OCT 25 2012

Carlton Jordan
Shell Pipeline Company, LP
20945 S. Wilmington Ave
Carson, CA 90810

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
District Facility # S-77
Project # S-1112459

Dear Mr. Jordan:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District’s analysis of Shell Pipeline’s application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its pipeline pump station Lost Hills, CA, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Leonard Scandura, Permit Services Manager, at (661) 392-5500.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: RR/cm

Attachments
OCT 25 2012

Gerardo C. Rios, Chief
Permits Office (AIR-3)
U.S. EPA - Region IX
75 Hawthorne St
San Francisco, CA 94105

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
District Facility # S-77
Project # S-1112459

Dear Mr. Rios:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District’s analysis of Shell Pipeline’s application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its pipeline pump station Lost Hills, CA, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 45-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Leonard Scandura, Permit Services Manager, at (661) 392-5500.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: RR/cm

Attachments
OCT 25 2012

Mike Tollstrup, Chief
Project Assessment Branch
Air Resources Board
P O Box 2815
Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
District Facility # S-77
Project # S-1112459

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Shell Pipeline's application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its pipeline pump station Lost Hills, CA, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Leonard Scandura, Permit Services Manager, at (661) 392-5500.

Sincerely,

[Signature]
David Warner
Director of Permit Services

DW: RR/cm

Attachments

Sayed Sadredin
Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

Northern Region
4800 Enterprise Way
Modesto, CA 95356-8718
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Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725
Tel: 661-382-5500 FAX: 661-382-5585

www.valleyair.org www.healthyairliving.com
NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION
FOR THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF
FEDERALLY MANDATED OPERATING PERMITS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed issuance of the Federally Mandated Operating permits to Shell Pipeline Company, LP for its pipeline pump station Lost Hills, CA, California.

The District's analysis of the legal and factual basis for this proposed action, project #S-1112459, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. There are no emission changes associated with this proposed action. This will be the public's only opportunity to comment on the specific conditions of the proposed Federally Mandated Operating initial permits. If requested by the public, the District will hold a public hearing regarding issuance of this initial permit. For additional information, please contact Mr. Leonard Scandura, Permit Services Manager, at (661) 392-5500. Written comments on the proposed initial permit must be submitted within 30 days of the publication date of this notice to DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 1990 E. GETTYSBURG AVE, FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93726-0244.
# SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY
# UNIFIED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

*Shell Pipeline Company, LP
Facility: S-77*

## INITIAL TITLE V PERMIT
PROPOSED ENGINEERING EVALUATION
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INITIAL TITLE V APPLICATION REVIEW

Project #: S-1112459
Deemed Complete: June 16, 2011

Facility Number: S-77
Facility Name: Shell Pipeline Company, LP

Mailing Address: 20945 S. Wilmington Ave.
                Carson, CA 90810

Contact Name: Carlton Jordan
Phone: (310) 816-2060

Responsible Official: Michael Brigham
Title: Operations Manager

Engineer: Robert Rinaldi  
Date: October 17, 2012

I. PROPOSAL

Shell Pipeline Company, LP is proposing that an initial Title V permit be issued for its existing Carneras Pump Station near Lost Hills, CA. The purpose of this evaluation is to identify all applicable requirements, determine if the facility will comply with those applicable requirements, and to provide the legal and factual basis for proposed permit conditions.

II. FACILITY LOCATION

Shell Pipeline Company’s Carneras Pump Station is located near Lost Hills, CA at SW/4, Sec. 34, T27S, R20E.
III. EQUIPMENT LISTING

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is shown in Attachment B.

A summary of the exempt equipment categories which describe the insignificant activities or equipment at the facility not requiring a permit is shown in Attachment C. This equipment is not exempt from facility-wide requirements.

IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE

The applicant has requested to utilize template #SJV-UM-0-3, Facility-Wide Umbrella General Permit Template, for unit S-77-0-2. Based on the information submitted on the Template Qualification Form, the applicant qualifies for the use of this template.

V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW

Certain segments of the proposed Operating Permit are based on model general permit templates that have been previously subject to EPA and public review. The terms and conditions from the model general permit templates are included in the proposed permit and are not subject to further EPA and public review.

For permit applications utilizing model general permit templates, public and agency comments on the District’s proposed actions are limited to the applicant’s eligibility for model general permit template, applicable requirements not covered by the model general permit template, and the applicable procedural requirements for issuance of Title V Operating Permits.

The following permit conditions, including their underlying applicable requirements, originate from model general permit templates and are not subject to further EPA or public review:

- Conditions 1 through 42 on facility wide requirements S-77-0-1.
VI. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS ADDRESSED BY GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATES

District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown (amended December 17, 1992) (Non-SIP replacement for Kern County Rule 111)

District Rule 1160, Emission Statements (adopted November 18, 1992)

District Rule 2010, Permits Required (amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2020, Exemptions (amended August 18, 2011)

District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits (amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2040, Applications (amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications (amended December 17, 1992)

District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval (amended December 17, 1992)


District Rule 4101, Visible Emissions (amended February 17, 2005)

District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings (amended December 17, 2009)

District Rule 8021, Construction, Demolition Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities (amended August 19, 2004)

District Rule 8031, Bulk Materials (amended August 19, 2004)

District Rule 8041, Carryout and Trackout (amended August 19, 2004)

District Rule 8051, Open Areas (amended August 19, 2004)

District Rule 8061, Paved and Unpaved Roads (amended August 19, 2004)


40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B and F, Stratospheric Ozone

40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emissions Standard for Asbestos
VII. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS NOT ADDRESSED BY GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATES

District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (amended April 21, 2011)

District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits (amended June 21, 2001)


40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb—Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984

District Rule 4305, Boilers, S.G. and heaters - Phase 2 (amended 8/21/03)
District Rule 4306, Boilers, S.G. and heaters - Phase 2 (amended 10/16/08)
District Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options For Boilers, Steam Generators, And Process Heaters Greater Than 5.0 Mmbtu/Hr (amended 10/16/08)
District Rule 4623, Storage of Organic Liquids (amended 5/19/05)
District Rule 4701, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1 (amended 8/21/03)
District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 2 (amended 8/18/11)
District Rule 4801, Sulfur Compounds (amended 12/17/92)
VIII. EVALUATION OF POTENTIALLY-APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

In preparing this evaluation, there were several regulations that could have affected this stationary source. The applicability of these regulations were evaluated and found to not apply to the facility’s operation. The purpose of this section is to explain why these regulations were found to not apply in the specific circumstances of this stationary source.


Overall, 40 CFR 63 relates to hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). Subpart EEEE applies to facilities that are major sources of HAPs. Since the facility is not a major source for HAPs, the provisions of this subpart do not apply to the operations at this facility.

IX. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permits. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility’s Title V permit are designated as Federally Enforceable through Title V Permit.

This facility is subject to District Rule 4102 (Nuisance) that is not currently federally enforceable. For this facility, Condition 1 of the requirements for the facility-wide permit S-77-0-1 is based District Rule 4102 and the condition is not Federally Enforceable through Title V.

IX. COMPLIANCE

A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

The applicant is proposing to use a general permit template to address federally applicable facility-wide requirements. Section IV of template SJV-UM-0-3 includes a demonstration of compliance for all applicable requirements. Template conditions have been added to the facility wide requirements (draft PTO S-77-0-1) as condition numbers 1 through 42 to assure compliance with these requirements.
B. Requirements Not Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

1. District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (District NSR Rule)

The permit units were subject to the District NSR Rule upon application for Authority to Construct (ATC). In accordance with the White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, dated July 10, 1995, conditions from the resulting PTO were addressed to define how NSR permit terms should be incorporated into the Title V permit.

a. 55,000 BBL riveted internal floating roof storage tank #55GI5 with metallic shoe primary seal and secondary wiper seal (S-77-9-7)
   • Conditions 1 through 10 comply with the requirements of this rule.

b. 150,000 BBL welded external floating roof crude oil storage tank with metallic shoe primary seal and secondary wiper seal (S-77-11-6)
   • Conditions 1 through 8 comply with the requirements of this rule.

c. 460 BHP Caterpillar Model 3406 diesel-fired emergency IC engine powering a firewater pump (Carneras Pump Station) (S-77-13-1)
   • Conditions 1, 2 and 6 comply with the requirements of this rule.

d. 126,000 BBL welded external floating roof tank #126gl6 with metallic shoe primary seal and secondary wiper seal (S-77-14-7)
   • Conditions 1 through 9 comply with the requirements of this rule.

2. District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits

The purpose of this rule is to provide an administrative mechanism for issuing operating permits for new and modified sources of air contaminants in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR Part 70; an administrative mechanism for issuing renewed operating permits for sources of air contaminants in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR Part 70; an administrative mechanism for revising, reopening, revoking,
and terminating operating permits for sources of air contaminants in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR Part 70; an administrative mechanism for incorporating requirements authorized by preconstruction permits issued under District Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review) in a Part 70 permit as administrative amendments, provided that such permits meet procedural requirements substantially equivalent to the requirements of 40 CFR 70.7 and 70.8, and compliance requirements substantially equivalent to those contained in 40 CFR 70.6; and the applicable federal and local requirements to appear on a single permit.

Section 5.3.2 requires that the permittee file an application for a permit modification prior to implementing the requested change. This also applies to sources not previously subject to the requirements of this rule that become subject to the requirements due to a minor or significant modification.

- The applicant has filed the application for the change in status from not subject to Part 70 to subject to Part 70 as evidenced by this evaluation.

**Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting**

There are no federally applicable Greenhouse Gas (GHG) requirements for this source. It should be noted that the Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting rule (40 CFR Part 98) is not included in the definition of an applicable requirement within Title V (per 40 CFR 71.2). Therefore, there will be no further discussion of GHG in this evaluation.

3. **District Rule 4305, Boilers, S.G. and heaters - Phase 2**

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NOx) and carbon monoxide (CO) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters. This rule applies to any gaseous fuel or liquid fuel fired boiler, steam generator, or process heater with a rated heat input greater than 5 million Btu per hour.

a. dormant 12.5 MMBtu/hr gas-fired JF thermal heater

- Conditions 4 through 9 comply with the requirements of this rule
4. District Rule 4306, Boilers, S.G. and heaters - Phase 3
   The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NOx) and carbon monoxide (CO) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.
   
   a. dormant 12.5 MMBtu/hr gas-fired JF thermal heater
   
   • Conditions 1 through 3 require that this non-compliant dormant unit must receive an ATC and be modified to comply with this Rule before the permit unit may be operated.

5. District Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options For Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater Than 5.0 MMBtu/hr.
   The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of sulfur (SO2), and particulate matter 10 microns or less (PM10) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.
   
   a. dormant 12.5 MMBtu/hr gas-fired JF thermal heater
   
   • Conditions 1 through 3 require that this non-compliant dormant unit must receive an ATC and be modified to comply with this Rule before the permit unit may be operated.

6. District Rule 4623, Storage of Organic Liquids
   This rule applies to any tank with a capacity of 1,100 gallons or greater in which any organic liquid is placed, held, or stored, pursuant to Section 2.0, Applicability. Operators with tanks subject to control requirements are required to control emissions from the stored liquid through installing a pressure-vacuum relief valve, or an internal floating roof, or an external floating roof, or vent the tank to either a vapor recovery system, or a pressure vessel. The options available to the operator depend on the size of the tank and the vapor pressure of the stored organic liquid. The applicant has elected to install one internal floating roof storage tank with a metallic shoe primary seal and secondary wiper seal and two welded external floating roof crude oil storage tank with metallic shoe primary seal and secondary wiper seal as the control technique for the facility's three crude oil storage tanks.
The following conditions listed in the attached draft Title V permit comply with the requirements of this rule.

**Permit S-77-9-7:**

Conditions 11 through 39, 41 and 43.

**Permit S-77-11-5:**

Conditions 9, 12 through 39 and 43 through 46.

**Permit S-77-14-6:**

Conditions 10, 12, 14 through 40 and 44 through 47.

7. **District Rule 4701, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1**

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines. Except as provided in Section 4.0, the provisions of this rule apply to any internal combustion engine, rated greater than 50 bhp that requires a Permit to Operate (PTO).

There is one (1) diesel fired emergency fired IC engine involved with this project. Pursuant to Section 2.0 of Rule 4701, this engine is subject to District Rule 4701 – *Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1*. In addition, this engine is also subject to District Rule 4702 – *Internal Combustion Engines*.

Since the emission limits of District Rule 4702 and all other requirements are equivalent or more stringent than District Rule 4701 requirements, compliance with Rule 4702 requirements will satisfy the requirements of Rule 4701. No further discussion is required.
8. **District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines**

The SIP approved version of Rule 4702 are is the version amended on 1/18/07. Rule 4702 was amended on 8/18/11, however, these amendments have not yet been approved into the SIP.

The 8/19/11 amendments established more stringent NOx emission limits and impose fuel sulfur requirements for non-agricultural operation spark ignited IC engines. Compliance with these requirements is phased in beginning in 2014. This engine is an emergency IC engine and the conditions below will insure compliance with the emergency engine requirements of Rule 4702.

a. 460 BHP Caterpillar Model 3406 diesel-fired emergency IC engine powering a firewater pump (Carneras Pump Station) (S-77-13-1)

- Conditions 5, 7, 8, 9 and 14 comply with the requirements of this rule.

9. **District Rule 4801, Sulfur Compounds**

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of sulfur compounds. A maximum concentration and test method are specified.

Sections 3.1 and 3.2 specify the emission limits and the test methods used to determine such emissions. District Rule 4801 has been submitted to the EPA to replace Kern County Rule 407 but is not SIP approved. District Rule 4801 is at least as stringent as Kern County Rule 407, as demonstrated in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>District Rule 4801</th>
<th>Kern County Rule 407</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere sulfur compounds, which</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>would exist as a liquid or gas at standard conditions, exceeding in</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>concentration at the point of discharge: two-tenths (0.2) percent by</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>volume calculated as sulfur dioxides (SO₂), on a dry basis averaged over</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>15 consecutive minutes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPA Method 8 and ARB Method 1-100 (Continuous Emission Stack Sampling)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shall be used to determine such emissions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Diesel-Fired Internal Combustion (IC) Engine

Diesel fired units at this facility are limited to the combustion of diesel fuel with a sulfur content of less than or equal to 0.0015% by weight. The following demonstration illustrates, by stoichiometric mass balance that the proposed limitation is more stringent than either District Rule 4801 or Kern County Rule 407.

Rule 4801 requires that sulfur compound emissions (as SO$_2$) shall not exceed 0.2% by volume. Using the ideal gas equation, the sulfur compound emissions are calculated as follows:

\[
\text{Volume SO}_2 = (n \times R \times T) + P
\]

\[
n = \text{moles SO}_2
\]

\[
T \text{ (standard temperature) } = 60 \text{ °F or } 520 \text{ °R}
\]

\[
R \text{ (universal gas constant) } = \frac{10.73 \text{ psi} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{\text{lb} \cdot \text{mol} \cdot \text{°R}}
\]

\[
\frac{0.000015 \text{ lb - S}}{\text{lb - fuel}} \times \frac{7.1 \text{ lb}}{\text{gallon}} \times \frac{64 \text{ lb - SO}_2}{9.051 \text{ scf}} \times \frac{1 \text{ MMBtu}}{1 \text{ gallon}} \times \frac{1 \text{ gal}}{1 \text{ lb - mol}} \times \frac{10.73 \text{ psi} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{64 \text{ lb - SO}_2} \times \frac{520 \text{ °R}}{\text{lb - mol} \cdot \text{°R}} \times \frac{14.7 \text{ psi}}{1,000,000} = 1.0 \text{ ppmv}
\]

Since 1.0 ppmv is ≤ 2,000 ppmv, this engine is expected to comply with Rule 4801.

a. 460 BHP Caterpillar Model 3406 diesel-fired emergency IC engine powering a firewater pump (Carneras Pump Station) (S-77-13-1)

- Condition 6 complies with the requirements of this rule.


The tank (S-77-9) was constructed prior to June 11, 1973 and has not undergone reconstruction or modification pursuant to the definitions in 40 CFR Part 60.2. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.

The tank (S-77-11) was constructed, modified or reconstructed after July 23, 1984. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.

The tank (S-77-14) was constructed, modified or reconstructed after July 23, 1984. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.

The tank (S-77-9) was constructed prior to June 11, 1973 and has not undergone reconstruction or modification pursuant to the definitions in 40 CFR Part 60.2. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.

The tank (S-77-11) was constructed, modified or reconstructed after July 23, 1984. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.

The tank (S-77-14) was constructed, modified or reconstructed after July 23, 1984. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.


The tank (S-77-9) was constructed prior to June 11, 1973 and has not undergone reconstruction or modification pursuant to the definitions in 40 CFR Part 60.2. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.

The tank (S-77-11) was constructed, modified or reconstructed after July 23, 1984. Therefore, this subpart is applicable.

- Conditions 7, 10, 12 through 21, 23, 25, 28 through 32, 40 through 44, 46 through 49, comply with the requirements of this regulation.

The tank (S-77-14) was constructed, modified or reconstructed after July 23, 1984. Therefore, this subpart is applicable.

- Conditions 8, 11, 13 through 22, 24, 26, 29 through 33, 41 through 45, 47 through 50, comply with the requirements of this regulation.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to owners and operators of stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engines (ICE) that commence construction, reconstruction, or modification after June 12, 2006.

The emergency diesel-fired IC engine (S-77-13) is not spark ignited. Therefore, this subpart is not applicable.


This subpart establishes national emission limitations and operating limitations for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) located at major and area sources of HAP emissions. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the emission limitations and operating limitations.

Overall, 40 CFR 63 relates to hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). Subpart ZZZZ applies to facilities that are major sources of HAPs. Since the facility is not a major source for HAPs, the provisions of this subpart do not apply to the operations at this facility.

15.40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring

This part requires Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for units that meet the following three criteria:

1. The unit has an emission limitation or standard for the pollutant.
2. The unit has add-on controls for the pollutant (e.g. flue gas recirculation, baghouses, catalytic oxidizers).
3. The unit has a pre-control potential to emit greater than the major source threshold for the pollutant.

The storage tanks have floating roofs, and floating roofs constitute passive emission control systems. Since the emission control system is passive, CAM does not apply to the tanks.

The emergency diesel IC engine does not have add-on controls and CAM does not apply.
X. PERMIT SHIELD

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

A. Requirements Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

By using the model general permit template listed in Section IV of this evaluation, the applicant has requested that a permit shield be issued for requirements addressed in the template. The basis for each permit shield is discussed in the Permit Shield section of the template. The permit shields are included in the facility-wide permit S-77-0-1 as Conditions 40 and 41.

B. Requirements not Addressed by Model General Permit Templates

40 CFR 60 Subparts K, Ka, and Kb

The applicant has requested a permit shield from these federal standards. District staff has determined that these subparts do not apply to tank S-77-9. The applicant’s request has been added as Condition 42 of the draft Title V permits for units. In addition, for tanks S-77-11 and S-77-14 it has been determined that Subparts K and Ka do not apply. Conditions 52 and 53, respectively, grant a permit shield.

XI. PERMIT CONDITIONS

See draft initial Title V permit in Attachment A.
Attachment A

Draft Initial Title V Permits
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: S-77-0-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 08/31/2014

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. (98) No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. (4362) The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. (4363) The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. (4364) The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. (4365) Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. (4366) The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.9.1 and 9.13.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. (4367) A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. (4368) Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. (4369) The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.
10. The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. {4383} No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101, and County Rules 401 (in all eight counties in the San Joaquin Valley)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. {4384} No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in Table of Standards I effective until 12/30/10 or Table of Standards II effective on and after 1/1/11 of District Rule 4601 (12/17/09) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. {4385} All VOC-containing materials subject to Rule 4601 (12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. {4386} The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (12/17/09). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. {4387} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. {4388} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. {4389} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. {4390} Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8021 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. {4391} Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8031 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. {4392} An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8041 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. {4393} Whenever open areas are disturbed, or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8051 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. {4394} Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8061 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
35. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 50 Average annual daily Trips (AADT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 150 vehicle trips per day (VDT) shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. On each day that 25 or more VDT with 3 or more axles will occur on an unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.3 of District Rule 8071. On each day when a special event will result in 1,000 or more vehicles that will travel/park on an unpaved area, the owner/operator shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.4 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/2004) or Rule 8011 (8/19/2004). [District Rule 8071 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 401 (Madera, Fresno, Kern, Kings, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Tulare and Merced), Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings), and Rule 202 (Fresno, Kern, Tulare, Kings, Madera, Stanislaus, Merced, San Joaquin). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed in compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (2/17/05); 4601 (12/17/09); 8021 (8/19/2004); 8031 (8/19/2004); 8041 (8/19/2004); 8051 (8/19/2004); 8061 (8/19/2004); and 8071 (9/16/2004). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. On xxx/xxxx the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report begin July 1st of every year, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-77-1-8
SECTION: SW34 TOWNSHIP: 27S RANGE: 20E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
DORMANT 12.5 MMBTU/HR GAS-FIRED J F THERMAL HEATER

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No modification to this unit shall be performed without an Authority to Construct for such modification(s), except for changes specified in conditions below. [District Rule 2010] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The fuel supply line shall be physically disconnected from this unit. [District Rule 4306 and 4320] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. This equipment shall not be operated for any reason until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits required to comply with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4306 and all other applicable District regulations. [District Rule 4306 and 4329] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Unit shall be maintained and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations. [District Rule 4305] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. Heater shall be fueled only on natural gas or LPG. [District Rule 4305] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Total heat input to this unit shall be less than 30 billion Btu per calendar year. [District Rule 4305] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Unit shall be tuned within 30 days of startup and at least once each calendar year in which it operates thereafter, by a qualified technician in accordance with Rule 4304. [District Rules 2201, 4304, 4305] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Unit shall be equipped with a non-resettable fuel flow meter. A master meter which serves more than one unit may be used, provided either: (1) the total heat input to all of the units is less than 30 billion Btu/yr, or (2) the permittee monitors the operation of each unit to determine the amount of fuel consumed by each unit. [District Rule 4305] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permittee shall maintain accurate records of monthly and annual fuel usage, and of dates tuning is performed for a period of five years and shall make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4305] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grain/scf at operating conditions, nor 0.1 grain/scf calculated to 12% CO2, nor 10 lb/hr. [District Rule 4201 and District Rule 4301, 5.1 and 5.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Sulfur compound emissions shall not exceed 0.2% by volume, 2000 ppmv, on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes. [District Rule 4801] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-77-9-7
SECTION: SW34 TOWNSHIP: 27S RANGE: 20E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
55,000 BBL RIVETED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF STORAGE TANK #55GL5 WITH METALLIC SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SECONDARY WIPER SEAL

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The true vapor pressure of liquid stored shall not exceed 9.2 psia. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP greater than 5.9 psia and less than or equal to 9.2 psia shall not exceed 190,000 bbl/day nor 85,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP less than or equal to 5.9 psia shall not exceed 360,000 bbl/day nor 180,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. Combined total throughput of permits S-77-9, 1-11, and 1-14 shall not exceed 550,000 bbl/day nor 265,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, 1-11, and 1-14 shall not exceed 227.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, 1-11, and 1-14 shall not exceed 41,913 lb/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. VOC emission rate shall not exceed 152.8 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. Tank shall be equipped with operational temperature indicator. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Permittee shall maintain a record of the liquid stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid during the respective storage period. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. Permittee shall maintain records of maximum daily throughput and monthly average daily throughput. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. When storing organic liquids with true vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia, the requirements of Sections 5.3, 5.5 and 6.1 of District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) shall not apply to this unit. This exemption applies to all conditions in this permit referencing Rule 4623 Sections 5.3, 5.5 or 6.1 only. [District Rule 4623, 2.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Before switching to the storage of organic liquids with true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia, all covers, seals, and lids shall be inspected by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. This includes all conditions containing District Rule 4623 reference. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
13. The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal roof shall be floating on the liquid surface except during initial fill and when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permitee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permitee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five days prior to performing the work. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 2 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1 1/2 inches shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 5 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes up to 2 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. A leak-free condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak or a liquid leak. A liquid leak is defined as the dripping of organic liquid at a rate of more than 3 drops per minute. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A liquid leak or reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 6.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof, except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer’s recommended setting. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90% of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. The permittee shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other openings on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. Permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. The tank pressure-vacuum (PV) relief valve shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank. The PV relief valve shall be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. The PV relief valve shall be properly installed and maintained in good operating order in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and shall remain in leak-free condition except when the operating pressure exceeds the valve's set pressure. [District Rule 4623, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. Permittee shall notify District at least 7 days prior to the date when unobstructed primary and secondary seal/gap testing will occur. [District Rule 1070] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. This unit was constructed prior to 1973 and has not been modified (as defined in 40 CFR 60.14) or reconstructed (as defined in 40 CFR 60.15) since 1973. Therefore, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 are not applicable to this unit. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid stored in this tank at least once every 24 months and/or whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in the tank. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D 323 (Test Method for Vapor Pressure for Petroleum Products), and converting the RVP to TVP at the tank's maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures in appendix B of District Rule 4623. Records of TVP testing shall be maintained. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2; 4623, 6.2.2, 6.3, 6.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. This tank shall only store liquid with a true vapor pressure (TVP) of 5.9 psia or less under all storage conditions. [District Rule 2201 and 4623, 5.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.110b(a), 112(b)(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP less than or equal to 5.9 psia shall not exceed 360,000 bbl/day nor 180,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Combined total throughput of permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 550,000 bbl/day nor 265,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 227.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 41,913 lb/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. VOC emission rate shall not exceed 119.4 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. Permittee shall maintain a record of the liquid stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid during the respective storage period. [40 CFR 60.116b(c) and District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permittee shall maintain records of maximum daily throughput and monthly average daily throughput. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. When storing organic liquids with true vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia, the requirements of Sections 5.3, 5.5 and 6.1 of District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) shall not apply to this unit. This exemption applies to all conditions in this permit referencing Rule 4623 Sections 5.3, 5.5 or 6.1 only. [District Rule 4623, 2.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. When storing organic liquids with true vapor pressure less than 0.75 psia, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb shall not apply to this unit. This exemption applies to all conditions in this permit referencing 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb only. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. Before switching to the storage of organic liquids with true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia, all covers, seals, and lids shall be inspected by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. This includes all conditions containing District Rule 4623 reference. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
12. Before switching to the storage of organic liquids with true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.75 psia, all covers, seals, and lids shall be inspected by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. This includes all conditions containing District Rule 4623 or 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb reference. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. This tank shall be equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals mounted on one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred as the secondary seal. [District NSR Rule; District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.2 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2, 6.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. Except for gaps meeting permit requirements, the primary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the edge of the floating roof and tank wall. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5; 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A), 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)(B) and 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. Except for gaps meeting permit requirements, the secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7; 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B) and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.2 & 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

27. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.10 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. The slotted guidepole well on an external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. The permittee of external floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

40. Measurements of gaps between the tank wall and the primary and secondary seal shall be performed during the hydrostatic testing of the vessel or within 60 days of the initial fill with a volatile organic liquid. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. If any source ceases to store volatile organic liquid for a period of 1 year or more, subsequent introduction of volatile organic liquid into the vessel shall be considered an initial fill. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. The permittee shall inspect all floating roof tanks at least once every 12 months to determine compliance with the requirements of this rule. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. Permittee shall measure seal gaps, at one or more floating roof levels when the roof is floating off the roof leg supports, around the entire circumference of the tank in each place where a 0.32-cm diameter uniform probe passes freely (without forcing or binding against seal) between the seal and the wall of the storage vessel and measure the circumferential distance of each such location. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [County Rule 107 (40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii); and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(2)(i) & (ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of this rule every time a tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. If the external floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary before filling or refilling the storage vessel. The owner or operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5 and 40 CFR 60.115b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623, 6.3 and 40 CFR 60.116(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. Permittee shall notify District at least 30 days prior to the date when unobstructed primary and secondary seal/gap measurements will occur to afford the APCO the opportunity to have an observer present. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
48. Permittee shall make necessary repairs or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification in any inspection for seals not meeting the requirements listed in 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i) and (ii). If necessary repairs cannot be made within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO. Such an extension request must include a demonstration of unavailability of alternate storage capacity and a specification of a schedule that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

49. The owner or operator of each storage vessel shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. Such records shall be retained for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. Permittee shall maintain records of daily throughput. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid stored in this tank at least once every 24 months and/or whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in the tank. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D 323 (Test Method for Vapor Pressure for Petroleum Products), and converting the RVP to TVP at the tank's maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures in appendix B of District Rule 4623. Records of TVP testing shall be maintained. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2, 4623, 6.4.3 and 6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60 Subpart Kb. A permit shield is granted form this requirement. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

Facility Name: SHELL PIPELINE COMPANY LP
Location: CARNERAS PUMP STATION, LOST HILLS, CA
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. For testing purposes, the engine shall only be operated the number of hours necessary to comply with the testing requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 25 - "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems". Total hours of operation for all maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 100 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, and the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.). For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
10. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [17 CCR 93115 and Rule 2520, 9.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115 and Rule 2520, 9.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, whenever there is a school sponsored activity. [17 CCR 93115 and Rule 2520, 9.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

13. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with the following applicable requirements of SJVUAPCD Rule 4201 (Amended December 17, 1992) and Kern County Rule 407. A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. The true vapor pressure of liquid stored shall not exceed 9.2 psia. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

2. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP greater than 5.9 psia and less than or equal to 9.2 psia shall not exceed 190,000 bbl/day nor 85,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

3. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP less than or equal to 5.9 psia shall not exceed 360,000 bbl/day nor 180,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

4. Combined total throughput of permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 550,000 bbl/day nor 265,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

5. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 227.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

6. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 41,913 lb/yr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

7. VOC emission rate shall not exceed 129.9 lb/day. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

8. Permits shall maintain a record of the liquid stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid during the respective storage period. [40 CFR 60.116b(c) and District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

9. Permits shall maintain records of maximum daily throughput and monthly average daily throughput. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

10. When storing organic liquids with true vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia, the requirements of Sections 5.3, 5.5 and 6.1 of District Rule 4623 (Amended May 19, 2005) shall not apply to this unit. This exemption applies to all conditions in this permit referencing Rule 4623 Sections 5.3, 5.5 or 6.1 only. [District Rule 4623, 2.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

11. When storing organic liquids with true vapor pressure less than 0.75 psia, the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb shall not apply to this unit. This exemption applies to all conditions in this permit referencing 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb only. [40 CFR 60.112b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

12. Before switching to the storage of organic liquids with true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia, all covers, seals, and lids shall be inspected by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. This includes all conditions containing District Rule 4623 reference. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
13. Before switching to the storage of organic liquids with true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.75 psia, all covers, seals, and lids shall be inspected by the facility operator to ensure compliance with the provisions of this permit. This includes all conditions containing District Rule 4623 or 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb reference. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

14. This tank shall be equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals mounted one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred as the secondary seal. [District NSR Rule; District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.2 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

15. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.1.3 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

16. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

17. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

18. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

19. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

20. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2, 6.1 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

21. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

22. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.3 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

23. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

24. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. Except for gaps meeting permit requirements, the primary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the edge of the floating roof and tank wall. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.5; 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A), 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)(B) and 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(C)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

25. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

26. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. Except for gaps meeting permit requirements, the secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.7, 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)(B) and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(A)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
27. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.2 & 5.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

28. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623, 3.10 and 6.4.8] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

29. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.1, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

30. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.2, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

31. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.3, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

32. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.4, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

33. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.5, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(ii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

34. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.2.6] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

35. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

36. The solid guidepole well shall be equipped with a pole wiper and a gasketed cover, seal or lid which shall be in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the well is in use. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

37. The gap between the pole wiper and the solid guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.3.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

38. The slotted guidepole well on an external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

39. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guidepole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623, 5.5.2.4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. The permittee of external floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623, 6.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

41. Measurements of gaps between the tank wall and the primary and secondary seal shall be performed during the hydrostatic testing of the vessel or within 60 days of the initial fill with a volatile organic liquid. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

42. If any source ceases to store volatile organic liquid for a period of 1 year or more, subsequent introduction of volatile organic liquid into the vessel shall be considered an initial fill. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(iii)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

43. The permittee shall inspect all floating roof tanks at least once every 12 months to determine compliance with the requirements of this rule. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. Permittee shall measure seal gaps, at one or more floating roof levels when the roof is floating off the roof leg supports, around the entire circumference of the tank in each place where a 0.32-cm diameter uniform probe passes freely (without forcing or binding against seal) between the seal and the wall of the storage vessel and measure the circumferential distance of each such location. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [County Rule 107 (40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii); and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(2)(i) & (ii)) Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

44. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of this rule every time a tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. If the external floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary before filling or refilling the storage vessel. The owner or operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling. [District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.2 and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(6)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

45. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.5 and 40 CFR 60.115b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

46. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623, 6.3.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

47. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623, 6.3 and 40 CFR 60.116b(a)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

48. Permittee shall notify District at least 30 days prior to the date when unobstructed primary and secondary seal/gap measurements will occur to afford the APCO the opportunity to have an observer present. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(5)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
49. Permittee shall make necessary repairs or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification in any inspection for seals not meeting the requirements listed in 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i) and (ii). If necessary repairs cannot be made within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the APCO. Such an extension request must include a demonstration of unavailability of alternate storage capacity and a specification of a schedule that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible. [40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

50. The owner or operator of each storage vessel shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. Such records shall be retained for the life of the source. [40 CFR 60.116b(b)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

51. Permittee shall maintain records of daily throughput. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

52. Permittee shall conduct true vapor pressure (TVP) testing of the organic liquid stored in this tank at least once every 24 months and/or whenever there is a change in the source or type of organic liquid stored in the tank. The TVP of any organic liquid shall be determined by measuring the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) using ASTM D 323 (Test Method for Vapor Pressure for Petroleum Products), and converting the RVP to TVP at the tank's maximum organic liquid storage temperature. The conversion of RVP to TVP shall be done in accordance with the procedures in appendix B of District Rule 4623. Records of TVP testing shall be maintained. [District Rule 2520, 9.3.2, 4623, 6.4.3 and 6.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

53. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with District Rule 4623 (amended May 19, 2005) and 40CFR60 Subpart Kb. A permit shield is granted for this requirement. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
Attachment B

Detailed Facility Printout
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PERMIT NUMBER</th>
<th>FEE DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>FEE RULE</th>
<th>QTY</th>
<th>FEE AMOUNT</th>
<th>FEE TOTAL</th>
<th>PERMIT STATUS</th>
<th>EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-77-1-7</td>
<td>12.5 MMBTU/HR HEATER</td>
<td>3020-02 G</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>815.00</td>
<td>815.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>12.5 MMBTU/HR GAS-FIRED J F THERMAL HEATER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-77-2-2</td>
<td>126,000 GALLONS</td>
<td>3020-05 E</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>246.00</td>
<td>246.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>3,000 BARREL FIXED ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK WITH BYPASS PIPING TO AND FROM CRUDE OIL PIPELINE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-77-7-0</td>
<td>2,310,000 GALLONS</td>
<td>3020-05 G</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>55,000 BARREL FIXED ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK #37CD1</td>
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<tr>
<td>S-77-8-0</td>
<td>2,310,000 GALLONS</td>
<td>3020-05 G</td>
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<td>382.00</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>55,000 BARREL FIXED ROOF PETROLEUM STORAGE TANK #55GL1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-77-9-6</td>
<td>2,310,000 GALLONS</td>
<td>3020-05 G</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>55,000 BBL RIVETED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF STORAGE TANK #55GL5 WITH METALLIC SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SECONDARY WIPER SEAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-77-11-5</td>
<td>6,300,000 GALLONS</td>
<td>3020-05 G</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>150,000 BBL WELDED EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK WITH METALLIC SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SECONDARY WIPER SEAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-77-13-0</td>
<td>460 BHP IC ENGINE</td>
<td>3020-10 D</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>479.00</td>
<td>479.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>460 BHP CATERPILLAR MODEL 3406 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIREWATER PUMP (CARNERAS PUMP STATION)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-77-14-6</td>
<td>5,292,000 GALLONS</td>
<td>3020-05 G</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>382.00</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>126,000 BBL WELDED EXTERNAL FLOATING ROOF TANK #126GL6 WITH METALLIC SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AND SECONDARY WIPER SEAL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Facilities Reported: 1
Attachment C

Insignificant Activities
San Joaquin Valley
Unified Air Pollution Control District
Title V Application - INCONSPICUOUS ACTIVITIES

COMPANY NAME: Shell Pipeline Company LP

FACILITY ID: S-77

Check the box next to the exemption category from Rule 2020 which describes any insignificant activity or equipment at your facility not requiring a permit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exemption Category</th>
<th>Rule 2020 Citation</th>
<th>Exemption Category</th>
<th>Rule 2020 Citation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Structure or incinerator associ. with a structure designed as a dwelling for 4 families or less</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>Containers used to store refined lubricating oils</td>
<td>6.6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locomotives, airplanes, and watercraft used to transport passengers or freight</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Unvented pressure vessels used exclusively to store liquefied gases or associ with exempt equipment</td>
<td>6.6.9 or 6.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural gas or LPG-fired boilers or other indirect heat transfer units of 5 MMBtu/hr or less</td>
<td>6.1.1</td>
<td>Portable tanks used exclusively to store produced fluids for ≤ six months</td>
<td>6.6.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston-type i.e. engine with maximum continuous rating of 50 braking horsepower (bhp) or less</td>
<td>6.1.2</td>
<td>Mobile transport tanks on delivery vehicles of VOCs</td>
<td>6.6.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas turbine engines with maximum heat input rating of 3 MMBtu/hr or less</td>
<td>6.1.3</td>
<td>Loading racks used for the transfer of less than 4,000 gal/day of unheated organic material with initial boiling point ≥ 302 F or of fuel oil with specific gravity ≥ 0.8251</td>
<td>6.7.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Space heating equipment other than boilers</td>
<td>6.1.4</td>
<td>Loading racks used for the transfer of asphalt, crude or residual oil stored in exempt tanks, or crude oil with specific gravity ≥ 0.8762</td>
<td>6.7.1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling towers with a circulation rate less than 10,000 gpm and that are not used for cooling of process water, or water from barometric jets or condensers</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>Equipment used exclusively for the transfer of refined lubricating oil</td>
<td>6.7.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of less than 2 gal/day of graphic arts materials</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>Equipment used to apply architectural coatings</td>
<td>6.8.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment at retail establishments used to prepare food for human consumption</td>
<td>6.4.1</td>
<td>Unheated, non-convoyerized cleaning equipment with &lt; 10 ft² open area; using solvents with initial boiling point ≥ 248 F; and &lt; 25 gal/yr, evaporative losses</td>
<td>6.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ovens at bakeries with total daily production less than 1,000 pounds and exempt by sec. 6.1.1</td>
<td>6.4.3</td>
<td>Bracing, soldering, or welding equipment</td>
<td>6.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment used exclusively for extruding or compression molding of rubber or plastics, where no plastizer or blowing agent is used</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>Equipment used to compress natural gas</td>
<td>6.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers used to store clean produced water</td>
<td>6.6.1</td>
<td>Fugitive emissions sources associ with exempt equipment</td>
<td>6.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers ≤ 100 bbl used to store oil with specific gravity ≥ 0.8762</td>
<td>6.6.2</td>
<td>Pits and Ponds as defined in Rule 1020</td>
<td>6.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers ≤ 100 bbl installed prior to 6/1/89 used to store oil with specific gravity ≥ 0.8762</td>
<td>6.6.3</td>
<td>On-site roadmix manufacturing and the application of roadmix as a road base material</td>
<td>6.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers with a capacity ≤ 250 gallons used to store organic material where the actual storage temperature &lt; 150 F</td>
<td>6.6.4</td>
<td>Emissions less than 2 lb/day from units not included above</td>
<td>6.19</td>
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<tr>
<td>Containers used to store unheated organic material with an initial boiling point ≥ 302 F</td>
<td>6.6.5</td>
<td>Venting PUC quality natural gas from the sole purpose of pipeline and compressor repair and or maintenance</td>
<td>7.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers used to store fuel oils or non-air-blown asphalt with specific gravity ≥ 0.9042</td>
<td>6.6.6</td>
<td>Non-structural repairs &amp; maintenance to permitted equipment</td>
<td>7.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers used to store petroleum distillates used as motor fuel with specific gravity ≥ 0.8251</td>
<td>6.6.7</td>
<td>Detonation of explosives ≤ 100 lb/day and 1,000 lb/year</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

☐ No insignificant activities (Check this box if no equipment in the above categories exist at your facility.)

TVFORM-003
(Rev. September 2021)
Attachment D

Current Permits
Permit to Operate

FACILITY: S-77
LEGAL OWNER OR OPERATOR: SHELL PIPELINE COMPANY LP
MAILING ADDRESS: 20945 S WILMINGTON AVE
                    CARSON, CA 90810-1039
FACILITY LOCATION: CARNERAS PUMP STATION
                    LOST HILLS, CA
FACILITY DESCRIPTION: PETROLEUM PIPELINES

EXPIRATION DATE: 08/31/2014

The Facility’s Permit to Operate may include Facility-wide Requirements as well as requirements that apply to specific permit units.

This Permit to Operate remains valid through the permit expiration date listed above, subject to payment of annual permit fees and compliance with permit conditions and all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. This permit is valid only at the location specified above, and becomes void upon any transfer of ownership or location. Any modification of the equipment or operation, as defined in District Rule 2201, will require prior District approval. This permit shall be posted as prescribed in District Rule 2010.

Seyed Sadredin
Executive Director / APCO

David Warner
Director of Permit Services
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. No modification to this unit shall be performed without an Authority to Construct for such modification(s), except for changes specified in conditions below. [District Rule 2010]
3. The fuel supply line shall be physically disconnected from this unit. [District Rule 4306]
4. This equipment shall not be operated for any reason until an Authority to Construct permit is issued approving all necessary retrofits required to comply with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4306 and all other applicable District regulations. [District Rule 4306]
5. Unit shall be maintained and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations. [District Rule 4305]
6. Heater shall be fueled only on natural gas or LPG. [District Rule 4305]
7. Total heat input to this unit shall be less than 30 billion Btu per calendar year. [District Rule 4305]
8. Unit shall be tuned within 30 days of startup and at least once each calendar year in which it operates thereafter, by a qualified technician in accordance with Rule 4304. [District Rules 2201, 4304, 4305]
9. Unit shall be equipped with a non-resettable fuel flow meter. A master meter which serves more than one unit may be used, provided either: (1) the total heat input to all of the units is less than 30 billion Btu/yr, or (2) the permittee monitors the operation of each unit to determine the amount of fuel consumed by each unit. [District Rule 4305]
10. Permittee shall maintain accurate records of monthly and annual fuel usage, and of dates tuning is performed for a period of five years and shall make such records readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4305]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-77-9-6
EXPIRATION DATE: 08/31/2014
SECTION: SW34   TOWNSHIP: 27S   RANGE: 20E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
55,000 BBL. RIVETED INTERNAL FLOATING ROOF STORAGE TANK #55GL5 WITH METALLIC SHOE PRIMARY SEAL
AND SECONDARY WIPER SEAL

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. The true vapor pressure of liquid stored shall not exceed 9.2 psia. [District Rule 2201]
3. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP greater than 5.9 psia and less than or equal to 9.2 psia shall not exceed 190,000 bbl/day nor 85,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]
4. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP less than or equal to 5.9 psia shall not exceed 360,000 bbl/day nor 180,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]
5. Combined total throughput of permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 550,000 bbl/day nor 265,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]
6. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 227.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
7. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 41,913 lb/yr. [District Rule 2201]
8. VOC emission rate shall not exceed 152.8 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
9. Tank shall be equipped with operational temperature indicator. [District Rule 2201]
10. The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal roof shall be floating on the liquid surface except during initial fill and when the storage vessel is completely emptied or subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five days prior to performing the work. [District Rule 4623]
11. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 2 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623]
12. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1 1/2 inches shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623]
13. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623]
14. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623]
15. No gap between the tank shell and the secondary seal shall exceed 1/2 inch. [District Rule 4623]
16. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
17. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 18 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

18. The geometry of the metallic shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 5 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623]

19. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623]

20. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes up to 2 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623]

21. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623]

22. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623]

23. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623]

24. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof, except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and rim space vents, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

25. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use. [District Rule 4623]

26. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623]

27. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623]

28. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90% of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623]

29. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover. The fabric sleeve must be impermeable. [District Rule 4623]

30. The permittee shall visually inspect the internal floating roof, and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc. and measure the gaps of the primary seal and/or secondary seal prior to filling the tank for newly constructed, repair, or rebuilt internal floating roof tanks. If holes, tears, or openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof or its appurtenant parts, components, fittings, etc., are found, they shall be repaired prior to filling the tank. [District Rule 4623]

31. The permittee shall visually inspect, through the manholes, roof hatches, or other openings on the fixed roof, the internal floating roof and its appurtenant parts, fittings, etc., and the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 12 months after the tank is initially filled with an organic liquid. There should be no visible organic liquid on the roof, tank walls, or anywhere. Other than the gap criteria specified by this rule, no holes, tears, or other openings are allowed that would permit the escape of vapors. Any defects found are violations of this rule. [District Rule 4623]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
32. The permittee shall conduct actual gap measurements of the primary seal and/or secondary seal at least once every 60 months. [District Rule 4623]

33. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623]

34. Permittee shall maintain the records of the internal floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623]

35. Permittee shall maintain a record of the liquid stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid during the respective storage period. [District Rule 2201]

36. Permittee shall maintain records of maximum daily throughput and monthly average daily throughput. [District Rule 2201]

37. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. The true vapor pressure of liquid stored shall not exceed 5.9 psia. [District Rule 2201]
3. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP less than or equal to 5.9 psia shall not exceed 360,000 bbl/day nor 180,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]
4. Combined total throughput of permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 550,000 bbl/day nor 265,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]
5. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 227.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
6. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, '11, and '14 shall not exceed 41,913 lb/yr. [District Rule 2201]
7. VOC emission rate shall not exceed 119.4 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]
8. This tank shall be equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals mounted one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred as the secondary seal. [District Rule 4623]
9. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4001, District Rule 4623, 5.3.1, and 40 CFR 60.12b(a)(2)(i)]
10. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623]
11. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [District Rule 4001, 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i), and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)]
12. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm2 per meter of tank diameter. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(4)(i)]
13. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623]
14. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
15. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623]

16. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623]

17. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4001, District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2, and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)]

18. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623]

19. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

20. The geometry of the metallic-shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623]

21. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623]

22. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623]

23. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623]

24. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)]

25. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623]

26. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv, above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623]

27. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623]

28. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623]

29. The permittee of external floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623]

30. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals at least once every 12 months to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4001, District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1, and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)]
31. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(4)(i)]

32. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(4)(iii)]

33. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623]

34. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases; 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)]

35. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(5)]

36. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(6)(i)]

37. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(6)(ii)]

38. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(6)(ii)]

39. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)]

40. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)]

41. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)]

42. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113(b)(4)]

43. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116(b)]

44. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)]
45. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116(b)(3)(iii)]

46. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116(b)(1)]

47. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116(b)(2)(i)]

48. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116(b)(f)]

49. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116(b)(d)]

50. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

51. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623]

52. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623]

53. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623]

54. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

55. The slotted guide pole well on an external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

56. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guide pole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623]

57. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of this rule every time a tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623]
58. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623]

59. Permittee shall maintain a record of the liquid stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid during the respective storage period. [40 CFR 60.116b(c) and District Rule 2201]

60. Permittee shall maintain records of maximum daily throughput and monthly average daily throughput. [District Rule 2201]

61. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623]
San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: S-77-13-0                              EXPIRATION DATE: 08/31/2014
SECTION: SW34   TOWNSHIP: 27S   RANGE: 20E
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:
480 BHP CATERPILLAR MODEL 3406 DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIREWATER PUMP
(CARNERAS PUMP STATION)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District Rule 2201]
3. The engine shall be equipped with a turbocharger and with an aftercooler or intercooler. [District Rule 2201]
4. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201]
5. No air contaminant shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is as dark as, or darker than, Ringelmann 1 or 20% opacity. [District Rule 4101]
6. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
7. Only CARB certified diesel fuel containing not more than 0.0015% sulfur by weight is to be used. [District Rules 2201 and 4801 and 17 CCR 93115]
8. This engine shall be operated only for testing and maintenance of the engine, required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. For testing purposes, the engine shall only be operated the number of hours necessary to comply with the testing requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 25 - "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems". Total hours of operation for all maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 100 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
9. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the number of hours of emergency operation, the date and number of hours of all testing and maintenance operations, and the purpose of the operation (for example: load testing, weekly testing, rolling blackout, general area power outage, etc.). For units with automated testing systems, the operator may, as an alternative to keeping records of actual operation for testing purposes, maintain a readily accessible written record of the automated testing schedule. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
10. An emergency situation is an unscheduled electrical power outage caused by sudden and reasonably unforeseen natural disasters or sudden and reasonably unforeseen events beyond the control of the permittee. [District Rule 4702]
11. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [17 CCR 93115]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
12. If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, or if this engine is located within 500 feet of the property boundary of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session. [17 CCR 93115]

13. If this engine is located on the grounds of a K-12 school, the engine shall not be operated for non-emergency purposes, including maintenance and testing, whenever there is a school sponsored activity. [17 CCR 93115]

14. All records shall be maintained and retained on-site for a minimum of five (5) years, and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4702 and 17 CCR 93115]
PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]

2. The true vapor pressure of liquid stored shall not exceed 9.2 psia. [District Rule 2201]

3. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP greater than 5.9 psia and less than or equal to 9.2 psia shall not exceed 190,000 bbl/day nor 85,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]

4. Total throughput of organic liquid with TVP less than or equal to 5.9 psia shall not exceed 360,000 bbl/day nor 180,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]

5. Combined total throughput of permits S-77-9, ‘-11, and ‘-14 shall not exceed 550,000 bbl/day nor 265,000 bbl/day on a monthly average basis. [District Rule 2201]

6. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, ‘-11, and ‘-14 shall not exceed 227.1 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

7. VOC emission rate from permits S-77-9, ‘-11, and ‘-14 shall not exceed 41,913 lb/yr. [District Rule 2201]

8. VOC emission rate shall not exceed 129.9 lb/day. [District Rule 2201]

9. This tank shall be equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of two seals mounted one above the other; the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, and the one above shall be referred as the secondary seal. [District Rule 4623]

10. The tank shall be equipped with a floating roof consisting of a pontoon-type or double-deck-type cover which rests upon the surface of the liquid being stored and is equipped with a closure device between the tank shell and roof edge consisting of a primary and a secondary seal. [District Rule 4001, District Rule 4623, 5.3.1, and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)]

11. The external floating roof shall float on the surface of the stored liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during the initial fill until the roof is lifted off the leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible. Whenever the permittee intends to land the roof on its legs, the permittee shall notify the APCO in writing at least five calendar days prior to performing the work. The tank must be in compliance with this rule before it may land on its legs. [District Rule 4623]

12. Primary seal (lower seal) shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. [District Rule 4001, 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i), and 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(A)]

13. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 cm² per meter of tank diameter. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(i)]

14. Gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal shall not exceed 1 1/2 inches. [District Rule 4623]

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.
15. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the primary seal greater than 1/2 inch shall not exceed 10% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623]

16. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 30% of the circumference of the tank. [District Rule 4623]

17. No continuous gap in the primary seal greater than 1/8 inch wide shall exceed 10% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623]

18. Accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm2 per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm (1/2 inch). [District Rule 4001, District Rule 4623, 5.3.2.1.2, and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)(ii)(B)]

19. The cumulative length of all gaps between the tank shell and the secondary seal, greater than 1/8 inch shall not exceed 5% of the tank circumference. [District Rule 4623]

20. The metallic shoe-type seal shall be installed so that one end of the shoe extends into the stored liquid and the other end extends a minimum vertical distance of 24 inches above the stored liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

21. The geometry of the metallic shoe type seal shall be such that the maximum gap between the shoe and the tank shell shall be no greater than 3 inches for a length of at least 18 inches in the vertical plane above the liquid. [District Rule 4623]

22. There shall be no holes, tears, or openings in the secondary seal or in the primary seal envelope that surrounds the annular vapor space enclosed by the roof edge, seal fabric, and secondary seal. [District Rule 4623]

23. The secondary seal shall allow easy insertion of probes of up to 1 1/2 inches in width in order to measure gaps in the primary seal. [District Rule 4623]

24. The secondary seal shall extend from the roof to the tank shell and shall not be attached to the primary seal. [District Rule 4623]

25. Secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.112b(a)(2)(i)(B)]

26. All openings in the roof used for sampling and gauging, except pressure-vacuum valves which shall be set to within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the roof, shall provide a projection below the liquid surface to prevent belching of liquid and to prevent entrained or formed organic vapor from escaping from the liquid contents of the tank and shall be equipped with a cover, seal or lid that shall be in a closed position at all times, with no visible gaps and be gas tight, except when the device or appurtenance is in use. [District Rule 4623]

27. A gas-tight condition is defined as a condition without a gas leak. A gas leak is defined as a reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background, as measured by a portable hydrocarbon detection instrument in accordance with the procedures specified in EPA Test Method 21. A reading in excess of 10,000 ppmv above background is a violation of this permit and Rule 4623 and shall be reported as a deviation. [District Rule 4623]

28. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. [District Rule 4623]

29. Rim vents shall be equipped with a gasket and shall be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. [District Rule 4623]

30. The permittee of external floating roof tanks shall make the primary seal envelope available for unobstructed inspection by the APCO on an annual basis at locations selected along its circumference at random by the APCO. In the case of riveted tanks with toroid-type seals, a minimum of eight locations shall be made available; in all other cases, a minimum of four locations shall be made available. If the APCO suspects a violation may exist the APCO may require such further unobstructed inspection of the primary seal as may be necessary to determine the seal condition for its entire circumference. [District Rule 4623]
31. Operator shall perform gap measurements on primary and secondary seals at least once every 12 months to determine compliance with the requirements of Rule 4623. The actual gap measurements of the floating roof primary and secondary seals shall be recorded. The inspection results shall be submitted to the APCO as specified in Section 6.3.5. [District Rule 4001, District Rule 4623, 6.1.3.1.1, and 40 CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i) & (ii)]

32. Operator shall also perform gap measurements on primary seals during hydrostatic testing of the vessel. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(i)]

33. If unit is out of service for a period of one year or more, subsequent refilling with volatile organic liquid shall be considered initial fill in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(1)(ii)]

34. Permittee shall maintain the records of the external floating roof landing activities that are performed pursuant to Rule 4623, Sections 5.3.1.3 and 5.4.3. The records shall include information on the true vapor pressure (TVP), API gravity, storage temperature, type of organic liquid stored in the tank, the purpose of landing the roof on its legs, the date of roof landing, duration the roof was on its legs, the level or height at which the tank roof was set to land on its legs, and the lowest liquid level in the tank. [District Rule 4623]

35. Operator shall determine the presence of VOC leaks by EPA Method 21. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 using the following calibration gases: 1.) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and 2.) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(3)(i)]

36. Operator shall notify the APCO 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by this permit to afford the APCO opportunity to have an observer present. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(5)]

37. If the external floating roof has defects, or the primary seal or secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, the operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of these conditions exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(i)]

38. For all visual inspections required by this permit, the operator shall notify the APCO in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the APCO the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling, except when notification is specifically allowed otherwise by this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)]

39. If a visual inspection required by this permit is not planned and the operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the operator shall notify the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so it is received by the APCO at least 7 days prior to the refilling. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(6)(ii)]

40. Operator shall record the vessel on which the measurement was performed, date of the seal gap measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process in accordance with the conditions of this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.115b(b)(3)]

41. Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by this permit, the operator shall furnish the APCO with a report containing the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, and all such gap calculations as required by this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.115b(b)(2)]

42. After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding any limit of this permit, the operator shall submit a report to the APCO within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the date of measurement, raw data obtained in the measurement process, all such gap calculations as required by this permit, and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and the date of repair. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.115b(b)(4)]

43. If the seals do not meet the required specifications of this permit, operator shall repair or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification. [District Rule 4001 and 40CFR 60.113b(b)(4)]
44. Operator shall maintain a record showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel. The record shall be maintained for the life of the vessel. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(b)]

45. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 2.0 psia or whose physical properties preclude determination by the recommended method from available data and record if the true vapor pressure is greater than 0.5 psia. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(ii)]

46. Operator shall determine the true vapor pressure of each VOL, other than crude oil or refined petroleum products, from standard reference texts, by ASTM Method D2879, or by using an appropriate method approved by EPA. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(e)(3)(iii)]

47. For storage vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the operator shall calculate the maximum true vapor pressure based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(e)(1)]

48. Maximum true vapor pressure, for crude oil or refined petroleum products, may be determined from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 251, by using the typical Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product, unless the APCO specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s). [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(e)(2)(i)]

49. Operator of a tank storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall determine the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of liquid compositions to be stored prior to the initial filling, using methods specified for maximum true vapor pressure in this permit. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(f)]

50. Operator of each storage vessel, either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 0.75 psia or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure normally less than 4.0 psia, shall notify the APCO within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range. [District Rule 4001 and 40 CFR 60.116b(d)]

51. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim vents, and pressure relief vents, each opening in a non-contact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

52. Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof shall be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that shall be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when in actual use. [District Rule 4623]

53. Each emergency roof drain shall be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening. The fabric cover must be impermeable if the liquid is drained into the contents of the tanks. [District Rule 4623]

54. External floating roof legs shall be equipped with vapor socks or vapor barriers in order to maintain a gas-tight condition so as to prevent VOC emissions from escaping through the roof leg opening. [District Rule 4623]

55. All wells and similar fixed projections through the floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

56. The slotted guide pole well on a external floating roof shall be equipped with the following: a sliding cover, a well gasket, a pole sleeve, a pole wiper, and an internal float and float wiper designed to minimize the gap between the float and the well, and provided the gap shall not exceed 1/8 inch; or shall be equipped with a well gasket, a zero gap pole wiper seal and a pole sleeve that projects below the liquid surface. [District Rule 4623]

57. The gap between the pole wiper and the slotted guide pole shall be added to the gaps measured to determine compliance with the secondary seal requirement, and in no case shall exceed 1/8 inch. [District Rule 4623]
58. The permittee shall inspect the primary and secondary seals for compliance with the requirements of this rule every time a tank is emptied or degassed. Actual gap measurements shall be performed when the liquid level is static but not more than 24 hours after the tank roof is re-floated. [District Rule 4623]

59. Permittee shall submit the reports of the floating roof tank inspections to the APCO within five calendar days after the completion of the inspection only for those tanks that failed to meet the applicable requirements of Rule 4623, Sections 5.2 through 5.5. The inspection report for tanks that have been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of Sections 5.2 through 5.5 need not be submitted to the APCO, but the inspection report shall be kept on-site and made available upon request by the APCO. The inspection report shall contain all necessary information to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Rule 4623. [District Rule 4623]

60. Permittee shall maintain a record of the liquid stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid during the respective storage period. [40 CFR 60.116b(c) and District Rule 2201]

61. Permittee shall maintain records of maximum daily throughput and monthly average daily throughput. [District Rule 2201]

62. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be maintained for a period of at least five years and shall be made readily available for District inspection upon request. [District Rule 4623]