in which air and all combustible gases react at the burner with the objective of complete and instantaneous oxidation of the combustible gases. Flares are used either continuously or intermittently and are not equipped with devices for fuel-air mix control or for temperature control.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flare Event: any intentional or unintentional combustion of vent gas in a flare. The flare event ends when the flow velocity drops below 0.12 feet per second or when the operator can demonstrate that no more vent gas was combusted based upon the monitoring records of the flare water seal level and/or other parameters as approved by the APCO in the Flare Monitoring and Recording Plan. For a flare event that continues for more than one calendar day, each calendar day or venting of gases shall constitute a separate flare event.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flare Gas: gas burned in a flare.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flare Minimization Plan (FMP): a document intended to meet the requirements of Section 6.5 of this Rule.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flare Monitoring System: all flare monitoring and recording equipment used for the determination of flare operating parameters. Flare monitoring and recording equipment includes, but is not limited to, sample systems, transducers, transmitters, data acquisition equipment, data recording equipment, and video monitoring equipment and video recording equipment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flexigas: a low BTU fuel gas produced by gasifying coke produced in a fluid-bed Coker. Due to the air used in the gasifying process, Flexigas is approximately 50% nitrogen.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gaseous Fuel: any gases used as combustion fuel which include, but are not limited to, any natural, process, synthetic, landfill, sewage digester, or waste gases. Gaseous fuels include produced gas, pilot gas and, when burned, purge gas.</td>
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<td>Major Source: as defined in Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule).</td>
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<td>MMBtu: million British thermal units.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Non-Assisted Flare: a combustion device without any auxiliary provision for enhancing the mixing of air into its flame. This definition does not include those flares, that by design, provide excess air at the flare tip.</td>
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<td>Nox: any nitrogen oxide compounds</td>
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<td>Open Flare: a vertically or horizontally oriented open pipe flare from which gases are released into the air before combustion is commenced.</td>
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<td>Operator: includes, but not limited to, any person who owns, leases, supervises, or operates a facility.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Petroleum Refinery: a facility that processes petroleum, as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual as Industry No. 2911, Petroleum Refining. For the purpose of this rule, all portions of the petroleum refining operation, including those at non-contiguous locations operating flares, shall be considered as one petroleum refinery.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pilot: an auxiliary burner used to ignite the vent gas routed to a flare.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pilot Gas: the gas used to maintain the presence of a flame for ignition of vent gases.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Planned Flaring: a flaring operation that constitutes a designed and planned process at a source, and which would have been reasonably foreseen ahead of its actual occurrence, or is scheduled to occur. The operation of a flare for the purpose of performing equipment maintenance provided it does not exceed 200 hours per calendar year, or during compliance source testing or visible emission inspections is not considered planned flaring. Planned flaring includes, but is not limited to, the following flaring activities: Oil or gas well tests, well related work, tests ordered by a regulatory agency. Equipment depressurization for maintenance purposes. Equipment start-up or shutdown. Flaring of gas at production sources where no gas handling, gas injection or gas transmission facilities exists. Flaring of off-specification gas (i.e. non PUC quality gas), unless the operator can demonstrate that the gas must be flared for engineering or safety reasons, e.g., under emergency.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Planned Flaring: a flaring operation that constitutes a</td>
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<tr>
<td>designed and planned process at a source, and which would have been reasonably foreseen ahead of its actual occurrence, or is scheduled to occur. Planned flaring includes, but is not limited to, the following flaring activities: Oil or gas well tests, well related work, tests ordered by a regulatory agency. Equipment depressurization for maintenance purposes. Equipment start-up or shutdown. Flaring of gas at production sources where no gas handling, gas injection or gas transmission facilities exists. Flaring of off-specification gas (i.e. non-PUC quality gas), unless the operator can demonstrate that the gas must be flared for engineering or safety reasons, e.g., under emergency. The operation of a flare for the purpose of performing equipment maintenance.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prevention Measure: a component, system, procedure, or program that will minimize or eliminate flaring.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Utilities Commission (PUC) Quality Gas: any gaseous fuel, gas containing fuel where the sulfur content is no more than one-fourth (0.25) grain of hydrogen sulfide per one hundred (100) standard cubic feet and no more than five grains of total sulfur per one hundred (100) standard cubic feet. PUC quality gas shall also mean high methane (at least 80 % by volume) gas as specified in PUC’s General Order 58-A.</td>
<td>X</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purge Gas: Nitrogen, carbon dioxide, liquefied petroleum gas, or natural gas, any of which can be used to maintain a non-explosive mixture of gases in the flare header or provide sufficient exit velocity to prevent any regressive flame travel back into the flare header.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Refinery Fuel Gas: a combustible gas, which is a by-product of the refinery process.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reportable Flaring Event: any flaring where more than 500,000 standard cubic feet of vent gas is flared per calendar day, or where sulfur oxide emissions are greater than 500 pounds per calendar day. A reportable flaring event ends when it can be demonstrated by monitoring required in Section 6.8 that the integrity of the water seal has been maintained sufficiently to prevent vent gas to the flare tip. For flares without water seals or water seal monitors as required by Section 6.8, a reportable flaring event ends when the rate of flow of vent gas falls below 0.12 feet per second.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Representative Sample: a sample of vent gas collected from the location as approved for flare monitoring and analyzed utilizing test methods specified in Section 6.3.4.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shutdown: the procedure by which the operation of a process unit or piece of equipment is stopped due to the end of a production run, or for the purpose of performing maintenance, repair and replacement of equipment. Stoppage caused by frequent breakdown due to poor maintenance or operator error shall not be deemed a shutdown.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Startup: the procedure by which a process unit or piece of equipment achieves normal operational status, as indicated by such parameters as temperature, pressure, feed rate and product quality.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steam-Assisted Flare: a combustion device where steam is injected into the combustion zone to promote turbulence for the mixing of the combustion air before it is introduced to the flame.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thermal oxidizer: an enclosed or partially enclosed combustion device, other than a flare, that is used to oxidize combustible gases.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Organic Gases (TOG): all hydrocarbon compounds containing hydrogen and carbon with or without other chemical elements.</td>
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<td>Turnaround: a planned activity involving shutdown and startup of one or several process units for the purpose of performing periodic maintenance, repair, replacement of equipment or installation of new equipment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vent Gas: any gas directed into a flare, excluding assisting air or steam, flare pilot gas, and any continuous purge gases.</td>
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<td>Volatile Organic Compound (VOC): as defined in Rule 1020 (Definitions).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Seal: a liquid barrier, or seal, to prevent the passage of gas. Water seals provide a positive means of flash-back prevention in addition to enabling the upstream flare system header to operate at a slight positive pressure at all times.</td>
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</table>

**EXCEPTIONS**

Flares operated in municipal solid waste landfills subject to the requirements of Rule 4642 (Solid Waste Disposal Sites) are exempt from this rule.

Flares that are subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart WWW (Standards of Performance for Municipal...
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Waste Landfills), or Subpart Cc (Emission Guidelines and Compliance Times for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills) are exempt from this rule.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Except for the recordkeeping requirements in Section 6.1.4 the requirements of this rule shall not apply to any stationary source that has the potential to emit, for all processes, less than ten (10.0) tons per year of VOC and less than ten (10.0) tons per year of Nox.</td>
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**REQUIREMENTS**

The operator of any source subject to this rule shall comply with the following requirements:

- Flares that are permitted to operate only during an emergency are not subject to the requirements of Sections 5.6 and 5.7.
- The flame shall be present at all times when combustible gases are vented through the flare.
- The outlet shall be equipped with an automatic ignition system, or, shall operate with a pilot flame present at all times when combustible gases are vented through the flare, except during purge periods for automatic-ignition equipped flares.

- Except for flares equipped with a flow-sensing ignition system, a heat sensing device such as a thermocouple, ultraviolet beam sensor, infrared sensor, or an equivalent device, capable of continuously detecting at least one pilot flame or the flare flame is present shall be installed and operated.

- Except for flares equipped with a flow-sensing ignition system, a heat sensing device such as a thermocouple, ultraviolet beam sensor, infrared sensor, or an alternative equivalent device, capable of continuously detecting at least one pilot flame or the flare flame is present shall be installed and operated.

- Flares that use flow-sensing automatic ignition systems and which do not use a continuous flame pilot shall use purge gas for purging.

- Open flares (air-assisted, steam-assisted, or non-assisted) in which the flare gas pressure is less than 5 psig shall be operated in such a manner that meets the provisions of 40 CFR 60.18.

- Open flares (air-assisted, steam-assisted, or non-assisted) in which the flare gas pressure is less than 5 psig shall be operated in such a manner that meets the
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<tr>
<td>Provisioned of 40 CFR 60.18. The requirements of this section shall not apply to Coanda effect flares.</td>
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</table>

Ground-level enclosed flares shall meet the following emission standards:

**Flares without Steam Assist**

- Heat Release Rate: <10 MMBtu
  - VOC limit = 0.0051 (lb/MBMibtu)
  - Nox limit = 0.0952 (lb/MBMibtu)

- Heat Release Rate: 10-100 MMBtu
  - VOC limit = 0.0027 (lb/MBMibtu)
  - Nox limit = 0.1330 (lb/MBMibtu)

- Heat Release Rate: >100 MMBtu
  - VOC limit = 0.0013 (lb/MBMibtu)
  - Nox limit = 0.5240 (lb/MBMibtu)

**Flares with Steam Assist**

- All Heat Release Rates
  - VOC limit = 0.0014 (lb/MBMibtu) as TOG
  - Nox limit = 0.068 (lb/MBMibtu)

**Flare Minimization Plan**

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, flaring is prohibited unless it is consistent with an approved flare minimization plan (FMP), pursuant to Section 6.5, and all commitments listed in that plan have been met. This standard shall not apply if the APCO determines that the flaring is caused by an emergency as defined by Section 3.7 and is necessary to prevent an accident, hazard or release of vent gas directly to the atmosphere.

**Petroleum Refinery SO₂ Performance Targets**

Effective on and after January 1, 2011, the operator of a petroleum refinery shall minimize sulfur dioxide flare emissions to less than 1.50 tons per million barrels of crude processing capacity, calculated as an average over one calendar year.

Effective on and after January 1, 2017, the operator of a petroleum refinery shall minimize sulfur dioxide flare emissions to less than 0.50 tons per million barrels of crude processing capacity, calculated as an average over one calendar year.

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a flare subject to flare minimization requirements pursuant to Section 5.8 shall monitor the vent gas flow to the flare with a flow measuring device or other parameters as specified in the Permit to Operate. The operator shall maintain records
### District Rule 4311 Requirements

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<tr>
<td>pursuant to Section 6.1.7. Flares that the operator can verify, based on permit conditions, are not capable of producing reportable flare events pursuant to Section 6.2.2 shall not be required to monitor vent gas flow to the flare.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a petroleum refinery or a flare with a flaring capacity equal to or greater than 50 MMBtu/hr shall monitor the flare pursuant to Sections 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, and 6.10.

### ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

**Compliance Determination**

Upon request the operator of flares that are subject to Section 5.6 shall make available to the APCO the compliance determination records that demonstrate compliance with the provisions of 40 CFR 60.18, (c)(3) through (c)(5).

The operator of ground-level enclosed flares shall conduct source testing at least once every 12 months to demonstrate compliance with Section 5.7. The operator shall submit a copy of the testing protocol to the APCO at least 30 days in advance of the scheduled testing. The operator shall submit the source test results not later than 45 days after completion of the source testing.

For flares used during an emergency, record of the duration of flare operation, amount of gas burned, and the nature of the emergency situation.

Operators claiming an exemption pursuant to Section 4.3 shall record annual throughput, material usage, or other information necessary to demonstrate an exemption under that section.

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, a copy of the approved flare minimization plan pursuant to Section 6.5.

Effective on and after July 1, 2012, where applicable, a copy of annual reports submitted to the APCO pursuant to Section 6.2.

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, where applicable, monitoring data collected pursuant to Sections 5.10, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, and 6.10.

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<tr>
<td><strong>Flare Reporting</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Unplanned Flaring Event</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a flare subject to flare minimization plans pursuant to Section 5.6 of this rule shall notify the APCO of an unplanned flaring event within 24 hours after the start of the next business day or within 24 hours of their discovery, which ever occurs first. The notification shall include the flare source identification, the start date and time, and the end date and time.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Reportable Flaring Event</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Effective on and after July 1, 2012, and annually thereafter, the operator of a flare subject to flare minimization plans pursuant to Section 5.8 shall submit an annual report to the APCO that summarizes all Reportable Flaring Events as defined in Section 3.0 that occurred during the previous 12 month period. The report shall be submitted within 30 days following the end of the twelve month period of the previous year. The report shall include, but is not limited to all of the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>The results of an investigation to determine the primary cause and contributing factors of the flaring event;</td>
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<td>Any prevention measures considered or implemented to prevent recurrence together with a justification for rejecting any measures that were considered but not implemented;</td>
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<tr>
<td>If appropriate, an explanation of why the flaring was an emergency and necessary to prevent accident, hazard or release of vent gas to the atmosphere, or where, due to a regulatory mandate to vent a flare, it cannot be recovered, treated and used as a fuel gas at the facility; and</td>
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<tr>
<td>The date, time, and duration of the flaring event.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Annual Monitoring Report</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Effective on and after July 1, 2012, and annually thereafter, the operator of a flare subject to flare monitoring requirements pursuant to Sections 5.10, 6.6, 6.7, 6.8, 6.9, and 6.10, as appropriate, shall submit an annual report to the APCO within 30 days following the end of each 12 month period. The report shall include the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>The total volumetric flow of vent gas in standard cubic feet for each day.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hydrogen sulfide content, methane content, and hydrocarbon content of vent gas composition pursuant to</td>
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<tr>
<td>Section 6.6.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If vent gas composition is monitored by a continuous analyzer or analyzers pursuant to Section 5.11, average total hydrocarbon content by volume, average methane content by volume, and depending upon the analytical method used pursuant to Section 6.3.4, total reduced sulfur content by volume or hydrogen sulfide content by volume of vent gas flared for each hour of the month.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If the flow monitor used pursuant to Section 5.10 measures molecular weight, the average molecular weight for each hour of each month.</td>
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<tr>
<td>For any pilot and purge gas used, the type of gas used, the volumetric flow for each day and for each month, and the means used to determine flow.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flare monitoring system downtime periods, including dates and times.</td>
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<tr>
<td>For each day and for each month provide calculated sulfur dioxide emissions</td>
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<tr>
<td>A flow verification report for each flare subject to this rule. The flow verification report shall include flow verification testing pursuant to Section 6.3.5.</td>
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</table>

**Test Methods**

The test methods listed below shall be used to demonstrate compliance with this rule. Alternate equivalent test methods may be used provided the test methods have been approved by the APCO and EPA.

VOC, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case Method 25a may be used, and analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by EPA Method 18 or ARB Method 422 "Determination of Volatile organic Compounds in Emission from Stationary Sources". The VOC concentration in ppmv shall be converted to pounds per million Btu (lb/MMBtu) by using the following equation:

\[
\text{VOC in lb/MMBtu} = \frac{(\text{ppmv dry}) \times (F, dscf / MMBtu)}{(1.135 \times 10^5 \times (20.9 - \%O_2))}
\]

Where: \( F = \) As determined by EPA Method 19

NOx emissions in pounds per million BTU shall be determined by using EPA Method 19.

NOx and \( O_2 \) concentrations shall be determined by using EPA Method 3A, EPA Method 7E, or ARB 100.
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<tr>
<td>Testing and Sampling Methods for Flare Monitoring</td>
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<tr>
<td>Effective on and after July 1, 2011 operators subject to vent gas composition monitoring requirements pursuant to Section 6.6 shall use the following test methods as appropriate, or by an alternative method approved by the APCO, ARB and EPA:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total hydrocarbon content and methane content of vent gas shall be determined using ASTM Method D 1945-96, ASTM Method UOP 539-97, EPA Method 18, or EPA Method 25A or 25B,</td>
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<td>If vent gas composition is monitored with a continuous analyzer employing gas chromatography the minimum sampling frequency shall be one sample every 30 minutes.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If vent gas composition is monitored using continuous analyzers not employing gas chromatography, the total reduced sulfur content of vent gas shall be determined by using EPA Method D4468-85.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flow Verification Test Methods</td>
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<tr>
<td>For purposes of the flow verification report required by Section 6.2.3.8, vent gas flow shall be determined using one or more of the following methods, or by any alternative method approved by the APCO, ARB, and EPA:</td>
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<tr>
<td>EPA Methods 1 and 2;</td>
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<tr>
<td>A verification method recommended by the manufacturer of the flow monitoring equipment installed pursuant to Section 5.10.</td>
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<td>Tracer gas dilution or velocity.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other flow monitors or process monitors that can provide comparison data on a vent stream that is being directed past the ultrasonic flow meter.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flare Minimization Plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>By July 1, 2010, the operator of a petroleum refinery flare or any flare that has a flaring capacity of greater than or equal to 5.0 MMBtu per hour shall submit a flare minimization plan (FMP) to the APCO for approval. The FMP shall include, but not be limited to:</td>
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<tr>
<td>A description and technical specifications for each flare and associated knock-out pots, surge drums, water seals and flare gas recovery systems.</td>
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<td>Detailed process flow diagrams of all upstream equipment and process units venting to each flare, identifying the type and location of all control equipment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>A description of equipment, processes, or procedures the operator plans to install or implement to eliminate or minimize flaring and planned date of installation or implementation.</td>
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<tr>
<td>An evaluation of prevention measures to reduce flaring that has occurred or may be expected to occur during planned major maintenance activities, including startup and shutdown.</td>
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<tr>
<td>An evaluation of preventative measures to reduce flaring that may be expected to occur due to issues of gas quantity and quality. The evaluation shall include an audit of the vent gas recovery capacity of each flare system, the storage capacity available for excess vent gases, and the scrubbing capacity available for vent gases including any limitations associated with scrubbing vent gases for use as a fuel; and shall determine the feasibility of reducing flaring through the recovery, treatment and use of the gas or other means.</td>
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<tr>
<td>An evaluation of preventative measures to reduce flaring caused by the recurrent failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. The evaluation shall determine the adequacy of existing maintenance schedules and protocols for such equipment. For purposes of this section, a failure is recurrent if it occurs more than twice during any five year period as a result of the same cause as identified in accordance with Section 6.2.2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Any other information requested by the APCO as necessary for determination of compliance with applicable provisions of this rule.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Every five years after the initial FMP submittal, the operator shall submit an updated FMP for each flare to the APCO for approval. The current FMP shall remain in effect until the updated FMP is approved by the APCO. If the operator fails to submit an updated FMP as required by this section, the existing FMP shall no longer be considered an approved plan.</td>
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<td>An updated FMP shall be submitted by the operator pursuant to Section 6.5 addressing new or modified equipment, prior to installing the equipment. Updated</td>
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<tr>
<td>FMP submittals are only required if:</td>
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<td>The equipment change would require an authority to construct (ATC) and would impact the emissions from the flare, and</td>
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<td>The ATC is deemed complete after June 18, 2009, and</td>
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<td>The modification is not solely the removal or decommissioning of equipment that is listed in the FMP, and has no associated increase in flare emissions.</td>
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<td>When submitting the initial FMP, or updated FMP, the operator shall designate as confidential any information claimed to be exempt from public disclosure under the California Public Records Act, Government Code Section 6250 et seq. If a document is submitted that contains information designated confidential, the operator shall provide a justification for this designation and shall submit a separate copy of the document with the information designated confidential redacted.</td>
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**Vent Gas Composition Monitoring**

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a petroleum refinery flare or any flare that has a flaring capacity equal to or greater than 50 MMBtu per hour shall monitor vent gas composition using one of the five methods pursuant to Section 6.6.1 through Section 6.6.5 as appropriate.

Sampling that meets the following requirements:

If the flow rate of vent gas flared in any consecutive 15-minute period continuously exceeds 330 standard cubic feet per minute (SCFM), a sample shall be taken within 15 minutes. The sampling frequency thereafter shall be one sample every three hours and shall continue until the flow rate of vent gas flared in any consecutive 15-minute period is continuously 330 SCFM or less. In no case shall a sample be required more frequently than once every 3 hours.

Samples shall be analyzed pursuant to Section 6.3.4.

Integrated sampling that meets the following requirements:

If the flow rate of vent gas flared in any consecutive 15 minute period continuously exceeds 330 SCFM, integrated sampling shall begin within 15 minutes and shall continue until the flow rate of vent gas flared in any consecutive 15 minute period is continuously 330 SCFM or less.

Integrated sampling shall consist of a minimum of one aliquot for each 15-minute period until the sample
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<tr>
<th>District Rule 4311 Requirements</th>
<th>Adopted</th>
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<td>June 20, 2002</td>
<td>June 18, 2009</td>
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container is full. If sampling is still required pursuant to Section 6.6.2.1, a new sample container shall be placed in service within one hour after the previous sample was filled. A sample container shall not be used for a sampling period that exceeds 24 hours.

Samples shall be analyzed pursuant to Section 6.3.4.

Continuous analyzers that meet the following requirements:

The analyzers shall continuously monitor for total hydrocarbon methane, and depending upon the analytical method used pursuant to Section 6.3.4, hydrogen sulfide or total reduced sulfur.

The hydrocarbon analyzer shall have a full-scale range of 100% total hydrocarbon.

Each analyzer shall be maintained to be accurate to within 20% when compared to any field accuracy tests or to within 5% of full scale.

Continuous analyzers employing gas chromatography that meet the following requirements:

The gas chromatography system shall monitor for total hydrocarbon, methane, and hydrogen sulfide.

The gas chromatography system shall be maintained to be accurate within 5% of full scale.

Monitor sulfur content using a colorimetric tube system on a daily basis, and monitor vent gas hydrocarbon on a weekly basis by collecting samples and having them tested pursuant to a method in Section 6.3.4.

If flares share a common header, a sample from the header will be deemed representative of vent gas composition for all flares served by the header.

The operator shall provide the APCO with access to the monitoring system to collect vent gas samples to verify the analysis required by Section 5.11.

Pilot and Purge Gas Monitoring

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a petroleum refinery flare or any flare that has a flaring capacity equal to or greater than 50 MMBtu per hour shall monitor the volumetric flows of purge and pilot gases with flow measuring devices or other parameters as specified on the Permit to Operate so that volumetric flows of pilot and purge gas may be calculated based on pilot design and the parameters monitored.

Water Seal Monitoring

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a
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<tr>
<th>District Rule 4311 Requirements</th>
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petroleum refinery flare or any flare that has a flaring capacity equal to or greater than 50 MMBtu per hour with a water seal shall monitor and record the water level and pressure of the water seal that services each flare daily or as specified on the Permit to Operate.

**General Monitoring**

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a petroleum refinery flare or any flare that has a flaring capacity equal to or greater than 50 MMBtu per hour shall comply with the following, as applicable:

- Periods of flare monitoring system inoperation greater than 24 continuous hours shall be reported by the following working day, followed by notification of resumption of monitoring. Periods of inoperation of monitoring equipment shall not exceed 14 days per any 18-consecutive-month period. Periods of flare monitoring system inoperation do not include the periods when the system feeding the flare is not operating.

- During periods of inoperation of continuous analyzers or auto-samplers installed pursuant to Section 6.6, operators responsible for monitoring shall take one sample within 30 minutes of the commencement of flaring, from the flare header or from an alternate location at which samples are representative of vent gas composition and have samples analyzed pursuant to Section 6.3.4. During periods of inoperation of flow monitors required by Section 5.10, flow shall be calculated using good engineering practices.

- Maintain and calibrate all required monitors and recording devices in accordance with the applicable manufacturer’s specifications. In order to claim that a manufacturer’s specification is not applicable, the person responsible for emissions must have, and follow, a written maintenance policy that was developed for the device in question. The written policy must explain and justify the difference between the written procedure and the manufacturer’s procedure.

- All in-line continuous analyzer and flow monitoring data must be continuously recorded by an electronic data acquisition system capable of one-minute averages. Flow monitoring data shall be recorded as one-minute averages.

**Video Monitoring**

Effective on and after July 1, 2011, the operator of a petroleum refinery flare shall install and maintain equipment that records a real-time digital image of the flare and flame at a frame rate of no less than one frame per minute. The recorded image of the flare shall be of sufficient size, contrast,
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<td>June 20, 2002</td>
<td>June 18, 2009</td>
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and resolution to be readily apparent in the overall image or frame. The image shall include an embedded date and time stamp. The equipment shall archive the images for each 24-hour period. In lieu of video monitoring the operator may use an alternative monitoring method that provides data to verify date, time, vent gas flow, and duration of flaring events.
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<tr>
<td><strong>2.0 Applicability</strong></td>
<td>2.0 This rule is applicable to all steam-enhanced crude oil production wells and any associated vapor collection and control systems.</td>
<td>2.0 This rule is applicable to all steam-enhanced crude oil production wells and any associated vapor collection and control systems.</td>
<td>No change in applicability, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4.0 Exemptions</strong></td>
<td>4.1 Any steam-enhanced crude oil production well undergoing service or repair during the time the well is not producing.</td>
<td>4.1 Any steam-enhanced crude oil production well undergoing service or repair during the time the well is not producing.</td>
<td>No change in exemption, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.2 The requirements of this rule for cyclic wells shall not apply to the first 100 cyclic wells of a small producer.</td>
<td>4.2 Effective until December 31, 2008, the requirements of this rule for cyclic wells shall not apply to the first 100 cyclic wells of a small producer.</td>
<td>After January 1, 2009, this exemption is no more valid. Thus removing an exemption makes the current non-SIP version of the rule more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
</tr>
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<td>4.3 The requirements of this rule for cyclic wells shall not apply to up to 40 wells owned by a company and undergoing pilot testing provided; 4.3.1 the production zone on that property has not been injected with steam during the preceding two (2) years; 4.3.2 the well is located more than 1000 feet from an existing well vent vapor collection and control system operated by the company, and 4.3.3 the operation is under District permit.</td>
<td>4.3 The requirements of this rule for cyclic wells shall not apply to up to 40 wells owned by a company and undergoing pilot testing provided; 4.3.1 the production zone on that property has not been injected with steam during the preceding two (2) years; 4.3.2 the well is located more than 1000 feet from an existing well vent vapor collection and control system operated by the company, and 4.3.3 the operation is under District permit.</td>
<td>No change in exemption, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</td>
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<td>4.4 The requirements of this rule shall not apply to up to 40 cyclic wells owned by a company and undergoing well stimulation provided; 4.4.1 the well is located more than 1000 feet from an existing well vent vapor collection and control system operated by the company, and 4.4.2 the operation is under District permit.</td>
<td>4.4 The requirements of this rule shall not apply to up to 40 cyclic wells owned by a company and undergoing well stimulation, provided; 4.4.1 the well is located more than 1000 feet from an existing well vent vapor collection and control system operated by the company, and 4.4.2 the operation is under District permit.</td>
<td>No change in exemption, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</td>
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<td>4.0 Exemptions (continued)</td>
<td>4.5 The requirements of this rule shall not apply to up to 20 cyclic wells owned by a company in each stationary source as defined in Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule), provided: 4.5.1 the well is located more than 1000 feet from an existing well vent vapor control system operated by the company, and 4.5.2 the operation is under District permit.</td>
<td>4.5 Effective until December 31, 2008, the requirements of this rule shall not apply to up to 20 cyclic wells owned by a company in each stationary source as defined in Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule), provided the requirements of Section 4.5.1 and Section 4.5.2 are met. Effective on and after January 1, 2009, the requirements of this rule shall not apply to up to five (5) cyclic wells owned by a company that is not a small producer, in each stationary source as defined in Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule), and up to 20 cyclic wells owned by a small producer, provided the requirements of Section 4.5.1 and Section 4.5.2 are met. 4.5.1 the well is located more than 1000 feet from an existing well vent vapor control system operated by the company, and 4.5.2 the operation is under District permit.</td>
<td>After January 1, 2009, the non-SIP version exemption is more stringent because it reduced the maximum number of cyclic wells that could be previously exempt. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>4.6 The requirements of this rule shall not apply to the first ten (10) wells of a small producer that are responding to steam injected from an operator other than themselves and where no contractual agreement for injected steam exists, and provided the small producer meets the following conditions: 4.6.1 A list of wells that are exempted by Section 4.6 shall be submitted to the APCO by July 15, 1998. 4.6.2 Source testing of the well vent that is nearest to the steam injection well shall be conducted by January 15, 2001 in order to determine its VOC mass emission rate. Source testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section 6.4.4.</td>
<td>4.6 Effective until December 31, 2008, the requirements of this rule shall not apply to the first ten (10) wells of a small producer that are responding to steam injected from an operator other than themselves and where no contractual agreement for injected steam exists, and provided the small producer meets the following conditions: 4.6.1 A list of wells that are exempted by Section 4.6 shall be submitted to the APCO by July 15, 1998. 4.6.2 Source testing of the well vent that is nearest to the steam injection well shall be conducted by January 15, 2001 in order to determine its VOC mass emission rate. Source testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section 6.3.4.</td>
<td>After January 1, 2009, this exemption is no longer valid. Thus removing an exemption makes the current non-SIP version of the rule more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.7 For existing facilities, the installation or modification of an emission control technique performed solely for the purpose of compliance with the requirements of this rule shall be exempt from Best Available Control Technology (BACT) and Offset requirements of Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule) for all air pollutants provided the conditions in Sections 4.7.1 through 4.7.4 are met. The exemption in Section 4.7 does not apply to a project that converts a non-steam enhanced well to a steam enhanced crude oil production well, or the addition of new steam enhanced wells in existing facilities. 4.7.1 there shall be no change in the physical or operational design of the existing facility, except for those changes to the design needed for the installation or modification of the emission control technique itself; 4.7.2 there shall be no change in the permitted rating or permitted operating schedule of the permitted unit; 4.7.3 there shall be no increase in permitted emissions or potential to emit from the stationary source that will cause or contribute to any violation of the National Ambient Air Quality Standard, Prevention of Significant Deterioration increment, or Air Quality Related Value in Class 1 areas; and 4.7.4 the project shall not result in an increase in permitted emissions or potential to emit of more than 25 tons per year of NOx, or 25 tons per year of VOC, or 15 tons per year of SOx, or 15 tons per year of PM-10 or 50 tons per year of CO</td>
<td>This exemption has been removed in the non-SIP version of the rule, thus making the non-SIP version of the rule more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.0 Exemptions</td>
<td></td>
<td>4.7 The requirements of this rule shall not apply to components serving the produced fluid line.</td>
<td>This exemption has been added in the non-SIP version of the rule and is needed as the changes to the title and purpose of the rule make these components subject to the rule which is not what is intended as such produced fluid side components are currently not subject to the rule. Therefore, this new exemption does not relax any requirement and is as stringent as the SIP version of the rule.</td>
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<td>(continued)</td>
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<td>4.8 Except for complying with the applicable requirements of Section 6.1, Section 6.6.6 and Section 7.2, the requirements of this rule shall not apply to components described in Section 4.8.1 through Section 4.8.4. An operator claiming an exemption pursuant to Section 4.8 shall provide proof of the applicable criteria to the satisfaction of the APCO. 4.8.1 Pressure relief devices, pumps, and compressors that are enclosed and whose emissions are controlled with an operating VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0. 4.8.2 Components buried below ground. 4.8.3 Components used exclusively in vacuum service. 4.8.4 One-half inch nominal or less stainless steel tube fittings which have been demonstrated to the APCO to be leak-free based on initial inspection using the test method specified in Section 6.3.3.</td>
<td>This exemption has been added to the non-SIP version of the rule to allow certain components to be exempt from most of the requirements of the rule. These components do not involve with any VOC emissions; therefore, this new exemption does not relax any requirement of this rule or result in an increase in emissions. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is as stringent as the SIP version.</td>
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<td>4.9 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, the requirements of Section 5.8.1 through Section 5.8.5 of this rule shall not apply to components exclusively handling gas/vapor or liquid with a VOC content of ten percent by weight or less (≤10 wt.%), as determined by the test methods in Section 6.3.5.</td>
<td>This exemption has been added to the non-SIP version of the rule to help mitigate some of the cost impacts. As the potential VOC emissions from components handling gas/vapor or liquid with a VOC content of ten percent by weight or less are expected to be minimal, it is expected that these inspection requirements for such components are not cost effective. Such components that are found to be leaking are still subject to the tagging and repair requirements. These components are currently subject to the repair requirements of the rule and will continue to be subject to such requirements. Therefore, this new exemption does not relax any requirement of this rule or result in an increase in emissions, and, thus, the non-SIP version of the rule is as stringent as the SIP version.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.0 Requirements</td>
<td></td>
<td>Note: Section 5.1 through Section 5.4 were effective until December 31, 2008, whereas Section 5.5 through Section 5.9 are effective on and after January 1, 2009. Therefore, Section 5.5 through Section 5.9 of non-SIP version of the rule will be compared to Section 5.1 through Section 5.4 of SIP version of rule.</td>
<td>The requirements for operating a steam-enhanced crude oil production well and the control of VOC emissions from the well vent are rewritten for better clarity. Therefore, there is no change in requirements and non-SIP version of the rule is as stringent as SIP version.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>No person shall operate a steam-enhanced crude oil production well, except cyclic wells meeting the requirements of Section 5.4, unless the uncontrolled VOC emissions from any well vent are reduced by at least 99 percent by weight, or</td>
<td>5.5 An operator shall not operate a steam-enhanced crude oil production well unless the operator complies with the requirements of either Section 5.5.1 or Section 5.5.2.</td>
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<td>5.2</td>
<td>If several steam-enhanced crude oil production well vents are connected to a vapor collection and control system, total uncontrolled VOC emissions shall be reduced by at least 99 percent.</td>
<td>5.5.1 The steam-enhanced crude oil production well vent is closed and the front line production equipment downstream of the wells that carry produced fluids (crude oil or mixture of crude oil and water) is connected to a VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0. The well vent may be temporarily opened during periods of attended service or repair of the well provided such activity is done as expeditiously as possible with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere.</td>
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<td>5.5.2 The steam-enhanced crude oil production well vent is open and the well vent is connected to a VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0.</td>
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</table>
5.0 Requirements (continued)

5.3 All components of a well vent vapor collection and control system shall be maintained in good repair. A total number of leaks is a violation of this rule if it exceeds the number of allowable leaks. Vapor collection and control systems serving 501 or more wells shall be determined to be in violation of the number of allowable leaks if more than one (1) leak is detected for each 20 wells tested with a minimum of 50 wells tested.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Steam Enhanced Crude Oil Production Wells Connected to a Vapor Collection and Control System</th>
<th>Number of Allowable Leaks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Up to and including 25</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>26 to 50</td>
<td>6</td>
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<td>51 to 100</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>101 to 250</td>
<td>10</td>
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<td>251 to 500</td>
<td>15</td>
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5.6 Determination of Compliance with the Leak Standards

5.6.1 An operator shall be in violation of this rule if any District inspection demonstrates that one or more of the conditions in Section 5.6.2 exist at the facility or if any operator inspection conducted pursuant to Section 5.8 demonstrates that one or more of the conditions in Section 5.6.2 exist at the facility.

5.6.2 Leak Standards

The following conditions shall be used for determination of violation during an inspection pursuant to the provisions of Section 5.6.1:

5.6.2.1 Existence of an open-ended line or a valve located at the end of the line that is not sealed with a blind flange, plug, cap, or a second closed valve that is not closed at all times, except during attended operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended lines. Attended operations include draining or degassing operations, connection of temporary process equipment, sampling of process streams, emergency venting, and other normal operational needs, provided such operations are done as expeditiously as possible and with minimal spillage of material and VOC emissions to the atmosphere.

5.6.2.2 Existence of a component with a major liquid leak as defined in Section 3.0.

5.6.2.3 Existence of a component with a gas leak greater than 50,000 ppmv.

5.6.2.4 Existence of a component leak described in Section 5.6.2.4.1 through Section 5.6.2.4.3 in excess of the allowable number of leaks specified in Table 3.

5.6.2.4.1 A minor liquid leak, or
5.6.2.4.2 A minor gas leak, or
5.6.2.4.3 A gas leak greater than 10,000 ppmv up to 50,000 ppmv.

Table 3 Number of Allowable Leaks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Steam-Enhanced Crude Oil Production Wells Connected to a VOC Collection and Control System</th>
<th>Number of Allowable Leaks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 to 25</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>26 to 50</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>51 to 100</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 to 250</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>251 to 500</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 500</td>
<td>One (1) for each 20 wells tested with a minimum of 50 wells tested.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.0 Requirements (continued)</td>
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| 5.0 Requirements (continued) | 5.8 Inspection and Re-inspection Requirements  
Unless otherwise specified, an operator shall perform all component inspections and gas leak measurements pursuant to the requirements of Section 6.3.3.  

5.8.1 Except for pipes and unsafe-to-monitor components, an operator shall inspect all other components pursuant to the requirements of Section 6.3.3 at least once every year.  

5.8.2 An operator shall visually inspect all pipes at least once every year. Any visual inspection of pipes that indicates a leak that cannot be immediately repaired to meet the leak standards of this rule shall be inspected within 24 hours after detecting the leak. If a leak is found, the leak shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in Table 4 of this rule.  

5.8.3 In addition to the inspections required by Section 5.8.1, an operator shall inspect for leaks all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and PRDs in service as follows:  

5.8.3.1 An operator shall audio-visually (by hearing and by sight) inspect for leaks all accessible operating pumps, compressors, and PRDs in service at least once each calendar week.  

5.8.3.2 Any audio-visual inspection of an accessible operating pump, compressor, and PRD performed by an operator that indicates a leak that cannot be immediately repaired to meet the leak standards of this rule shall be inspected not later than 24 hours after conducting the audio-visual inspection. If a leak is found, the leak shall be repaired as soon as practicable but not later than the time frame specified in Table 4 of this rule.  

5.8.4 In addition to the inspections required by Section 5.8.1, Section 5.8.2 and Section 5.8.3, an operator shall perform the following inspections:  

5.8.4.1 An operator shall initially inspect all PRD within 24 hours after the discovery of the release. An operator shall re-inspect the PRD not earlier than 24 hours after the initial inspection but not later than 15 calendar days after the initial inspection.  

5.8.4.2 An operator shall inspect PRDs subject to the requirements of Section 5.8.4.1, an operator shall inspect a component that has been repaired or replaced not later than 15 calendar days after the component was repaired or replaced.  

5.8.5 An operator shall inspect all unsafe-to-monitor components during each turnaround.  

5.8.6 A District inspection in no way fulfills any of the mandatory inspection requirements that are placed upon operators and cannot be used or counted as an inspection required of an operator. | The more stringent inspection and re-inspection requirements are added to the non-SIP version of the rule.  
Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule. |
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<td>5.0 Requirements (continued)</td>
<td>5.3.1 An operator, upon detection of a leak, shall affix a readily visible tag bearing the date on which the leak is detected. The tag shall remain in place until the leaking component is repaired. Failure to repair a leak within fifteen (15) calendar days shall constitute a violation of this rule. The APCO may grant a ten (10) calendar day extension provided the operator demonstrates that necessary and sufficient actions have and are being taken to correct the leak. Failure to repair a leak after a ten (10) calendar day extension constitutes a violation of this rule. 5.3.2 For the purpose of Section 5.3, components of the well vert vapor collection and control system shall include all piping, valves, fittings, pumps, compressors, tanks, etc. used to collect, control, store, or dispose of VOC condensate or non-condensable VOCs prior to blending of VOC condensate with crude oil or blending of non-condensable VOCs with gases to be used as a fuel.</td>
<td>5.9 Leak Repair Requirements 5.9.1 An operator shall affix a readily visible waterproof tag to a leaking component upon detection of the leak. An operator shall include the following information on the tag: 5.9.1.1 The date and time of leak detection. 5.9.1.2 The date and time of leak measurement. 5.9.1.3 For a gaseous leak, the leak concentration in ppmv. 5.9.1.4 For a liquid leak, whether it is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak. 5.9.1.5 Whether the component is an essential component, an unsafe-to-monitor component, or a critical component. 5.9.2 An operator shall keep the tag affixed to the component until an operator has met all of the following conditions: 5.9.2.1 Repaired or replaced the leaking component, and 5.9.2.2 Re-inspected the component using the test method in Section 6.3.3, and 5.9.2.3 The component is found to be in compliance with the requirements of this rule. 5.9.3 An operator shall minimize a component leak in order to stop or reduce leakage to the atmosphere immediately to the extent possible, but not later than one hour after detection of the leak. 5.9.4 Except for leaking critical components or leaking essential components subject to the requirements of Section 5.9.7, if an operator has minimized a leak but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak limits as defined in Section 3.0, an operator shall comply with at least one of the requirements of Section 5.9.4.1, Section 5.9.4.2, or Section 5.9.4.3 as soon as practicable but not later than time period specified in Table 4. 5.9.4.1 Repair or replace the leaking component, or 5.9.4.2 Vent the leaking component to a VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0, or 5.9.4.3 Remove the leaking component from operation. 5.9.5 The leak rate measured after leak minimization has been performed shall be the leak rate used to determine the applicable repair period specified in Table 4. 5.9.6 The time of the initial leak detection shall be the start of the repair period specified in Table 4 5.9.7 If the leaking component is an essential component or a critical component that cannot be immediately shut down for repairs, and if the leak has been minimized but the leak still exceeds the applicable leak standard of this rule, the operator shall repair or replace the essential component or critical component to eliminate the leak during the next process unit turnaround, but in no case later than one year from the date of the original leak detection, whichever comes earlier.</td>
<td>The SIP version of the rule is less stringent, because it gives an operator 15 calendar days to repair a leak. Whereas the non-SIP version of the rule requires an immediate action to stop or minimize the leak within one hour of detection of a leak. In addition, the leak repair requirements regarding additional time for essential and critical components are more stringent than SIP version of the rule. Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>No person shall operate a cyclic well located on properties with less than ten (10) cyclic wells, owned by a company, unless the uncontrolled VOC emissions from any well vent or system of well vents connected to a single vapor collection and control device are reduced by at least 50 percent. Properties shall include contiguous and adjacent oil production properties owned by or under control of the company.</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>This section was superseded by a more stringent section 5.5 of the non-SIP version of the rule. Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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</table>
| 6.0 Administrative Requirements | 6.1 Recordkeeping and Submissions  
An operator shall maintain the records required by Sections 6.1, and 6.2 for a period of two (2) years. These records shall be made available to the APCO upon request.  
6.1.1 The operator of any steam-enhanced crude oil production well shall maintain records of the date and well identification where steam injection or well stimulation occurs.  
6.1.2 Effective January 15, 1998, a small producer shall maintain monthly records of county-specific crude oil production. For the purpose of this rule, the monthly crude oil production records required by the California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources may be used to satisfy Section 6.1.2.  
6.1.3 Effective January 15, 1998, the operator of any steam enhanced crude oil production well shall keep source test records which show that the control efficiency requirements of Sections 5.1, 5.2 or 5.4 are satisfied.  
6.1.4 The results of source tests conducted pursuant to Section 4.6.2 shall be submitted to the APCO within 60 days after the completion of the source test. | 6.1 Recordkeeping and Submissions  
An operator shall maintain the records required by Sections 6.1 and Section 6.2 for a period of five (5) years. These records shall be made available to the APCO, California Air Resources Board (ARB), and EPA upon request.  
6.1.1 The operator of any steam-enhanced crude oil production well shall maintain records of the date and well identification where steam injection or well stimulation occurs.  
6.1.2 Effective January 15, 1998, a small producer shall maintain monthly records of county-specific crude oil production. For the purpose of this rule, the monthly crude oil production records required by the California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources may be used to satisfy Section 6.1.2.  
6.1.3 An operator of any steam-enhanced crude oil production well shall keep source test records which demonstrate compliance with the control efficiency requirements of the VOC collection and control system as defined in Section 3.0.  
6.1.4 Effective until December 31, 2008, the results of source tests conducted pursuant to Section 4.6.2 shall be submitted to the APCO within 60 days after the completion of the source test.  
6.1.5 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, the inspection log maintained pursuant to Section 6.4.  
6.1.6 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, records of each calibration of the portable hydrocarbon detection instrument utilized for inspecting components, including a copy of current calibration certification from the vendor of said calibration gas cylinder, the date of calibration, concentration of calibration gas, instrument reading of calibration gas before adjustment, instrument reading of calibration gas after adjustment, calibration gas expiration date, and calibration gas cylinder pressure at the time of calibration.  
6.1.7 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, an operator shall maintain copies at the facility of the training records of the training program operated pursuant to Section 6.5.  
6.1.8 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, an operator shall keep a copy of the APCO-approved Operator Management Plan at the facility.  
6.1.9 An operator shall submit to the APCO not later than June 14, 2007 a list of all gauge tanks, as defined in Section 3.17. The list shall contain the size, identification number, the location of each gauge tank, and specify whether the gauge tank is up-stream of all front line production equipment.  
6.1.10 The results of gauge tank TVP testing conducted pursuant to Section 6.2.5 shall be submitted to the APCO within 60 days after the completion of the testing.  
6.1.11 Effective on and after January 1, 2007, an operator that discovers that a PRD has released shall record the date that the release was discovered, and the identity and location of the PRD that released. An operator shall submit such information recorded during the calendar year to the APCO no later than 60 days after the end of the calendar year. | This section of non-SIP version was amended to include more stringent record keeping and submission requirements. Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version. |
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.0 Administrative Requirements (continued)</td>
<td>6.2 Compliance Source Testing</td>
<td>6.2 Compliance Source Testing</td>
<td>This section was amended to clarify the existing provisions of the section and to require an operator that wants to forego some of the annual testing requirements to receive approval from EPA, ARB and the APCO. Review of operator requests by the oversight agencies should prevent possible rule circumvention which was an expressed EPA concern. Provisions were also added to specify the testing requirements for the true vapor pressure of gauge tanks, as defined in the rule. These requirements are at least as stringent as in the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is at least as stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.2 Compliance Source Testing</td>
<td>6.2.1 Compliance testing shall be performed annually by source testers certified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) on all vapor collection and control systems used to control emissions from steam-enhanced crude oil production wells. Testing shall be performed during June, July, August, or September of each year if the system’s control efficiency is dependent upon ambient air temperature.</td>
<td>6.2.1 An operator shall source test annually all vapor collection and control systems used to control emissions from steam-enhanced crude oil production well vents to determine the control efficiency of the device(s) used for destruction or removal of VOC. Compliance testing shall be performed annually by source testers certified by ARB. Testing shall be performed during June, July, August, or September of each year if the system’s control efficiency is dependent upon ambient air temperature. The APCO may waive the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 if all uncondensed VOC emissions collected by a vapor collection and control system are incinerated in fuel burning equipment, an internal combustion engine or in a smokeless flare.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.2.1.1 The APCO may waive the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 if all uncondensed VOC emissions collected by a vapor collection and control system are incinerated in fuel burning equipment, an internal combustion engine or in a smokeless flare.</td>
<td>6.2.2 If approved by EPA, ARB, and the APCO, an operator need not comply with the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 if all uncondensed VOC emissions collected by a vapor collection and control system are incinerated in fuel burning equipment, an internal combustion engine or in a smokeless flare.</td>
<td>6.2.3 If approved by EPA, ARB, and the APCO, an operator need not comply with the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 for a vapor control system which does not have a VOC destruction device.</td>
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<td>6.2.2.2 The APCO may waive the annual testing requirement of Section 6.2.1 for a vapor control system which does not have a VOC destruction device.</td>
<td>6.2.3 An operator seeking approval pursuant to Section 6.2.2 or Section 6.2.3 shall submit a written request and supporting information to the APCO. The District shall evaluate the request and if approved by the APCO, the District shall provide EPA and ARB a copy of the evaluation and shall request EPA and ARB approval. The District evaluation and the APCO request shall be deemed approved unless EPA or ARB objects to such approval in writing within 45 days of the receipt of the APCO request.</td>
<td>6.2.5 An operator shall comply with the following requirements for each gauge tank, as defined in Section 3.17:</td>
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<td>6.2.4 An operator seeking approval pursuant to Section 6.2.2 or Section 6.2.3 shall submit a written request and supporting information to the APCO. The District shall evaluate the request and if approved by the APCO, the District shall provide EPA and ARB a copy of the evaluation and shall request EPA and ARB approval. The District evaluation and the APCO request shall be deemed approved unless EPA or ARB objects to such approval in writing within 45 days of the receipt of the APCO request.</td>
<td>6.2.5.1 Conduct an initial TVP testing of the produced fluid in each gauge tank not later than June 14, 2007. Thereafter, an operator shall conduct periodic TVP testing of each gauge tank at least once every 24 months during summer (July – September), and whenever there is a change in the source or type of produced fluid in the gauge tank.</td>
<td>6.2.5.2 The TVP testing shall be conducted at the actual storage temperature of the produced fluid in the gauge tank using the applicable TVP test method specified in Section 6.4 of Rule 4623 (Storage of Organic Liquids). The operator shall submit the TVP testing results to the APCO as specified in Section 6.1.10.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.0 Administrative Requirements (continued)</td>
<td>6.4 Test Methods</td>
<td>6.3 Test Methods</td>
<td>This section was amended to specify that the control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by US EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used. In addition, this section was amended to specify that test methods that are equivalent to those test methods specified in Section 6.3.1 through Section 6.3.5 may be used provided that such equivalent test methods have been previously approved, in writing, by EPA, ARB, and the APCO. These requirements are at least as stringent as in the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is at least as stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>6.4.1 The control efficiency of the vapor collection and control system used to control VOC emissions from steam enhanced crude oil production wells shall be determined by:</td>
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<td>6.4.1.1 mass balance based on most stringent of a source test, USEPA approved emission factors, or Air Pollution (AP)-42 emission factors for components and number of components, and</td>
<td>6.3.1 The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used.</td>
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<td>6.4.1.2 the efficiency of destruction devices determined by USEPA Method 25, 25a, or 25b as applicable.</td>
<td>6.3.1 The control efficiency of any VOC control device, measured and calculated as carbon, shall be determined by EPA Method 25, except when the outlet concentration must be below 50 ppm in order to meet the standard, in which case US EPA Method 25a may be used.</td>
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<td>6.4.2 VOC content shall be analyzed by using the latest revision of ASTM Method E168, E169, or E260 as applicable. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be analyzed by CARB Method 432.</td>
<td>6.3.2 VOC content shall be analyzed by using the latest revision of ASTM Method E168, E169, or E260 as applicable. Analysis of halogenated exempt compounds shall be performed by using ARB Method 432.</td>
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<td>6.4.3 Leak detection shall be performed with a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with EPA Method 21. Where safety is a concern, such as measuring leaks from compressor seals or pump seals when the shaft is rotating, a person shall measure leaks by placing the instrument probe inlet at a distance of one (1) centimeter or less from the surface of the component interface.</td>
<td>6.3.3 Leak inspection, other than audio-visual, and measurements of gaseous leak concentrations shall be conducted according to EPA Method 21 using an appropriate portable hydrocarbon detection instrument calibrated with methane. The instrument shall be calibrated in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Method 21 or the manufacturer’s instruction, as appropriate, not more than 30 days prior to its use. The operator shall record the calibration date of the instrument. Where safety is a concern, such as measuring leaks from compressor seals or pump seals when the shaft is rotating, a person shall measure leaks by placing the instrument probe inlet at a distance of one (1) centimeter or less from the surface of the component interface.</td>
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<td>6.4.4 For the purpose of Section 4.6.2, the VOC mass emission rate shall be determined according to the procedures described in the document USEPA-9099/81-003, September 1981, entitled “Assessment of VOC Emissions from Well Vents Associated with Thermally Enhanced Oil Recovery”. An equivalent test method may be used provided it has been approved by the USEPA, CARB, and the APCO.</td>
<td>6.3.4 Effective until December 31, 2008, for the purpose of Section 4.6.2, the VOC mass emission rate shall be determined according to the procedures described in the document USEPA-9099/81-003, September 1981, entitled “Assessment of VOC Emissions from Well Vents Associated with Thermally Enhanced Oil Recovery”.</td>
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<td>6.3.5 The VOC content by weight percent (wt. %) shall be determined using American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1945 for gases and South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Method 304-91 or the latest revision of ASTM Method E168, E169 or E260 for liquids.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.0 Administrative</td>
<td>6.4 Inspection Log</td>
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<td>This new section has more stringent requirements regarding maintaining inspection logs which were not required by the SIP version of the rule.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Requirements (continued)</td>
<td>Effective on and after January 1, 2009, an operator shall maintain an inspection log in which an operator records, at a minimum, all of the following information for each inspection performed:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</td>
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<td>6.4.1 The total number of components inspected, and the total number and percentage of leaking components found by component type.</td>
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<td>6.4.2 The location, type, and name or description of each leaking component and description of any unit where the leaking component is found.</td>
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<td>6.4.3 The date of leak detection and the method of leak detection.</td>
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<td>6.4.4 For gaseous leaks, the leak concentration in ppmv, and for liquid leaks record whether the leak is a major liquid leak or a minor liquid leak.</td>
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<td>6.4.5 The date of repair, replacement, or removal from operation of leaking components.</td>
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<td>6.4.6 The identify and location of essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier.</td>
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<td>6.4.7 The methods used to minimize the leak from essential components and critical components found leaking that cannot be repaired until the next process unit turnaround or not later than one year after leak detection, whichever comes earlier.</td>
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<td>6.4.8 The date of re-inspection and the leak concentration in ppmv after the component is repaired or is replaced.</td>
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<td>6.4.9 The inspector's name, business mailing address, and business telephone number.</td>
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<td>The date and signature of the facility operator responsible for the inspection and repair program certifying the accuracy of the information recorded in the log.</td>
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<td>6.5 Employee Training Program</td>
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<td>This new section has more stringent requirement regarding employee training program which was not required by the SIP version of the rule.</td>
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<td>Effective on and after January 1, 2009, an operator shall establish and implement an employee training program for inspecting and repairing components and recordkeeping procedures, as necessary.</td>
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<td>Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.0 Administrative Requirements (continued)</td>
<td>6.6 Operator Management Plan &lt;br&gt; By June 30, 2008, an operator whose existing wells are subject to this rule or whose existing wells are exempt pursuant to Section 4.0 of this rule on or before December 14, 2006 shall prepare and submit an Operator Management Plan for approval by the APCO. An operator may use diagrams, charts, spreadsheets, or other methods approved by the APCO to describe the information required by Section 6.6.4 through Section 6.6.7 below. The Operator Management Plan shall include, at a minimum, all of the following information: &lt;br&gt; 6.6.1 A description of all wells and all associated VOC collection and control systems subject to this rule, and all wells and all associated VOC collection and control systems that are exempt pursuant to Section 4.0 of this rule. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.2 Identification and description of any known hazard that might affect the safety of an inspector. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.3 Except for pipes, the number of components that are subject to this rule by component type. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.4 Except for pipes, the number and types of major components, inaccessible components, unsafe-to-monitor components, critical components, and essential components that are subject to this rule and the reason(s) for such designation. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.5 Except for pipes, the location of components subject to the rule (components may be grouped together functionally by process unit or facility description). &lt;br&gt; 6.6.6 Except for pipes, components exempt pursuant to Section 4.8 (except for components buried below ground) may be described in the Operator Management Plan by grouping them functionally by process unit or facility description. The results of any laboratory testing or other pertinent information to demonstrate compliance with the applicable exemption criteria for components for which an exemption is being claimed pursuant to Sections 4.8 shall be submitted with the Operator Management Plan. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.7 A detailed schedule of an operator's inspections of components to be conducted as required by this rule and whether the operator inspections of components required by this rule will be performed by a qualified contractor or by an in-house team. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.8 A description of the training standards for personnel that inspect and repair components. &lt;br&gt; 6.6.9 A description of the leak detection training for conducting the test method specified in Section 6.3.3 for new operators, and for experienced operators, as necessary. &lt;br&gt; 6.7 By January 30 of each year after 2008, an operator shall submit to the APCO for approval, in writing, an annual report indicating any changes to an existing Operator Management Plan. &lt;br&gt; 6.8 The APCO shall provide written notice to the operator of the approval or incompleteness of a new or revised Operator Management Plan within 60 days of receiving such Operator Management Plan. If the APCO fails to respond in writing within 60 days after the date of receiving the Operator Management Plan, it shall be deemed approved. No provision of the Operator Management Plan, approved or not, shall conflict with or take precedence over any provision of this rule.</td>
<td>This new section has more stringent requirements regarding preparing and submitting an Operator Management Plan which were not required by the SIP version of the rule. &lt;br&gt; Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</td>
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<td>7.0 Compliance Schedule</td>
<td>7.0 Compliance Schedule</td>
<td>7.0 Compliance Schedule</td>
<td>This section was amended to prohibit an operator from using any steam-enhanced crude oil production well and any associated VOC collection and control system and component(s) that become subject to the requirements of this rule through the loss of exemption status due to operator action until the operator demonstrates that the previously exempt unit(s) are in compliance with this rule. The new Section 7.3 requires an operator to be in full compliance with the requirements of this rule, unless otherwise specified in the certain provisions of this rule. These requirements are more stringent than the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, the non-SIP version of rule is more stringent than the SIP version.</td>
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<td>7.1 The operator of any new steam-enhanced crude oil production well, or any non-steam-enhanced crude oil production well converted to a steam-enhanced crude oil production well, which commences steam-enhancement operations on or after April 11, 1991, shall comply with the requirements of this rule and the applicable permit requirements of Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule) before steam injection and no later than the first detectable flow at the casing vent.</td>
<td>7.1 The operator of any new steam-enhanced crude oil production well, or any non-steam-enhanced crude oil production well converted to a steam-enhanced crude oil production well, which commences steam-enhancement operations on or after April 11, 1991, shall comply with the requirements of this rule and the applicable permit requirements of Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule) before steam injection and no later than the first detectable flow at the casing vent.</td>
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<td>7.2 Any crude oil production well that becomes subject to this rule through loss of exemption shall be in compliance within 24 months after the date of losing an exemption.</td>
<td>7.2 Steam-enhanced crude oil production wells and components that are exempt pursuant to Section 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.8 or 4.9 that become subject to this rule through loss of exemption status shall not be operated until such time that they are in full compliance with the requirements of this rule.</td>
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<td>7.3 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, an operator shall be in full compliance with the requirements of this rule, unless otherwise specified in the provisions of this rule.</td>
<td>7.3 Effective on and after January 1, 2009, an operator shall be in full compliance with the requirements of this rule, unless otherwise specified in the provisions of this rule.</td>
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**Overall Conclusion:**

District Rule 4401 was amended (12/14/2006) to implement the emission control measures to satisfy the attainment goals of the District's ozone and PM plans. The proposed amendments seek to obtain as much reduction of VOC emissions from crude oil production sources as expeditiously as practicable, technologically feasible, and economically reasonable. These amendments can potentially achieve emissions reduction by eliminating certain exemption provisions in the rule to make more sources subject to the rule and by decreasing the current leak threshold as well as reducing the allowable leak repair period.

As analyzed above, each amended section of the non-SIP version of the rule is at least as stringent as, or more stringent than the corresponding section of the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, it is concluded that overall the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PERMIT NUMBER</th>
<th>FEE DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEE RULE</th>
<th>QTY</th>
<th>FEE AMOUNT</th>
<th>FEE TOTAL</th>
<th>PERMIT STATUS</th>
<th>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</th>
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<td>846,081 SILOS</td>
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<td>FUEL RECEIVING AND STORAGE OPERATION INCLUDING ENCLOSED TRUCK RECEIVING STATION WITH FABRIC COLLECTOR AND WATER/SURFACTANT SPRAY SYSTEM, TWO FUEL SILOS WITH FABRIC COLLECTORS, AND ENCLOSED UNDERHOPPER CONVEYOR - POSO CREEK</td>
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<td>S-883-2-7</td>
<td>15,000 LIMESTONE RECEIVING OPERATION</td>
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<td>36.0 MW SOLID FUEL FIRED CIRCULATING BED COMBUSTOR COGENERATION UNIT INCLUDING 369 MMBTU/HR COMBUSTOR WITH LOW-TEMPERATURE STAGED COMBUSTION, AMMONIA INJECTION, AND PULVERIZED LIMESTONE INJECTION - POSO CREEK</td>
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<td>5,000 gallon ash handling</td>
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<td>ASH HANDLING AND LOADOUT OPERATION INCLUDING ENCLOSED CONVEYING SYSTEM FROM COMBUSTION CHAMBER AND FABRIC COLLECTOR HOPPERS, ASH STORAGE SILO AND DRY ASH LOADOUT WITH CO-AXIAL SPOUT VENTED TO FABRIC COLLECTOR, AND ENCLOSED PUG MILL - POSO CREEK</td>
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<td>TRUCK LOADING RACK WITH VAPOR RECOVERY INCLUDING FLARE WITH NORTH AMERICAN 4018M GAS PILOT FLAME SENSOR - POSO CREEK</td>
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<td>6 WELLS</td>
<td>3020-09 A</td>
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<td>SIX STEAM DRIVE WELLS WITH CLOSED CASING VENTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-883-26-5</td>
<td>195 bhp</td>
<td>999-99</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>195 HP DETROIT DIESEL MODEL DDFP-06GT4371 EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIREWATER PUMP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-883-26-2</td>
<td>112 bhp IC engine</td>
<td>999-99</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>112 HP DIESEL-FIRED WAUKESHA EMERGENCY IC ENGINE DRIVING EMERGENCY FEEDWATER PUMP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-883-29-5</td>
<td>1375 HP (total)</td>
<td>999-99</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>23,150 GPM 1375 H.P. COOLING TOWER-RIO BRAVO POSO COGENERATION PLANT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERMIT NUMBER</td>
<td>FEE DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>FEE RULE</td>
<td>QTY</td>
<td>FEE AMOUNT</td>
<td>FEE TOTAL</td>
<td>PERMIT STATUS</td>
<td>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-883-30-4</td>
<td>435 bhp</td>
<td>999-99</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>435 BHP CUMMINS MODEL NTA-855 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN AIR COMPRESSOR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-883-31-2</td>
<td>244 hp electric</td>
<td>3020-01 E</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>412.00</td>
<td>412.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>450 TON (15,000 FT3) CAPACITY REFINERY COKE STORAGE SILO EQUIPPED WITH BHA MODEL SPJ-24-X4BBV VENT FILTER BAGHOUSE, FEED AND TRUCK LOADING PNEUMATIC CONVEYOR SYSTEMS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Facilities Reported: 1