AUG 20 2010

Shawn Bolouki
Tulare Regional Medical Center
869 N. Cherry St.
Tulare, CA 93274-2207

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct
Project Number: S-1102546

Dear Mr. Bolouki:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Tulare Regional Medical Center's application for an Authority to Construct for two 2328 bhp emergency Detroit Diesel IC engine electric generators, at 869 N. Cherry St., Tulare, CA.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Robert C. Rinaldi of Permit Services at (661) 392-5614.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: RCR/cm

Enclosures
AUG 20 2010

Mike Tollstrup, Chief
Project Assessment Branch
Stationary Source Division
California Air Resources Board
PO Box 2815
Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Authority to Construct
Project Number: S-1102546

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Tulare Regional Medical Center's application for an Authority to Construct for two 2328 bhp emergency Detroit Diesel IC engine electric generators, at 869 N. Cherry St., Tulare, CA.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day public comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Robert C. Rinaldi of Permit Services at (661) 392-5614.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: RCR/cm

Enclosure
NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION
FOR THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF
AN AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed issuance of Authority to Construct to Tulare Regional Medical Center for two 2328 bhp emergency Detroit Diesel IC engine electric generators, at 869 N. Cherry St., Tulare, CA.

The analysis of the regulatory basis for this proposed action, Project #S-1102546, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. Written comments on this project must be submitted within 30 days of the publication date of this notice to DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY UNIFIED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 34946 FLYOVER COURT, BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308.
San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District
Authority to Construct
Application Review
Diesel-Fired Emergency Standby IC Engine

Facility Name: Tulare Regional Medical Center
Mailing Address: 869 Cherry St
Tulare, CA 93274

Date: August 11, 2010
Engineer: Robert Rinaldi

Lead Engineer: Mike Buss

Contact Person: Shawn Bolouki, CEO
Telephone: 559 759-3179
Application #: S-131-9-0 & S-131-10-0
Project #: S-1102546
Complete: June 25, 2010

I. Proposal

Tulare District Hospital is proposing to install two 2328 bhp diesel-fired emergency standby internal combustion (IC) engines each powering an electrical generator.

II. Applicable Rules

Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (12/18/08)
Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits (6/21/01)
Rule 4001 New Source Performance Standards (4/14/99)
Rule 4101 Visible Emissions (2/17/05)
Rule 4102 Nuisance (12/17/92)
Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration (12/17/92)
Rule 4701 Stationary Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1 (8/21/03)
Rule 4702 Stationary Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 2 (1/18/07)
Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds (12/17/92)
CH&SC 41700 Health Risk Assessment
CH&SC 42301.6 School Notice
Title 17 CCR, Section 93115 - Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines
California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
Public Resources Code 21000-21177: California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3, Sections 15000-15387: CEQA Guidelines
III. Project Location

The project is located at 869 Cherry St., Tulare, CA 93274

The District has verified that the equipment is located within 500 feet of the outer boundary of a Garden Elementary School and greater than a quarter mile from Cherry Ave. Middle School. See attached aerial photo. Therefore, the public notification requirement of California Health and Safety Code 42301.6 is applicable to this project. A notice will be sent to parents of the students at Garden Elementary School and all residences within 1000 ft. of the engines.

IV. Process Description

The emergency standby engines each power an electrical generator. Other than emergency standby operation, the engines may be operated up to 50 hours each per year for maintenance and testing purposes.

V. Equipment Listing

S-131-9-0: 2328 BHP MTU MODEL 12V4000G433D TIER 2 CERTIFIED DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

S-131-10-0: 2328 BHP MTU MODEL 12V4000G433D TIER 2 CERTIFIED DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY STANDBY IC ENGINE POWERING AN ELECTRICAL GENERATOR

VI. Emission Control Technology Evaluation

The applicant has proposed to install a Tier 2 certified diesel-fired IC engine that is fired on very low-sulfur diesel fuel (0.0015% by weight sulfur maximum).

The proposed engine(s) meet the latest Tier Certification requirements; therefore, the engine(s) meets the latest ARB/EPA emissions standards for diesel particulate matter, hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, and carbon monoxide (see Appendix C for a copy of the emissions data sheet and/or the ARB/EPA executive order).

The use of very low-sulfur diesel fuel (0.0015% by weight sulfur maximum) reduces SOx emissions by over 99% from standard diesel fuel.
VII. General Calculations

A. Assumptions

Emergency operating schedule: 24 hours/day
Non-emergency operating schedule: 50 hours/year per engine
Density of diesel fuel: 7.1 lb/gal
EPA F-factor (adjusted to 60 °F): 9,051 dscf/MMBtu
Fuel heating value: 137,000 Btu/gal
BHP to Btu/hr conversion: 2,542.5 Btu/bhp-hr
Thermal efficiency of engine: commonly ≈ 35%
PM10 fraction of diesel exhaust: 0.96 (CARB, 1988)

The engine has certified NOx + VOC emissions of 4.40 g/bhp-hr. It will be assumed the NOx + VOC emission factor is split 95% NOx and 5% VOC (per the District's Carl Moyer program).

B. Emission Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Emission Factor (g/bhp-hr)</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOX</td>
<td>4.18</td>
<td>ARB/EPA Certification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOx</td>
<td>0.0051</td>
<td>Mass Balance Equation Below</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM10</td>
<td>0.149</td>
<td>ARB/EPA Certification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>ARB/EPA Certification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>0.22</td>
<td>ARB/EPA Certification</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Calculations

1. Pre-Project Emissions (PE1)

Since this is a new emissions unit, PE1 = 0.
2. Post-Project PE (PE2)

The daily and annual PE are calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Emissions Factor (g/bhp-hr)</th>
<th>Rating (bhp)</th>
<th>Daily Hours of Operation (hrs/day)</th>
<th>Annual Hours of Operation (hrs/yr)</th>
<th>Daily PE2 (lb/day)</th>
<th>Annual PE2 (lb/yr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NO\textsubscript{X}</td>
<td>4.18</td>
<td>2328</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>514.4</td>
<td>1,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO\textsubscript{X}</td>
<td>0.0051</td>
<td>2328</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM\textsubscript{10}</td>
<td>0.149</td>
<td>2328</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>2328</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>174.8</td>
<td>364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>0.22</td>
<td>2328</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1)

Pursuant to Section 4.9 of District Rule 2201, the Pre-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE1) is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all units with valid ATCs or PTOs at the Stationary Source and the quantity of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Unit</th>
<th>NO\textsubscript{X}</th>
<th>SO\textsubscript{X}</th>
<th>PM\textsubscript{10}</th>
<th>CO</th>
<th>VOC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-131-3-1</td>
<td>2220</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>489</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-131-5-1</td>
<td>1846</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>399</td>
<td>148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSPE1</td>
<td>4066</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>888</td>
<td>216</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Post-Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2)

Pursuant to Section 4.10 of District Rule 2201, the Post Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2) is the Potential to Emit (PE) from all units with valid ATCs or PTOs, except for emissions units proposed to be shut down as part of the Stationary Project, at the Stationary Source and the quantity of Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.

For this project the change in emissions for the facility is due to the installation of the new emergency standby IC engine(s), permit units -9-0 and -10-0. Thus:
5. Major Source Determination

Pursuant to Section 3.24 of District Rule 2201, a Major Source is a stationary source with post project emissions or a Post Project Stationary Source Potential to Emit (SSPE2), equal to or exceeding one or more of the following threshold values. However, Section 3.24.2 states, “for the purposes of determining major source status, the SSPE2 shall not include the quantity of emission reduction credits (ERC) which have been banked since September 19, 1991 for Actual Emissions Reductions that have occurred at the source, and which have not been used on-site.”

This facility does not contain ERCs which have been banked at the source; therefore, no adjustment to SSPE2 is necessary.

As seen in the table above, the facility is not an existing Major Source and also is not becoming a Major Source as a result of this project.
6. Baseline Emissions (BE)

BE = Pre-project Potential to Emit for:
- Any unit located at a non-Major Source,
- Any Highly-Utilized Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source,
- Any Fully-Offset Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source, or
- Any Clean Emissions Unit, located at a Major Source.

otherwise,

BE = Historic Actual Emissions (HAE), calculated pursuant to Section 3.22

Since this is a new emissions unit, BE = PE1 = 0 for all criteria pollutants.

7. Major Modification

Major Modification is defined in 40 CFR Part 51.165 as "any physical change in or change in the method of operation of a major stationary source that would result in a significant net emissions increase of any pollutant subject to regulation under the Act."

As discussed in Section VII.C.5 previously, the facility is not a Major Source for any criteria pollutant; therefore, the project does not constitute a Major Modification.

8. Federal Major Modification

As shown in the previous section, this project does not constitute a Major Modification. Therefore, in accordance with District Rule 2201, Section 3.17, this project does not constitute a Federal Major Modification and no further discussion is required.

9. Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The QNEC is calculated solely to establish emissions that are used to complete the District's PAS emissions profile screen. Detailed QNEC calculations are included in Appendix E.
VIII. Compliance

Rule 2201 New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule

A. Best Available Control Technology (BACT)

1. BACT Applicability

BACT requirements are triggered on a pollutant-by-pollutant basis and on an emissions unit-by-emissions unit basis for the following:

a) Any new emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
b) The relocation from one Stationary Source to another of an existing emissions unit with a potential to emit exceeding two pounds per day,
c) Modifications to an existing emissions unit with a valid Permit to Operate resulting in an AIPE exceeding two pounds per day, and/or
d) Any new or modified emissions unit, in a stationary source project, which results in a Major Modification.

*Except for CO emissions from a new or modified emissions unit at a Stationary Source with an SSPE2 of less than 200,000 pounds per year of CO.

As discussed in Section I, the facility is proposing to install a new emergency standby IC engine. Additionally, as determined in Section VII.C.7, this project does not result in a Major Modification. Therefore, BACT can only be triggered if the daily emissions exceed 2.0 lb/day for any pollutant.

The daily emissions from the new engine are compared to the BACT threshold levels in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Daily Emissions for units &lt;9-0 &amp; -10-0 (lb/day)</th>
<th>BACT Threshold (lb/day)</th>
<th>SSPE2 (lb/yr)</th>
<th>BACT Triggered?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOx</td>
<td>514.4</td>
<td>&gt; 2.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOx</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>&gt; 2.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM_{10}</td>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>&gt; 2.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>364</td>
<td>&gt; 2.0 and SSPE2 ≥ 200,000 lb/yr</td>
<td>1,616</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>&gt; 2.0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As shown above, BACT will be triggered for NOx, PM_{10} and VOC emissions from the engines for this project.
2. BACT Guideline

BACT Guideline 3.1.1, which appears in Appendix B of this report, covers diesel-fired emergency IC engines.

3. Top Down BACT Analysis

Per District Policy APR 1305, Section IX, “A top-down BACT analysis shall be performed as a part of the Application Review for each application subject to the BACT requirements pursuant to the District's NSR Rule for source categories or classes covered in the BACT Clearinghouse, relevant information under each of the following steps may be simply cited from the Clearinghouse without further analysis.”

Pursuant to the attached Top-Down BACT Analysis, which appears in Appendix B of this report, BACT is satisfied with:

- NOx: Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range
- VOC: Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range
- PM10: 0.15 g/hp-hr or the Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. (ATCM)

The following condition(s) will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance with the SOx and PM10 BACT emissions limit(s):

- Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]
- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.15 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

B. Offsets

Since emergency IC engines are exempt from the offset requirements of Rule 2201, per Section 4.6.2, offsets are not required for this engine, and no offset calculations are required.
C. Public Notification

1. Applicability

Public noticing is required for:

a. Any new Major Source, which is a new facility that is also a Major Source

   As shown in Section VII.C.6, this facility is not a new Major Source.

b. Major Modifications

   As shown in Section VII.C.7, this project is not a Major Modification.

c. Any new emissions unit with a Potential to Emit greater than 100 lb/day for
   any one pollutant

   As calculated in Section VII.C.2, daily emissions for NOx and CO are greater
   than 100 lb/day.

d. Any project which results in the offset thresholds being surpassed

   As shown in Section VII.C.4, an offset threshold will not be surpassed.

e. Any project with an Stationary Source project Increase in Potential (SSIPE)
   Emissions greater than 20,000 lb/year for any pollutant.

   For this project, the proposed engine is the only emissions source that will
   generate an increase in Potential to Emit. Since the proposed engine
   emissions are well below 20,000 lb/year for all pollutants (See Section
   VII.C.2), the SSIPE for this project will be below the public notice threshold.

2. Public Notice Action

As demonstrated above, this project will require public noticing. Therefore,
public notice documents will be submitted to the California Air Resources Board
(CARB) and a public notice will be published in a local newspaper of general
circulation prior to the issuance of the ATC(s) for this equipment.
D. Daily Emissions Limits

Daily Emissions Limitations (DELs) and other enforceable conditions are required by Section 3.15 to restrict a unit's maximum daily emissions, to a level at or below the emissions associated with the maximum design capacity. Per Sections 3.15.1 and 3.15.2, the DEL must be contained in the latest ATC and contained in or enforced by the latest PTO and enforceable, in a practicable manner, on a daily basis. Therefore, the following conditions will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 4.18 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 1.42 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.22 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rule 2201, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.15 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

- Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

E. Compliance Assurance

1. Source Testing

Pursuant to District Policy APR 1705, source testing is not required for emergency standby IC engines to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

2. Monitoring

No monitoring is required to demonstrate compliance with Rule 2201.

3. Recordkeeping

Recordkeeping requirements, in accordance with District Rule 4702, will be discussed in Section VIII, District Rule 4702, of this evaluation.

4. Reporting

No reporting is required to ensure compliance with Rule 2201.
F. Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA)

Section 4.14.1 of this Rule requires that an ambient air quality analysis (AAQA) be conducted for the purpose of determining whether a new or modified Stationary Source will cause or make worse a violation of an air quality standard. The Technical Services Division of the SJVAPCD conducted the required analysis.

The proposed location is in an attainment area for NOₓ, CO, and SOₓ. As shown by the AAQA summary sheet in Appendix D, the proposed equipment will not cause a violation of an air quality standard for NOₓ, CO, or SOₓ.

The proposed location is in a non-attainment area for PM₁₀. As shown in the AAQA summary sheet in Appendix D, the calculated contribution of PM₁₀ from the proposed equipment will not exceed EPA significance levels.

Therefore, this project is not expected to cause or make worse a violation of an air quality standard.

Rule 2520 Federally Mandated Operating Permits

Since this facility's potential to emit does not exceed any major source thresholds of Rule 2201, this facility is not a major source, and Rule 2520 does not apply.
**Rule 4001 New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)**

40 CFR 60 Subpart III – Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

The following table demonstrates how the proposed engine(s) will comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine(s) must meet the appropriate Subpart III emission standards for new engines, based on the model year, size, and number of liters per cylinder.</td>
<td>The applicant has proposed the use of engine(s) that are certified to the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range, guaranteeing compliance with the emission standards of Subpart III.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine(s) must be fired on 500 ppm sulfur content fuel or less, and fuel with a minimum centane index of 40 or a maximum aromatic content of 35 percent by volume. Starting in October 1, 2010, the maximum allowable sulfur fuel content will be lowered to 15 ppm.</td>
<td>The applicant has proposed the use of CARB certified diesel fuel, which meets all of the fuel requirements listed in Subpart III. A permit condition enforcing this requirement was included earlier in this evaluation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The operator/owner must install a non-resettable hour meter prior to startup of the engine(s).</td>
<td>The applicant has proposed to install a non-resettable hour meter. The following condition will be included on the permit:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency engine(s) may be operated for the purpose of maintenance and testing up to 100 hours per year. There is no limit on emergency use.</td>
<td>The Air Toxic Control Measure for Stationary Compression Ignition Engines (Stationary ATCM) limits this engine maintenance and testing to 50 hours/year. Thus, compliance is expected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The owner/operator must operate and maintain the engine(s) and any installed control devices according to the manufacturers written instructions.</td>
<td>The following condition will be included on the permit:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart III]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Rule 4101 Visible Emissions

Rule 4101 states that no air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

- {15} No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
Rule 4201 Particulate Matter Concentration

Rule 4201 limits particulate matter emissions from any single source operation to 0.1 g/dscf, which, as calculated below, is equivalent to a PM$_{10}$ emission factor of 0.4 g-PM$_{10}$/bhp-hr.

\[
0.1 \frac{\text{grain-PM}}{\text{dscf}} \times \frac{8}{15.43 \text{ grain}} \times \frac{1 \text{ Btu}_{\text{in}}}{0.35 \text{ Btu}_{\text{out}}} \times \frac{9,051 \text{ dscf}}{2,542.5 \text{ Btu}} \times \frac{0.96 \text{ g-PM}_{10}}{1 \text{ bhp-hr}} = 0.4 \frac{\text{g-PM}_{10}}{\text{bhp-hr}}
\]

The new engine has a PM$_{10}$ emission factor less than 0.4 g/bhp-hr. Therefore, compliance is expected and the following condition will be listed on the ATC:

- {14} Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]

Rule 4701 Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1

Pursuant to Section 7.5.2.3 of District Rule 4702, as of June 1, 2006 District Rule 4701 is no longer applicable to diesel-fired emergency standby or emergency IC engines. Therefore, the proposed emergency internal combustion engine(s) will comply with the requirements of District Rule 4702 and no further discussion is required.
Rule 4702 Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 2

The following table demonstrates how the proposed engine(s) will comply with the requirements of District Rule 4702.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District Rule 4702 Requirements Emergency Standby IC Engines</th>
<th>Proposed Method of Compliance with District Rule 4702 Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operation of emergency standby engines is limited to 100 hours or less per calendar year for non-emergency purposes, verified through the use of a non-resettable elapsed operating time meter.</td>
<td>The Air Toxic Control Measure for Stationary Compression Ignition Engines (Stationary ATCM) limits this engine maintenance and testing to 50 hours/year. Thus, compliance is expected.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Emergency standby engines cannot be used to reduce the demand for electrical power when normal electrical power line service has not failed, or to produce power for the electrical distribution system, or in conjunction with a voluntary utility demand reduction program or interruptible power contract. | The following conditions will be included on the permit:  
• {3807} An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]  
• {3808} This engine shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702] |
| The owner/operator must operate and maintain the engine(s) and any installed control devices according to the manufacturers written instructions. | A permit condition enforcing this requirement was shown earlier in the evaluation. |
| The owner/operator must monitor the operational characteristics of each engine as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emission control system supplier. | The following condition will be included on the permit:  
• {3478} During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702] |
| Records of the total hours of operation of the emergency standby engine, type of fuel used, purpose for operating the engine(s) must be maintained. | The following conditions will be included on the permit: |
engine, all hours of non-emergency and emergency operation, and support documentation must be maintained. All records shall be retained for a period of at least five years, shall be readily available, and be made available to the APCO upon request.

- (3496) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

- The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

- (3475) All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

Rule 4801 Sulfur Compounds

Rule 4801 requires that sulfur compound emissions (as SO₂) shall not exceed 0.2% by volume. Using the ideal gas equation, the sulfur compound emissions are calculated as follows:

\[
\text{Volume SO}_2 = \frac{(n \times R \times T)}{P}
\]

- \( n = \text{moles SO}_2 \)
- \( T \) (standard temperature) = 60 °F or 520 °R
- \( R \) (universal gas constant) = \( \frac{10.73 \text{psi} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{\text{lb} \cdot \text{mol} \cdot \text{°R}} \)

\[
\frac{0.000015 \text{ lb} - \text{S}}{\text{gal}} \times \frac{7.1 \text{ lb}}{64 \text{ lb} - \text{SO}_2} \times \frac{1 \text{ MMBtu}}{9,051 \text{ scf}} \times \frac{1 \text{ gal}}{0.137 \text{ MMBtu}} \times \frac{\text{lb} - \text{mol}}{64 \text{ lb} - \text{SO}_2} \times \frac{10.73 \text{ psi} - \text{ft}^3}{\text{lb} - \text{mol} \cdot \text{°R}} \times \frac{520^\circ \text{R}}{14.7 \text{ psi}} \times 1,000,000 = 1.0 \text{ ppmv}
\]

Since 1.0 ppmv is \( \leq 2,000 \) ppmv, this engine is expected to comply with Rule 4801. Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:
• Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

**California Health & Safety Code 42301.6 (School Notice)**

The District has verified that this site is located within 1,000 feet of the following school:

**School Name:** Garden Elementary School  
**Address:** 640 E. Pleasant Ave., Tulare, CA

Therefore, pursuant to California Health and Safety Code 42301.6, a school notice is required. Prior to the issuance of the ATC for this equipment, notices will be provided to the parents/guardians of all students of the affected school, and will be sent to all residents within 1,000 ft of the site.

Since a school notice has been triggered (due to the above-listed school within 1,000 of the emission source), notices will also be provided to the parents/guardians of all students from all school sites within ¼ mile of the emission source. The following schools(s) are within ¼ mile of the emission source:

**School Name:** Cherry Ave. Middle School  
**Address:** 540 North Cherry Street, Tulare, CA

**Title 17 California Code of Regulations (CCR), Section 93115 - Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines**

The following table demonstrates how the proposed engine(s) will comply with the requirements of Title 17 CCR Section 93115.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title 17 CCR Section 93115 Requirements for New Emergency IC Engines Powering Electrical Generators</th>
<th>Proposed Method of Compliance with Title 17 CCR Section 93115 Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emergency engine(s) must be fired on CARB diesel fuel, or an approved alternative diesel fuel.</td>
<td>The applicant has proposed the use of CARB certified diesel fuel. The proposed permit condition, requiring the use of CARB certified diesel fuel, was included earlier in this evaluation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The engine(s) must emit diesel PM at a rate less than or equal to 0.15 g/bhp-hr or must meet the diesel PM standard, as specified in the Off-road compression ignition standards for off-road engines with the same maximum rated power (Title 13 CCR, Section 2423).</td>
<td>The applicant has proposed the use of engine(s) that are certified to the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range, guaranteeing compliance with the emission standards of Subpart III. Additionally, the proposed diesel PM emissions rate is less than or equal to 0.15 g/bhp-hr.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following condition will be included on the permit:

- This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

| The engine may not be operated more than 50 hours per year for maintenance and testing purposes. |
| New stationary emergency standby diesel-fueled CI engines (> 50 bhp) must meet the standards for off-road engines of the same model year and maximum rated power as specified in the Off-Road Compression Ignition Engine Standards (title 13, CCR, section 2423). |
| Engines, with a PM10 emissions rate greater than 0.01 g/bhp-hr and located at schools, may not be operated for maintenance and testing whenever there is a school sponsored activity on the grounds. Additionally, engines located within 500 feet of school grounds may not be operated for maintenance and testing between 7:30 AM and 3:30 PM |
| An owner or operator shall maintain monthly records of the following: emergency use hours of operation; maintenance and testing hours of operation; hours of operation for emission testing; initial start-up testing hours; hours of operation for all other uses; and the type of fuel used. All records shall be retained for a minimum of 36 months. |
| The following condition will be included on the permit: |
| The applicant has proposed the use of engine(s) that are certified to the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range. |
| Permit conditions enforcing these requirements were shown earlier in the evaluation. |
California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires each public agency to adopt objectives, criteria, and specific procedures consistent with CEQA Statutes and the CEQA Guidelines for administering its responsibilities under CEQA, including the orderly evaluation of projects and preparation of environmental documents. The San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (District) adopted its Environmental Review Guidelines (ERG) in 2001.

The basic purposes of CEQA are to:

- Inform governmental decision-makers and the public about the potential, significant environmental effects of proposed activities.
- Identify the ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced.
- Prevent significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes in projects through the use of alternatives or mitigation measures when the governmental agency finds the changes to be feasible.
- Disclose to the public the reasons why a governmental agency approved the project in the manner the agency chose if significant environmental effects are involved.

Consistent with California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and CEQA Guidelines requirements, the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (District) has adopted procedures and guidelines for implementing CEQA. The District's Environmental Review Guidelines (ERG) establishes procedures for avoiding unnecessary delay during the District's permitting process while ensuring that significant environmental impacts are thoroughly and consistently addressed. The ERG includes policies and procedures to be followed when processing permits for projects that are exempt under CEQA.

The State Legislature granted a number of exemptions from CEQA, including projects that require only ministerial approval. Based upon analysis of its own laws and consideration of CEQA provisions, the District has identified a limited number of District permitting activities considered to be ministerial approvals. As set forth in §4.2.1 of the ERG, projects permitted consistent with the District's Guidelines for Expedited Application Review (GEAR) are standard application reviews in which little or no discretion is used in issuing Authority to Construct (ATC) documents.

For the proposed project, the District performed an Engineering Evaluation (this document) and determined that the project qualifies for processing under the procedures set forth in the District's Permit Services Procedures Manual in the Guidelines for Expedited Application Review (GEAR). Thus, as discussed above, this issuance of such ATC(s) is a ministerial approval for the District and is not subject to CEQA provisions.
On December 17, 2009, the District's Governing Board adopted the first comprehensive regional policy and guidance on addressing and mitigating GHG emission impacts caused by industrial, commercial, and residential development in the San Joaquin Valley. The adopted District policy – *Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for Stationary Source Projects Under CEQA When Serving as the Lead Agency* applies to projects for which the District has discretionary approval authority over the project and serves as the lead agency for CEQA purposes. The policy relies on the use of performance based standards, otherwise known as Best Performance Standards (BPS) to assess significance of project specific greenhouse gas emissions on global climate change during the environmental review process, as required by CEQA.

Use of BPS is a method of streamlining the CEQA process of determining significance and is not a required emission reduction measure. However, consistent with the District’s objective to achieve the GHG emission reduction targets established pursuant to AB 32, BPS will be incorporated into the District’s GEAR application review process. In the interim, projects meeting the existing GEAR requirements will continue to be processed as ministerial approvals.

**IX. Recommendation**

Pending a successful NSR Public Noticing and School Noticing period, issue Authority to Construct S-131-9-0 & '10-0 subject to the permit conditions on the attached draft Authority to Construct in Appendix A.

**X. Billing Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Fee Schedule</th>
<th>Fee Description</th>
<th>Fee Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-131-9-0</td>
<td>3020-10-F</td>
<td>2328 bhp IC engine</td>
<td>$749.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-131-10-0</td>
<td>3020-10-F</td>
<td>2328 bhp IC engine</td>
<td>$749.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appendixes**

A. Draft ATC  
B. BACT Guideline and BACT Analysis  
C. Emissions Data  
D. HRA Summary and AAQA  
E. QNEC Calculations  
F. Aerial Photo of Facility and Adjacent Schools
San Joaquin Valley  
Air Pollution Control District

AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-131-9-0

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: TULARE DISTRICT HOSPITAL

MAILING ADDRESS: 869 CHERRY ST
                  TULARE, CA 93274

LOCATION: 869 CHERRY ST
           TULARE, CA 93274

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
2328 BHP EMERGENCY DETROIT MODEL 12V4000G433D DIESEL FIRED IC ENGINE ELECTRIC GENERATOR

CONDITIONS

1. {14) Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]

2. {15) No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]

3. (98) No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

4. {198) The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

5. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart III]

6. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.001% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rule District Rules 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

7. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 4.18 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 1.42 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.22 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rules District Rule 2201, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

8. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.149 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

9. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart III]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

YOU MUST NOTIFY THE DISTRICT COMPLIANCE DIVISION AT (661) 392-5500 WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETED AND PRIOR TO OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT OR MODIFICATIONS AUTHORIZED BY THIS AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT. This is NOT a PERMIT TO OPERATE. Approval or denial of a PERMIT TO OPERATE will be made after an inspection to verify that the equipment has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans, specifications and conditions of this Authority to Construct, and to determine if the equipment can be operated in compliance with all Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District. Unless construction has commenced pursuant to Rule 2050, this Authority to Construct shall expire and application shall be cancelled two years from the date of issuance. The applicant is responsible for complying with all laws, ordinances and regulations of all other governmental agencies which may pertain to the above equipment.

Seyed Sadredin, Executive Director / APCO

DAVID WARNER, Director of Permit Services

Southern Regional Office • 34946 Flyover Court • Bakersfield, CA 93308 • (661) 392-5500 • Fax (661) 392-5585
10. [3478] During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702]

11. [3807] An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]

12. [3808] This engine shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702]

13. [3496] The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702]

14. This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]

15. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

16. [3475] All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

17. [3416] If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115]
AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT

PERMIT NO: S-131-10-0

LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: TULARE DISTRICT HOSPITAL
MAILING ADDRESS: 869 CHERRY ST
                     TULARE, CA 93274

LOCATION: 869 CHERRY ST
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4. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
5. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart III]
6. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rule 2201 and 4801, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]
7. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed any of the following limits: 4.18 g-NOx/bhp-hr, 1.42 g-CO/bhp-hr, or 0.22 g-VOC/bhp-hr. [District Rules District Rule 2201, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]
8. Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.149 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart III]
9. This engine shall be operated and maintained in proper operating condition as recommended by the engine manufacturer or emissions control system supplier. [District Rule 4702 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart III]

CONDITIONS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

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Seyed Sadreedin, Executive Director APCO

DAVID WARNER, Director of Permit Services
S-131-10-0. Aug 17 2010 8 22AM – RIN/HL – 4862 Inspection Requird with RIN/HL
Southern Regional Office • 34946 Flyover Court • Bakersfield, CA 93308 • (661) 392-5500 • Fax (661) 392-5585
10. (3478) During periods of operation for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, the permittee shall monitor the operational characteristics of the engine as recommended by the manufacturer or emission control system supplier (for example: check engine fluid levels, battery, cables and connections; change engine oil and filters; replace engine coolant; and/or other operational characteristics as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier). [District Rule 4702]

11. (3807) An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]

12. (3808) This engine shall not be used to produce power for the electrical distribution system, as part of a voluntary utility demand reduction program, or for an interruptible power contract. [District Rule 4702]

13. (3496) The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.) and records of operational characteristics monitoring. For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702]

14. This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702, 17 CCR 93115 and 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart I][II][III]

15. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

16. (3475) All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]

17. (3416) If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115]
Appendix B
BACT Guideline and BACT Analysis
San Joaquin Valley  
Unified Air Pollution Control District  

### Best Available Control Technology (BACT) Guideline 3.1.1  
Last Update: 7/10/2009  
Emergency Diesel IC Engine  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Achieved in Practice or in the SIP</th>
<th>Technologically Feasible</th>
<th>Alternate Basic Equipment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOX</td>
<td>Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range</td>
<td>0.15 g/hp-hr or the Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. (ATCM)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM10</td>
<td>Very low sulfur diesel fuel (15 ppmw sulfur or less)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOX</td>
<td>Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BACT is the most stringent control technique for the emissions unit and class of source. Control techniques that are not achieved in practice or contained in a state implementation plan must be cost effective as well as feasible. Economic analysis to demonstrate cost effectiveness is required for all determinations that are not achieved in practice or contained in an EPA approved State Implementation Plan.
Top Down BACT Analysis for the Emergency IC Engine(s)

1. BACT Analysis for NOx, VOC and PM10 Emissions:
   a. Step 1 - Identify all control technologies

   The SJVUAPCD BACT Clearinghouse guideline 3.1.1 identifies achieved in practice BACT for emissions from emergency diesel IC engines as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Achieved in Practice</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOx, VOC</td>
<td>Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM10</td>
<td>0.15 g/hp-hr or the Latest EPA Tier Certification level for applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. (ATCM)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   No technologically feasible alternatives or control alternatives identified as alternate basic equipment for this class and category of source are listed.

   b. Step 2 - Eliminate technologically infeasible options

   There are no technologically infeasible options to eliminate from Step 1.

   c. Step 3 - Rank remaining options by control effectiveness

   No ranking needs to be done because only one control option is listed in Step 1.

   d. Step 4 - Cost Effectiveness Analysis

   The applicant has proposed the only control option listed for each pollutant. Therefore, a cost effectiveness analysis is not required.

   e. Step 5 - Select BACT

   BACT for NOx and VOC emissions from this emergency standby diesel IC engine is the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range. The applicant has proposed to install a Tier 2 certified 2328 bhp emergency standby diesel IC engine, which is the latest Tier Certification for an engine this size as shown in the attached Tier Certification table at the end of this Appendix.

   BACT for PM10 is 0.15 g/hp-hr, or the latest EPA Tier Certification level for the applicable horsepower range, whichever is more stringent. The applicant is proposing an engine that meets this requirement.
Title 13 CCR 2423
(December 2005)
Tier Certification & Exhaust Emission Standards
(grams per brake horsepower-hour)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power Rating (hp)</th>
<th>Tier</th>
<th>Model Year</th>
<th>NOx</th>
<th>HC</th>
<th>NMHC + NOx</th>
<th>CO</th>
<th>PM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 ≤ hp &lt; 75</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1998 – 2003</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2004 - 2007</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2008 - 2011</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4*</td>
<td>2008 – 2012 (Interim)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>0.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 ≤ hp &lt; 100</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1998 – 2003</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2004 – 2007</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2008 – 2011</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 ≤ hp &lt; 175</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1997 – 2002</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2003 – 2006</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>0.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2007 – 2011</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>175 ≤ hp &lt; 300</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1996 – 2002</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2003 – 2005</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2006 – 2010</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 ≤ hp &lt; 600</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1996 – 2000</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2001 – 2005</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2006 – 2010</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 ≤ hp ≤ 750</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1996 – 2001</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2002 – 2005</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2006 – 2010</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 750</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2000 – 2005</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td><strong>2006 – 2010</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Manufacturers may optionally certify engine families to the interim Tier 4 for this power category through 2012.
Appendix C
Emissions Data Sheet
Pursuant to the authority vested in the Air Resources Board by Sections 43013, 43018, 43101, 43102, 43104 and 43105 of the Health and Safety Code; and

Pursuant to the authority vested in the undersigned by Sections 39515 and 39516 of the Health and Safety Code and Executive Order G-02-003;

**IT IS ORDERED AND RESOLVED:** That the following compression-ignition engines and emission control systems produced by the manufacturer are certified as described below for use in off-road equipment. Production engines shall be in all material respects the same as those for which certification is granted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL YEAR</th>
<th>ENGINE FAMILY</th>
<th>DISPLACEMENT (liters)</th>
<th>FUEL TYPE</th>
<th>USEFUL LIFE (hours)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>57.2, 76.3, 95.4</td>
<td>Diesel</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL FEATURES & EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS**

- Electronic Direct Injection, Turbocharger, Charge Air Cooler, Electronic Control Module

**TYPICAL EQUIPMENT APPLICATION**

- Loader, Tractor, Pump, Compressor, Generator Set

The engine models and codes are attached.

The following are the exhaust certification standards (STD) and certification levels (CERT) for hydrocarbon (HC), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), non-methane hydrocarbon plus oxides of nitrogen (NMHC+NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and particulate matter (PM) in grams per kilowatt-hour (g/kW-hr), and the opacity-of-smoke certification standards and certification levels in percent (%) during acceleration (Accel), lugging (Lug), and the peak value from either mode (Peak) for this engine family (Title 13, California Code of Regulations, (13 CCR) Section 2423):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RATED POWER CLASS</th>
<th>EMISSION STANDARD CATEGORY</th>
<th>EXHAUST (g/kW-hr)</th>
<th>OPACITY (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KW &gt; 560</td>
<td>Tier 2</td>
<td>STD NOx</td>
<td>NMHC+NOx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CERT</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:** That for the listed engine models, the manufacturer has submitted the information and materials to demonstrate certification compliance with 13 CCR Section 2424 (emission control labels), and 13 CCR Sections 2425 and 2426 (emission control system warranty).

Engines certified under this Executive Order must conform to all applicable California emission regulations.

This Executive Order is only granted to the engine family and model-year listed above. Engines in this family that are produced for any other model-year are not covered by this Executive Order.

Executed at El Monte, California on this 11 day of February 2010.

Annette Hebert, Chief
Mobile Source Operations Division

\[ 0.2 \frac{g}{kW\cdot hr} \times \frac{0.7457\, kw}{hp} = 0.1495 \frac{g}{hp\cdot hr} \]
Rule 4102 Nuisance

Rule 4102 states that no air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. Public nuisance conditions are not expected as a result of these operations, provided the equipment is well maintained. Therefore, the following condition will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance:

- {98} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

California Health & Safety Code 41700 (Health Risk Assessment)

District Policy APR 1905 - Risk Management Policy for Permitting New and Modified Sources (dated 3/2/01) specifies that for an increase in emissions associated with a proposed new source or modification, the District perform an analysis to determine the possible impact to the nearest resident or worksite. Therefore, a risk management review (RMR) was performed for this project. The RMR results are summarized in the following table, and can be seen in detail in Appendix D.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Acute Hazard Index</th>
<th>Chronic Hazard Index</th>
<th>Cancer Risk</th>
<th>T-BACT Required?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-131-9-0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0.71 in a million</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-131-10-0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0.71 in a million</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following conditions will be listed on the ATC to ensure compliance with the RMR:

- {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

- Emissions from this IC engine shall not exceed 0.149 g-PM10/bhp-hr based on USEPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201 and 4102, 17 CCR 93115, 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII]

- {3481} This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine Family</th>
<th>1.Engine Code</th>
<th>2.Engine Model</th>
<th>3.BHP@RPM (SAE Gross)</th>
<th>4.Fuel Rate: mm/stroke@peak HP (for diesel only)</th>
<th>5.Fuel Rate: lbs/hr@peak HP (for diesels only)</th>
<th>6.Torque @ RPM (SEA Gross)</th>
<th>7.Fuel Rate: mm/stroke@peak torque</th>
<th>8.Fuel Rate: lbs/hr@peak torqueDevice Per SAE J1930</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7000</td>
<td>12V4000G83 3D</td>
<td>2561 @ 1800</td>
<td>733@2561</td>
<td>877@2561</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7001</td>
<td>12V4000G43 3D</td>
<td>2328 @ 1800</td>
<td>655@2328</td>
<td>788@2328</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7002</td>
<td>12V4000G83 3B</td>
<td>2328 @ 1800</td>
<td>655@2328</td>
<td>788@2328</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7003</td>
<td>12V4000G43 3B</td>
<td>2038 @ 1800</td>
<td>571@2038</td>
<td>687@2038</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7004</td>
<td>16V4000G83 3D</td>
<td>3353 @ 1800</td>
<td>760@3353</td>
<td>1155@3353</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7005</td>
<td>16V4000G43 3D</td>
<td>3057 @ 1800</td>
<td>690@3057</td>
<td>1046@3057</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7006</td>
<td>16V4000G83 3B</td>
<td>3353 @ 1800</td>
<td>690@3057</td>
<td>1046@3057</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7007</td>
<td>16V4000G43 3B</td>
<td>2709 @ 1800</td>
<td>500@2709</td>
<td>912@2709</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7008</td>
<td>20V4000G83 3D</td>
<td>4680 @ 1800</td>
<td>852@4680</td>
<td>1641@4680</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7009</td>
<td>20V4000G83 3D</td>
<td>4036 @ 1800</td>
<td>704@4036</td>
<td>1468@4036</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7010</td>
<td>20V4000G43 3D</td>
<td>3674 @ 1800</td>
<td>642@3674</td>
<td>1272@3674</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7011</td>
<td>20V4000G83 3B</td>
<td>4036 @ 1800</td>
<td>704@4036</td>
<td>1468@4036</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7012</td>
<td>20V4000G83 3B</td>
<td>3674 @ 1800</td>
<td>642@3674</td>
<td>1272@3674</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7013</td>
<td>20V4000G43 3D</td>
<td>3339 @ 1800</td>
<td>582@3339</td>
<td>1152@3339</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7014</td>
<td>12V4000C23 3D</td>
<td>2253 @ 1800</td>
<td>667@2253</td>
<td>756@2253</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7015</td>
<td>12V4000C23R 3D</td>
<td>2025 @ 1800</td>
<td>597@2025</td>
<td>679@2025</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7016</td>
<td>12V4000C13L 3D</td>
<td>1911 @ 1800</td>
<td>567@1911</td>
<td>647@1911</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7017</td>
<td>12V4000C13R 3D</td>
<td>1801 @ 1800</td>
<td>539@1801</td>
<td>613@1801</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7018</td>
<td>12V4000C23R 3D</td>
<td>1600 @ 1800</td>
<td>438@1600</td>
<td>550@1600</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7019</td>
<td>16V4000C23 3D</td>
<td>3004 @ 1800</td>
<td>701@3004</td>
<td>1022@3004</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7020</td>
<td>16V4000C23R 3D</td>
<td>2699 @ 1800</td>
<td>628@2699</td>
<td>919@2699</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7021</td>
<td>16V4000C13L 3D</td>
<td>2501 @ 1800</td>
<td>589@2501</td>
<td>868@2501</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7022</td>
<td>16V4000C13R 3D</td>
<td>2347 @ 1800</td>
<td>555@2347</td>
<td>822@2347</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7023</td>
<td>16V4000C13R 3D</td>
<td>2001 @ 1800</td>
<td>480@2001</td>
<td>701@2001</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7024</td>
<td>20V4000C23R 3D</td>
<td>4023 @ 1800</td>
<td>740@4023</td>
<td>1409@4023</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7025</td>
<td>20V4000C23 3D</td>
<td>3755 @ 1800</td>
<td>680@3755</td>
<td>1308@3755</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7026</td>
<td>20V4000C13L 3D</td>
<td>3185 @ 1800</td>
<td>580@3185</td>
<td>1100@3185</td>
<td>Genset</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMDDL95.4XTR</td>
<td>7027</td>
<td>12V4000S23 3D</td>
<td>1911 @ 1900</td>
<td>649@1911</td>
<td>663@1911</td>
<td>9221@1475</td>
<td>619@9221</td>
<td>613@9221</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix D
HRA Summary and AAQA
San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District
Risk Management Review

To: Robert Rinaldi, AQE – Permit Services
From: Jennifer Hart, AQS – Technical Services
Date: August 12, 2010
Factory Name: Tulare Regional Medical Ctr
Location: 869 N Cherry St, Tulare
Application #(s): S-131-9-0, 10-0
Project #: S-1102546

A. RMR SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Categories</th>
<th>Emergency DICE (Unit 9-0) and (Unit 10-0)</th>
<th>Project Totals</th>
<th>Facility Totals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prioritization Score</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Hazard Index</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Hazard Index</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Individual Cancer Risk (10^{-6})</td>
<td>0.71 (each engine)</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>1.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-BACT Required?</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Permit Conditions?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Prioritization for this unit was not conducted since it has been determined that all diesel-fired IC engines will result in prioritization scores greater than 1.0.
2 Acute and Chronic Hazard Indices were not calculated since there is no risk factor or the risk factor is so low that it has been determined to be insignificant for this type of unit.

Proposed Permit Conditions

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels; the following permit conditions must be included for:

Units # 9-0 and 10-0

1. The PM10 emissions rate shall not exceed 0.149 g/bhp-hr based on US EPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rules 2201]

2. The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]

3. This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. Operation of the engine for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
4. The stack height of each engine will be limited to 17 feet.

5. The stack diameter of each engine will be limited to 16 inches.

B. RMR REPORT

I. Project Description

Technical Services received a request on July 23, 2010, to perform an Ambient Air Quality Analysis and a Risk Management Review for two 2328 bhp emergency diesel-fired IC engines powering electric generators.

II. Analysis

Technical Services performed a screening level health risk assessment using the District’s Diesel Internal Combustion Engine (DICE) database.

The following parameters were used for the review:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analysis Parameters for Units 9-0 and 10-0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unit #s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9-0 and 10-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Location Type | Urban | Receptor Type | Business

*A higher risk was found at a distance of 150 meters; therefore, the risk at 150 meters was used for this project.

Technical Services performed modeling for criteria pollutants CO, NOx, SOx and PM$_{10}$, as well as a RMR. The emission rates used for criteria pollutant modeling were 150.7 lb/day CO, 444.1 lb/day NOx, 0.6 lb/day SOx, and 15.9 lb/day PM$_{10}$. The engineer supplied the maximum fuel rate for the IC engine used during the analysis.

The results from the Criteria Pollutant Modeling are as follows:

Criteria Pollutant Modeling Results*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diesel ICE</th>
<th>1 Hour</th>
<th>3 Hours</th>
<th>8 Hours</th>
<th>24 Hours</th>
<th>Annual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOx</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOx</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM$_{10}$</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Pass$^4$</td>
<td>Pass$^5$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Results were taken from the attached PSD spreadsheet.

$^1$The project was compared to the 1-hour NO2 National Ambient Air Quality Standard that became effective on April 12, 2010 using the District’s approved procedures. The criteria pollutant 1-hour value passed using TIER IV NO2 NAAQS modeling.

$^2$The criteria pollutants are below EPA’s level of significance as found in 40 CFR Part 51.165 (b)(2). The height and diameter needed to be adjusted to get the diesel IC engines to pass the PM$_{10}$ 24 hour standard.
III. Conclusion

The emissions from the proposed equipment will not cause or contribute significantly to a violation of the State and National AAQS.

The cancer risk factor associated with the operation of each diesel IC engine is less than 1.0 in a million. In accordance with the District's Risk Management Policy, the project is approved without Toxic Best Available Control Technology (T-BACT).

To ensure that human health risks will not exceed District allowable levels, the permit conditions listed on page 1 of this report must be included for this proposed unit.

These conclusions are based on the data provided by the applicant and the project engineer. Therefore, this analysis is valid only as long as the proposed data and parameters do not change.

Attachments:

A. RMR request from the project engineer
B. Additional information from the applicant/project engineer
C. Toxic emissions summary
D. Diesel Internal Combustion Engine (DICE) printout
E. AAQA Report
F. NO2 NAAQS Report
G. AERMOD Non-Regulatory Option Checklist
Quarterly Net Emissions Change (QNEC)

The Quarterly Net Emissions Change is used to complete the emission profile screen for the District's PAS database. The QNEC shall be calculated as follows:

\[ \text{QNEC} = \text{PE2} - \text{PE1}, \]

where:

- **QNEC** = Quarterly Net Emissions Change for each emissions unit, lb/qtr
- **PE2** = Post-Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr
- **PE1** = Pre-Project Potential to Emit for each emissions unit, lb/qtr

Since this is a new unit, **PE1** = 0 for all pollutants. Thus, **QNEC** = **PE2** (lb/qtr).

Using the **PE2** (lb/yr) values calculated in Section VII.C.2, Quarterly PE2 is calculated as follows:

\[ \text{PE2}_{\text{quarterly}} = \frac{\text{PE2 (lb/yr)}}{4 \text{ quarters/year}} = \text{QNEC} \]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>PE2 Total (lb/yr)</th>
<th>Quarterly PE2 (lb/qtr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NO(_x)</td>
<td>1072</td>
<td>268.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO(_x)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM(_{10})</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>364</td>
<td>91.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>14.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix F
Aerial Photo of Facility and Adjacent Schools